

CS 409 Quiz 1 Key

1. What does the following sudoers file accomplish?

```
User_Alias DOGS = terriers,shepards
User_Alias CATS = tabby,siamese
Cmnd_Alias BARKING = /usr/sbin/woof,/sbin/yelp
Cmnd_Alias MEOWING = /usr/bin/mew,/bin/hiss
DOGS ALL = (watchdog) BARKING,/usr/sbin/skulking
CATS localhost = MEOWING,BARKING,!/usr/sbin/woof
master ALL = (#1) NOPASSWD: ALL, (root) /usr/sbin/useradd,/usr/sbin/userdel
```

- (a) Users terriers and shepards can execute /usr/sbin/woof, /sbin/yelp and /usr/sbin/skulking as watchdog and they can access this systems sudo from any other host.
 - (b) Users tabby and siamese can execute /usr/sbin/mew, /bin/hiss and /usr/sbin/yelp as root but only from the local host.
 - (c) User master can access all commands as user UID=1 without a password from any host. master can execute /usr/sbin/useradd and /usr/sbin/userdel as root from any host.
2. What are the things that have to happen to add a user to the system that should be able to log in and work from the host?

The following things need to happen.

- Add the user to the passwd file.
- Add the user to the shadow file (if needed).
- Add a new group (if needed).
- Create a home directory.
- Provide initial configuration files (from skel).
- Set up quotas (if needed).
- Set up a mail file (if needed).

3. Suppose you use shadow passwords but someone gets a copy of your password file. What are four things that they can learn that might lead to your system being vulnerable to attack.
- (a) If there are any users equivalent to root.
 - (b) What users are interactive for password attacks.
 - (c) The presence of old/unused accounts.
 - (d) Useful finger information for password testing.
 - (e) Shared accounts where activity may not be noticed.
 - (f) Telephone numbers (for modem attacks).
 - (g) Accounts set up for remote access.
 - (h) What services might be running.