

CSCI 476: Computer Security

Lecture 4: Introduction to Security + Threat Modeling

Reese Pearsall
Fall 2022

Announcements

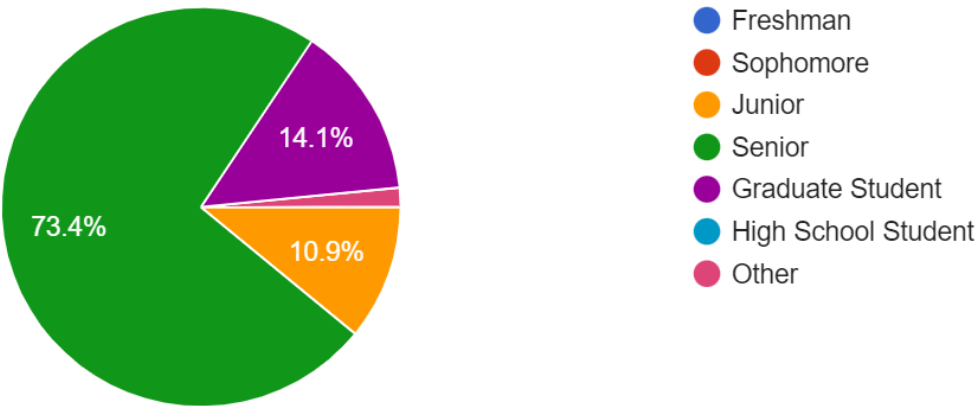
TA

- **Karishma Rahman**
- karishma.rahman.bd@gmail.com
- Office Hours: Tuesdays 1:00 pm to 3:00 pm
- Location: Barnard 259

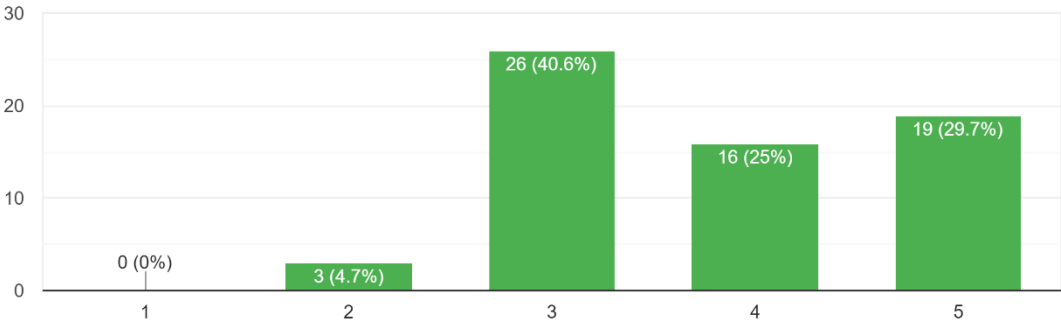
Lab 1 Due Thursday 9/15 @ 11:59 PM

You have one late pass for the semester

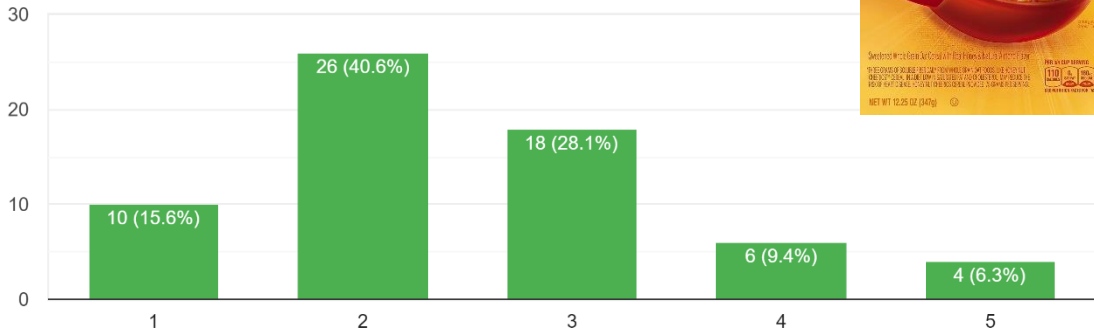
From the questionnaire...



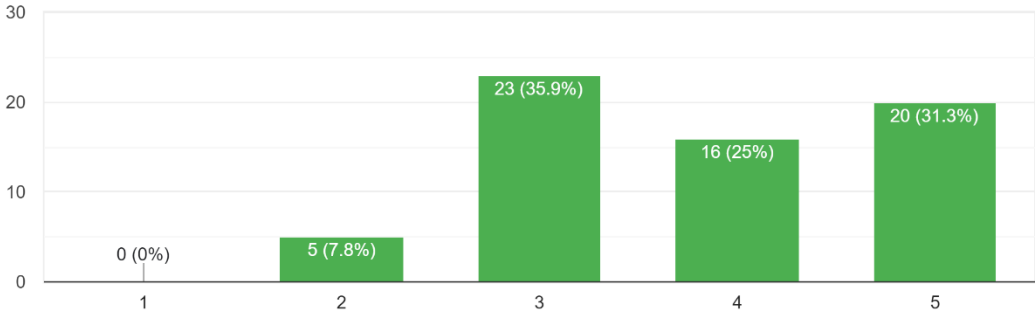
How comfortable are you C?
64 responses



How comfortable are you with reading assembly code?
64 responses

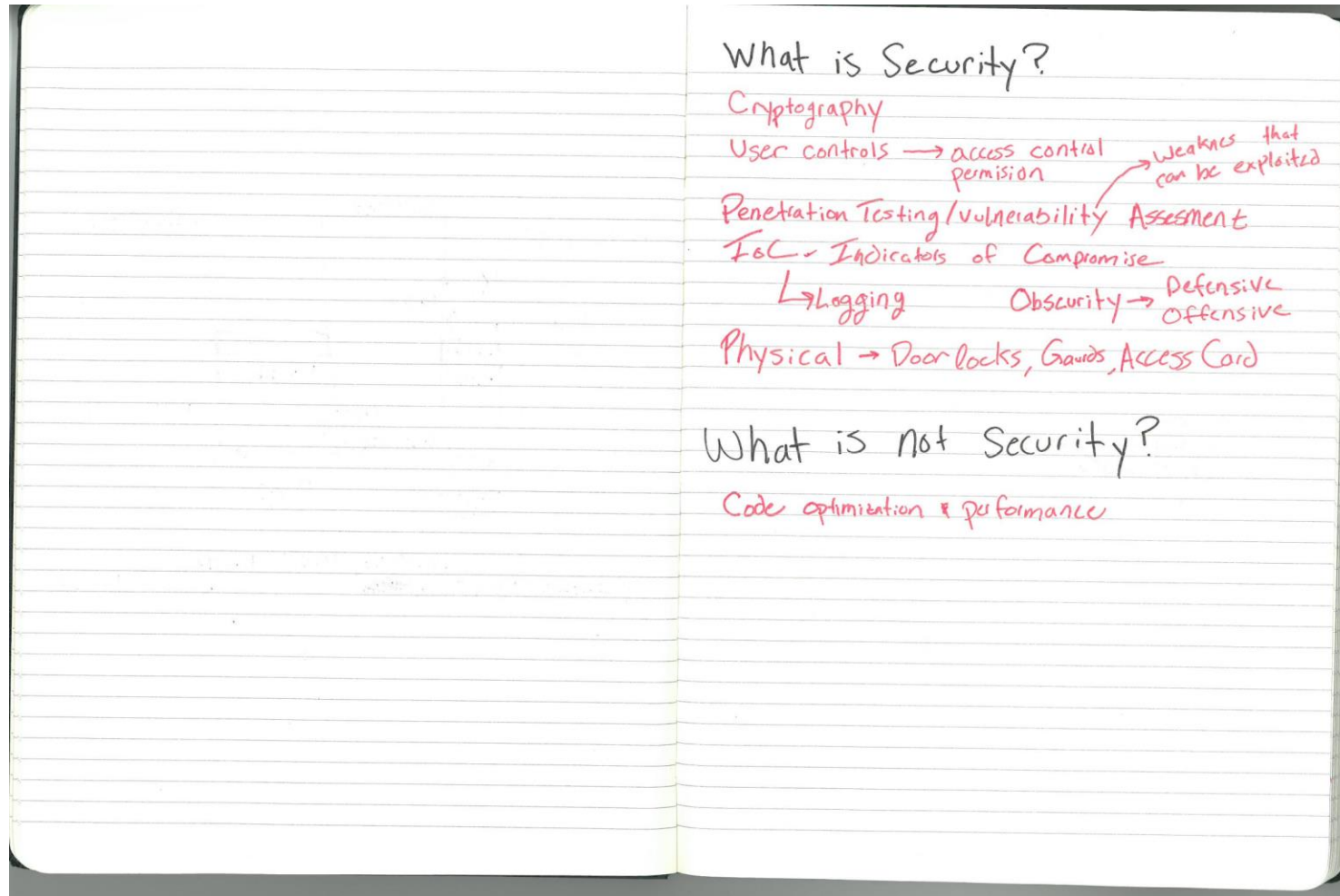


How comfortable are you with using the Linux command line? (cd, ls, mkdir, grep, chmod, etc)
64 responses

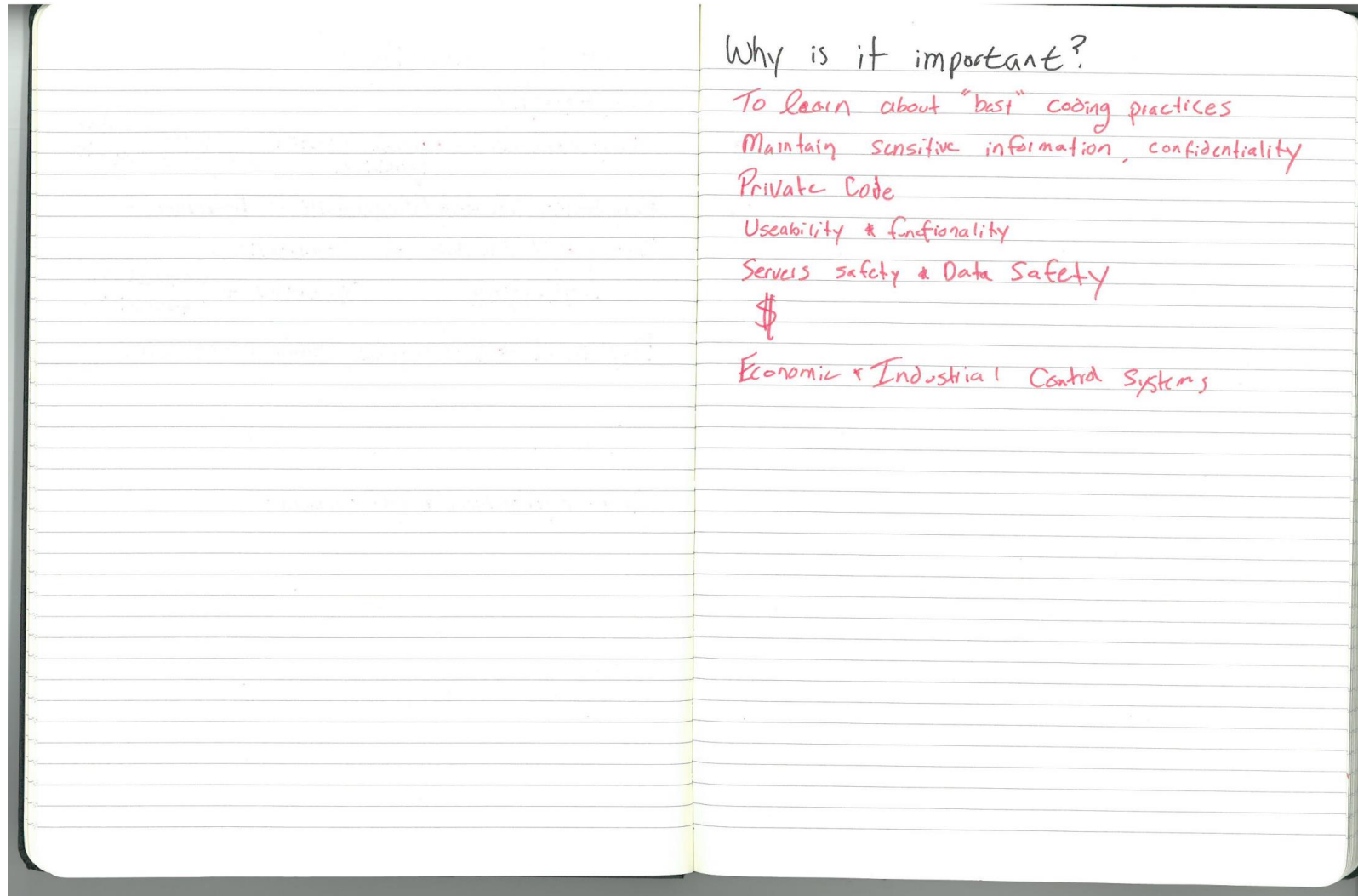


What is security?

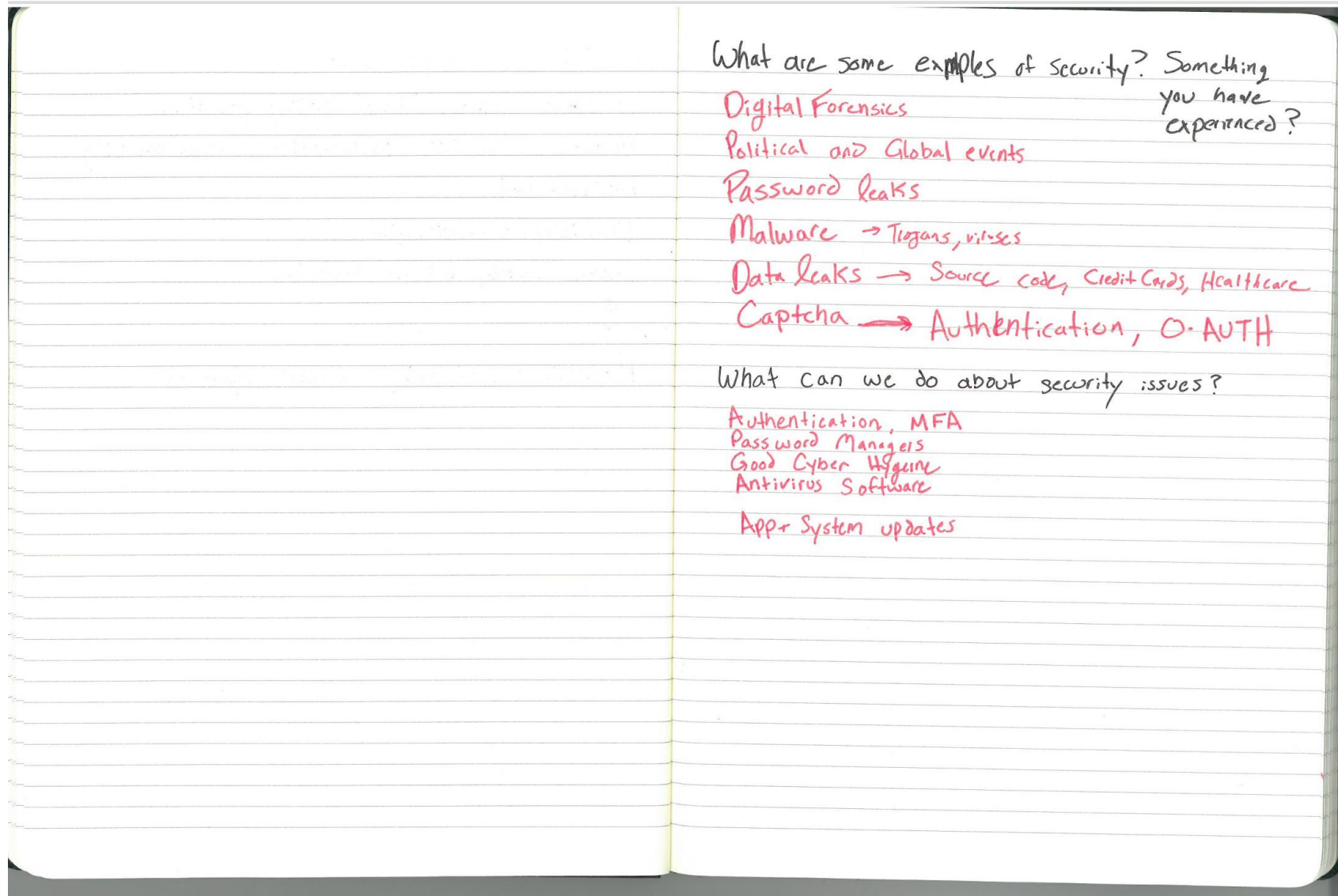
(What is security **not**?)



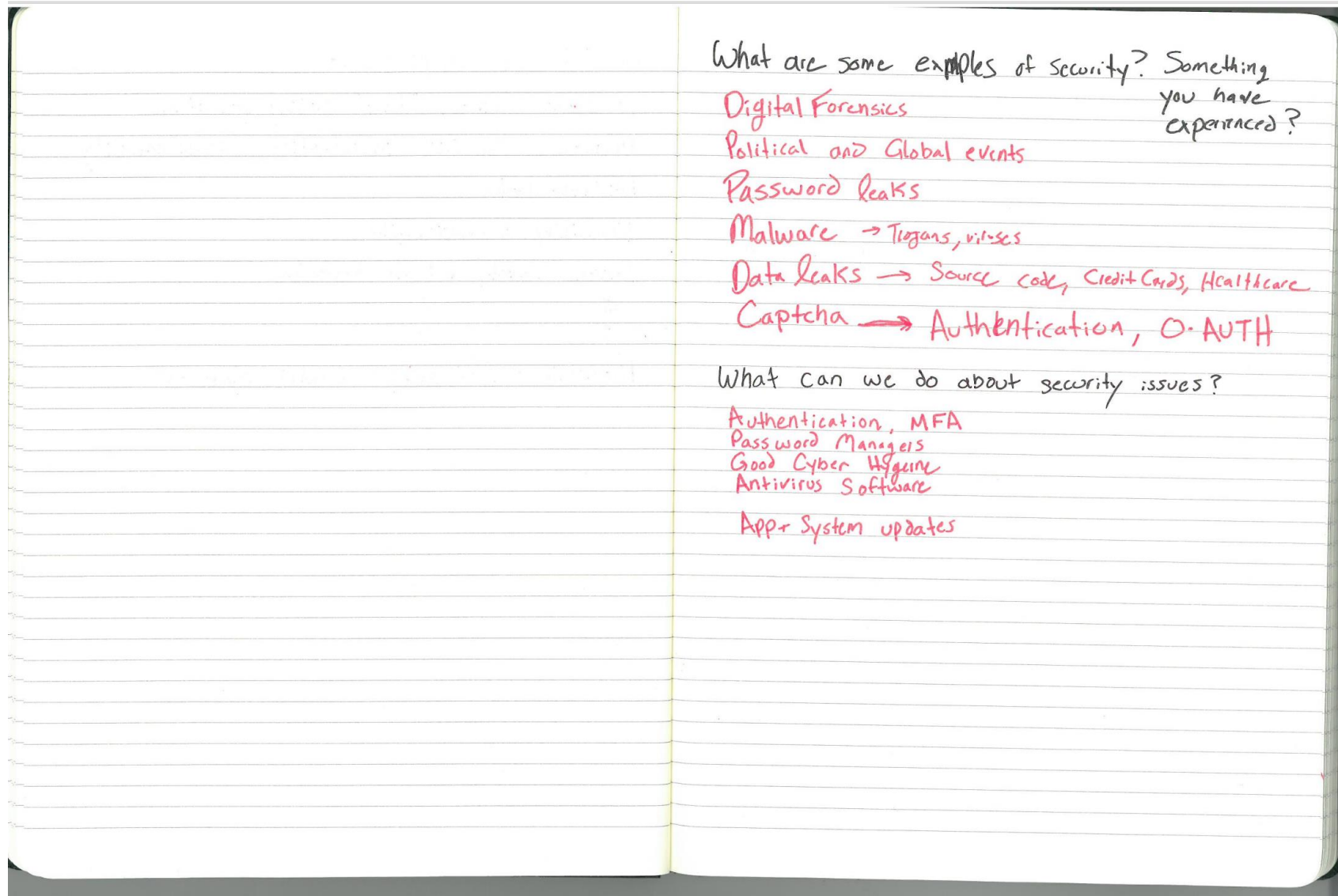
Why is it important?



Popular examples? Examples you've encountered?

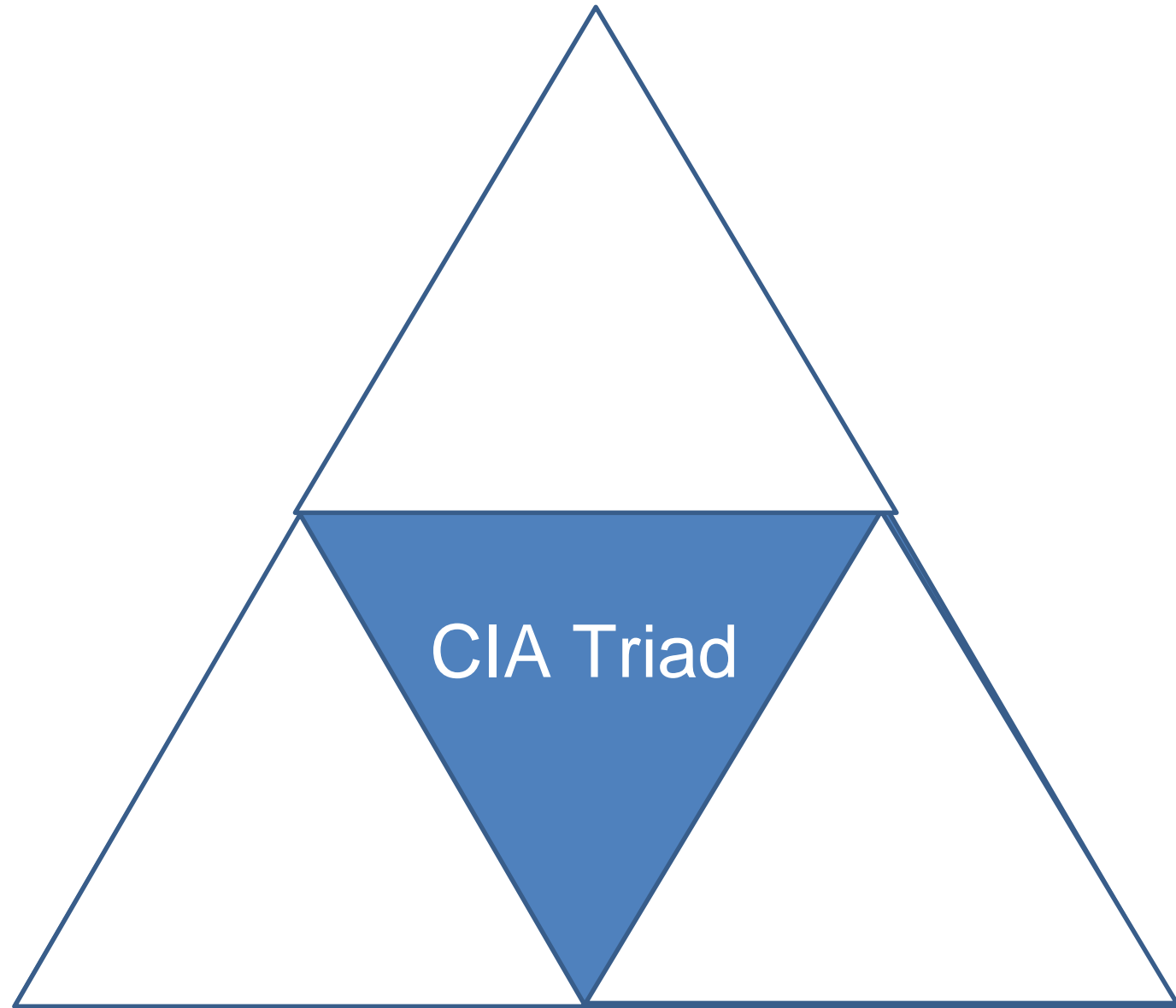


What can we do about security issues?



Security Basics

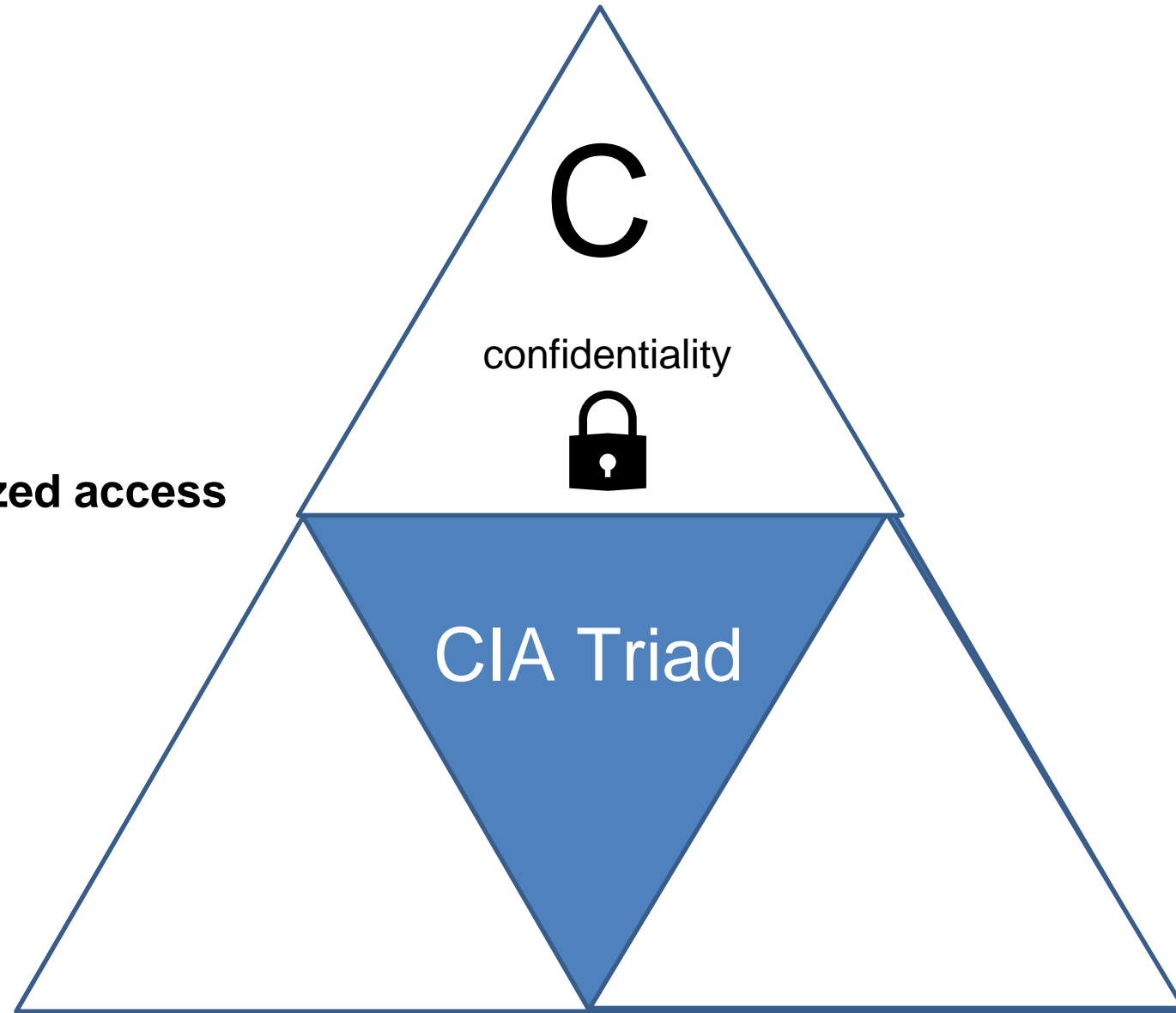
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Confidentiality- protection from **unauthorized access**

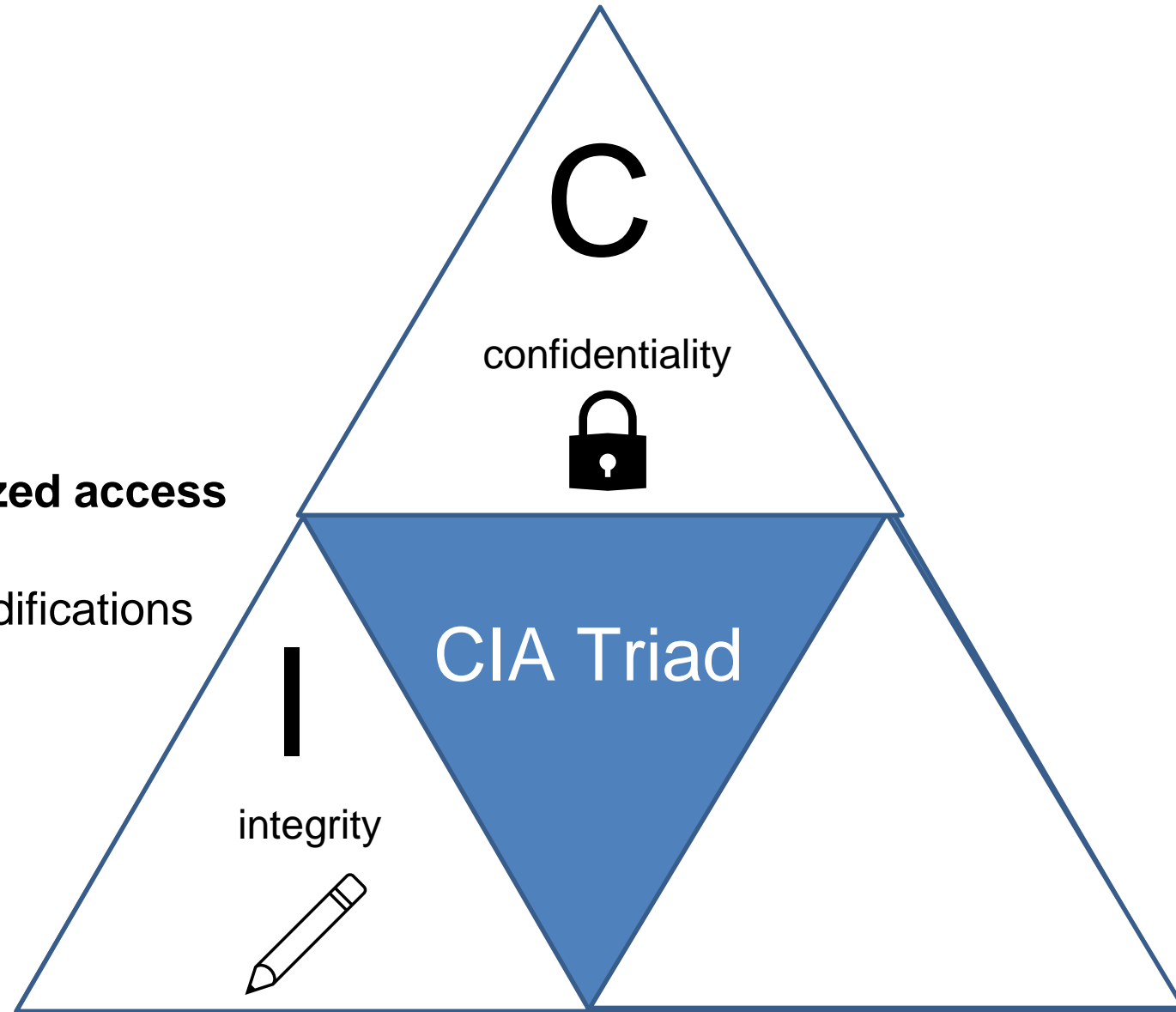


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Integrity- protection from unauthorized modifications



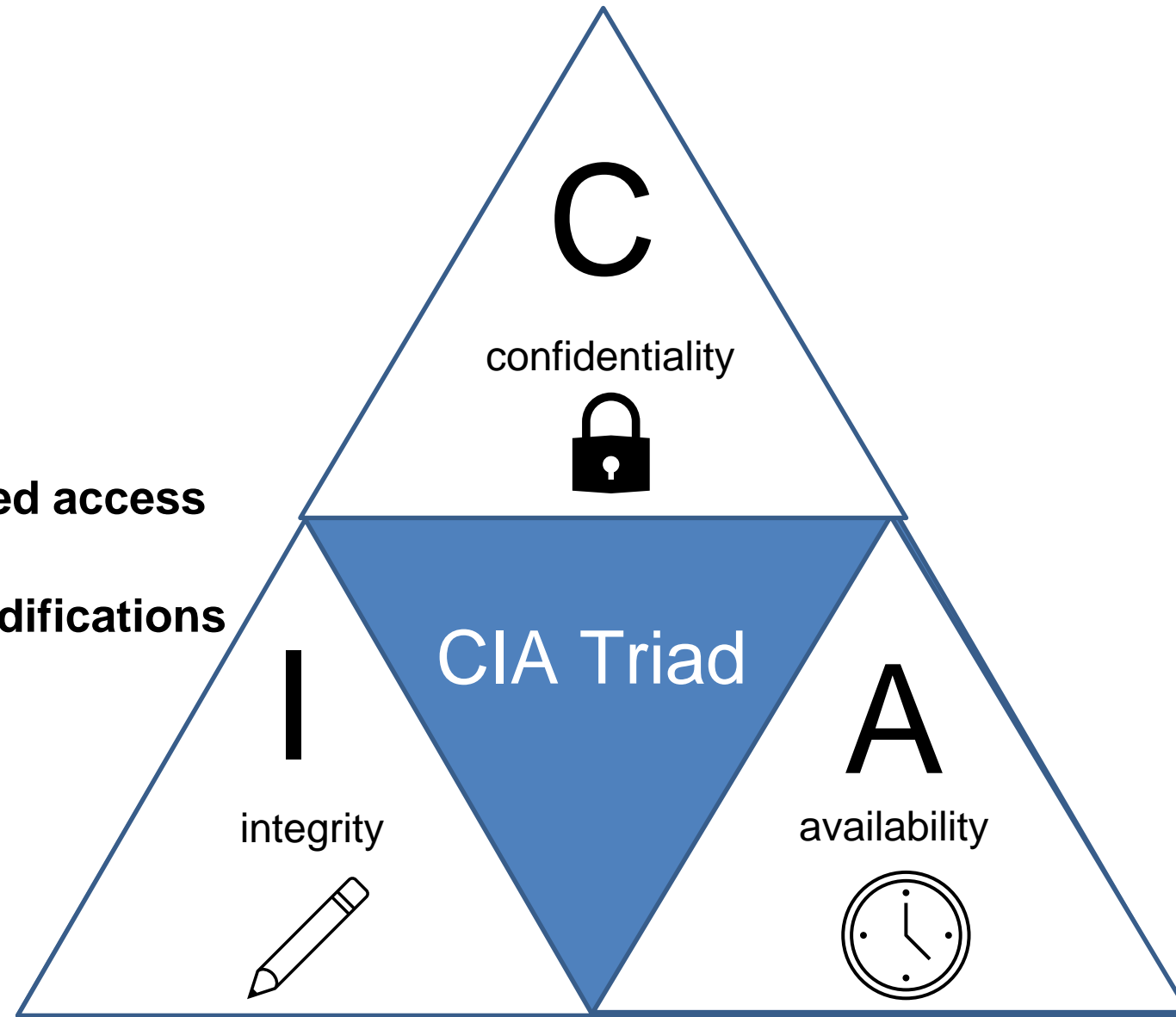
Security Basics

The **CIA Triad** is a widely accepted model for evaluating the security of a system. Consists of three important principles

Confidentiality- protection from **unauthorized access**

Integrity- protection from **unauthorized modifications**

Availability- protection from **interruption**



Common Threats & Attack Vectors

Denial of Service (DoS / DDos)- attack with intent to shut down a machine or network

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Privilege Escalation- gaining illicit permissions beyond what is intended for that user

- Violates the **confidentiality** property
- Violates the **integrity** property

Defense Mechanisms

- Formal verification
- Software testing
- Refactoring software and safe coding practices
- Built-in mitigations

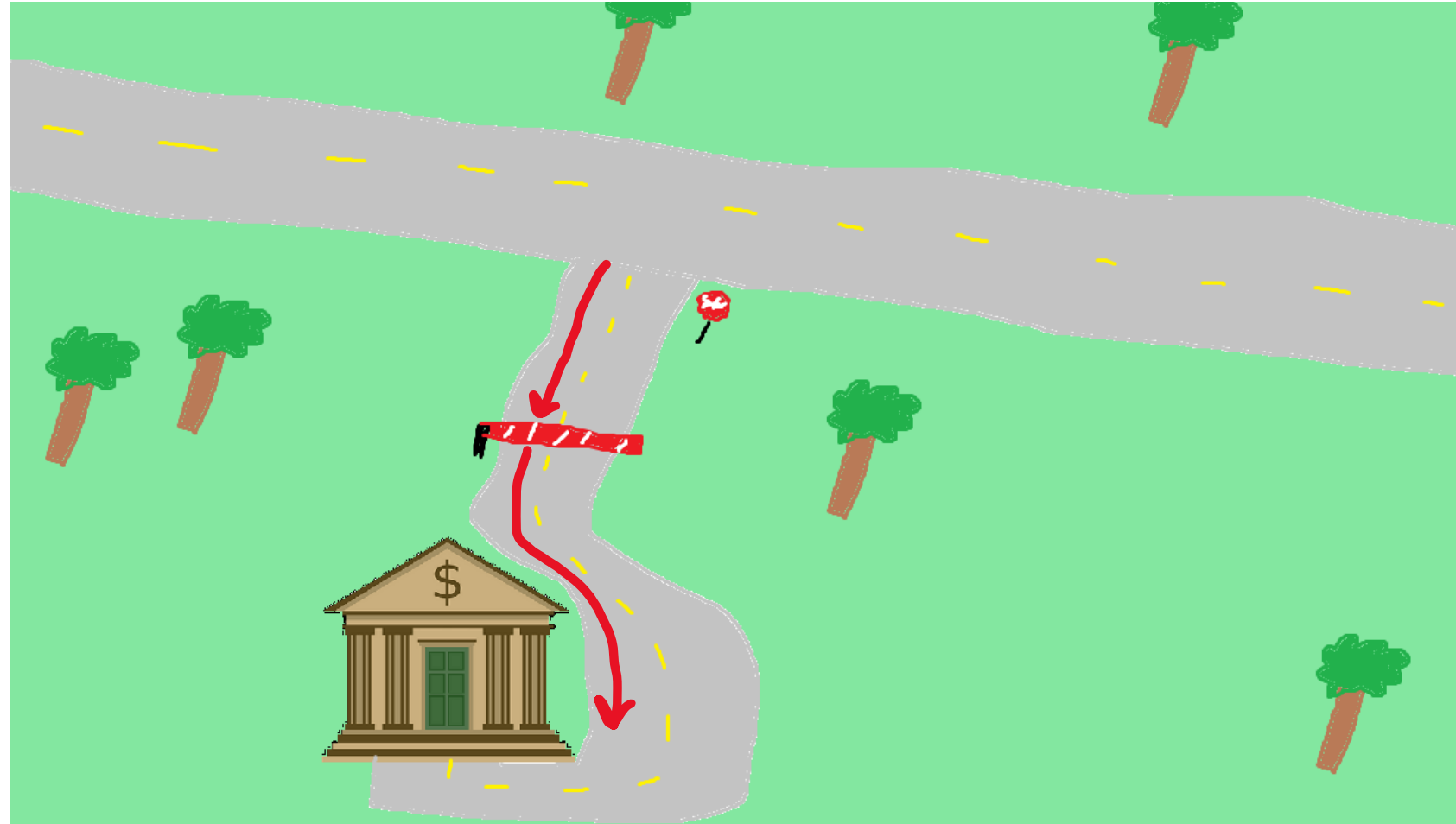


Threat Modeling

NEED: a consistent and structured approach for defense and assessing risk

Assessing Risk

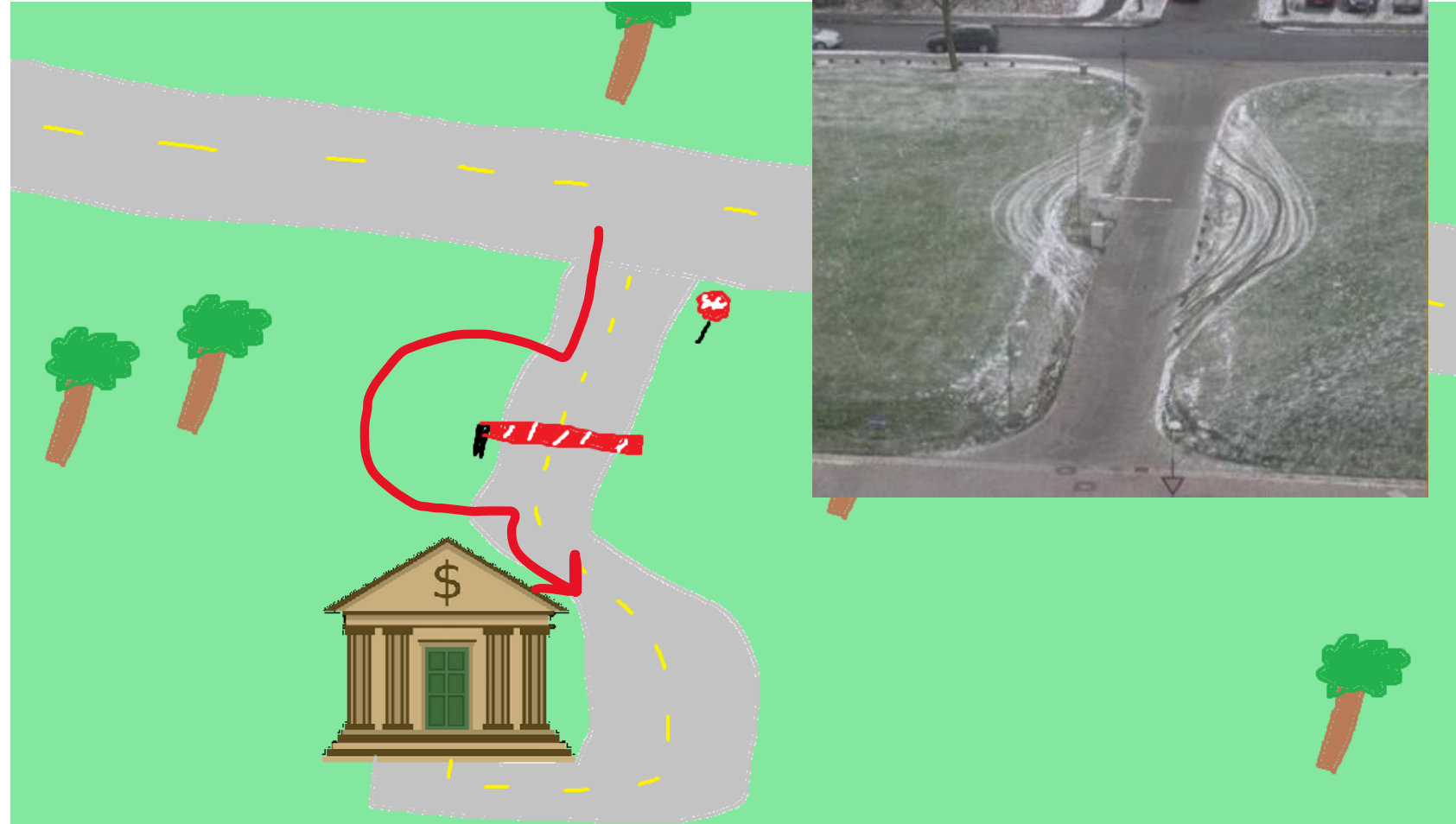
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LOGIN SUCCESS

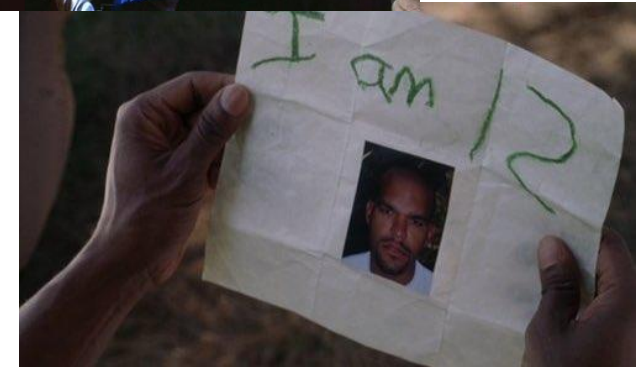
Who do we trust?



Are they honest? Are they reliable? Are they dependable? What are their intentions?

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Trust as little as possible

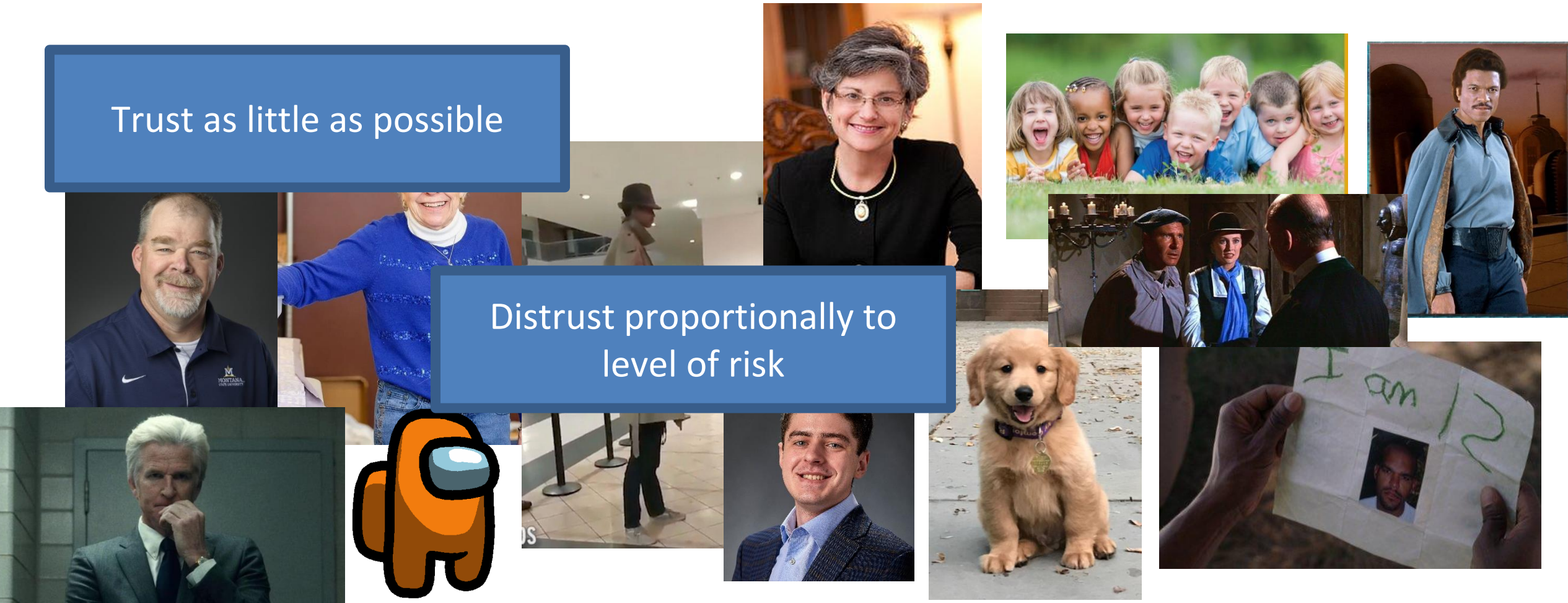


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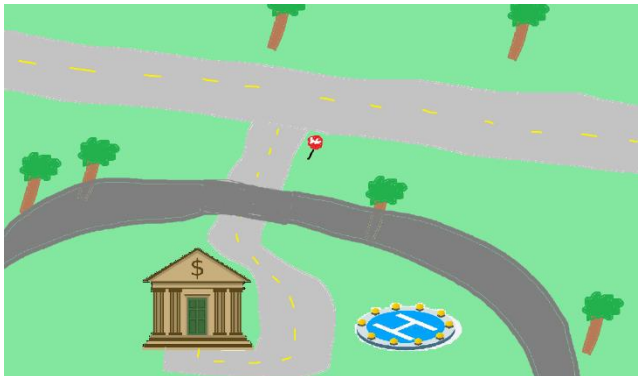
Trust as little as possible

Be aware of your technology

Distrust proportionally to
level of risk

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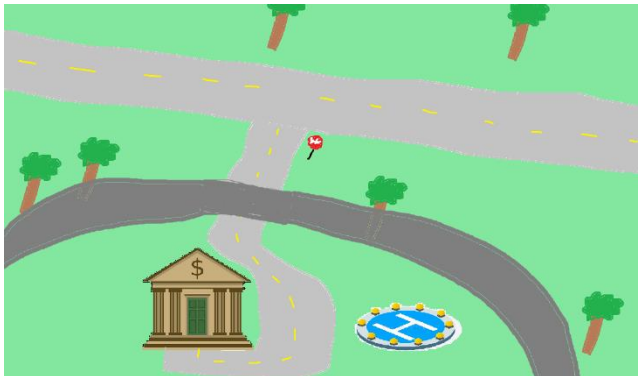
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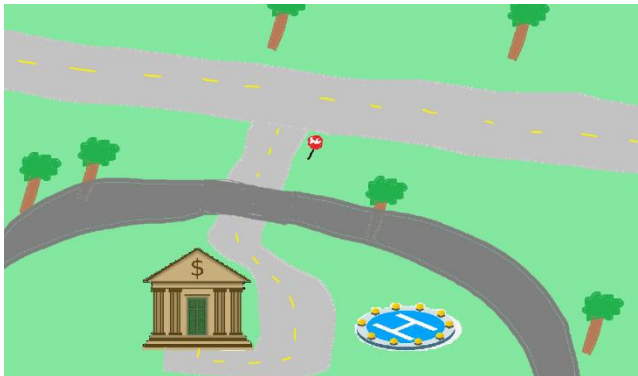
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Perfect security is impossible



- New assets
- New threats



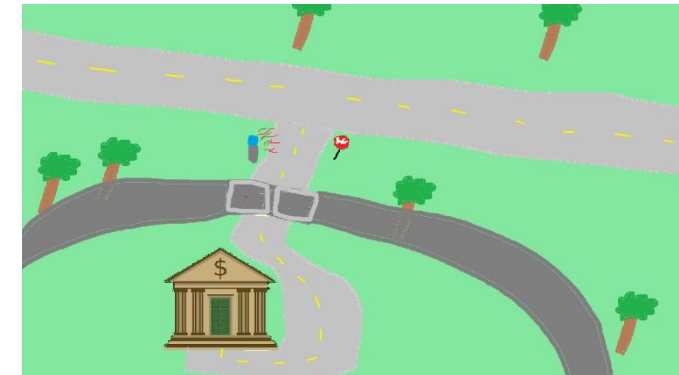
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- New **assets**
- New **threats**
- New **capabilities**



They fly now? They fly now



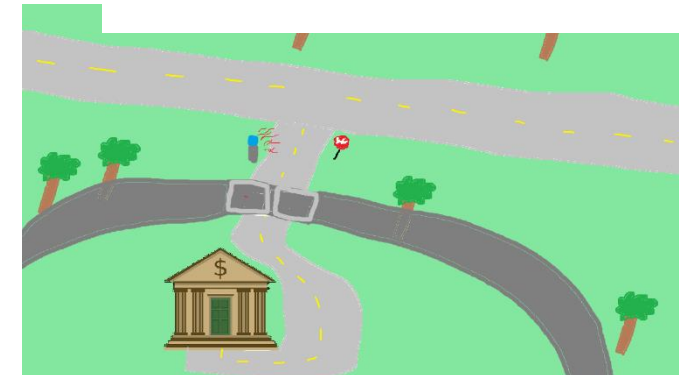
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Perfect security is impossible

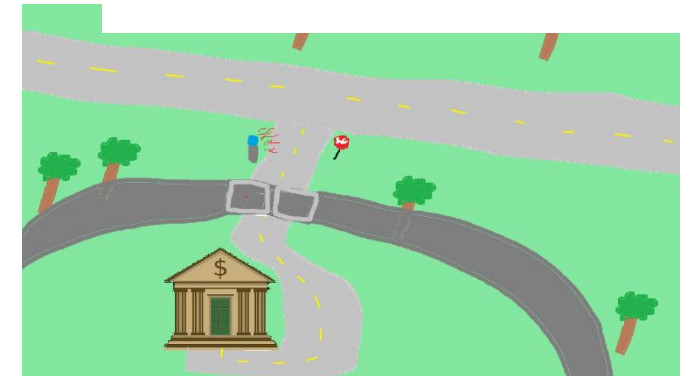


- New **assets**
- New **threats**
- New **capabilities**
- New **technology**



They fly now? They fly now

My goal is to teach you important cybersecurity principles that are universal across any system



Threat Modeling

You develop a threat model by focusing on four key questions

1. What are you building?
2. What are the assets?
3. What can go wrong?
4. What should you do about those things that can go wrong?
5. Did you do a decent job of analysis?

Threat Modeling

Brainstorming

1. **Free-form brainstorming-** gather around a whiteboard; enumerate threats/possible defenses
2. **Scenario Analysis-** Propose a scenario and ask “what might go wrong?”
3. **Pre-Mortem-** Assuming a failure or compromise, what do you do next?
4. **Movie plotting** – Pick outrageous ideas; what happens next?
5. **Literature review-** study systems that are similar to yours

Threat Modeling Practice

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Let's develop a threat model

You are at a bar, and you hand your phone to a cute person ...

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Let's develop a threat model

You are at a bar, and you hand your phone to a cute person ...

What are your assets?

What can go wrong?

What things can be done to prevent those things?

If something bad happens, what can we do?

Th

Let

We are at a bar. We hand our phone to a cute person?

What are the assets?

Venmo balance
Physical phone
Medical Health
Passwords + Credit phone
Contact Information
Photos → Blackmail
Passwords
Nudes
~~Access~~ Authentication Device
Social media
App accounts
Reddit Account
Amazon Account Email
Security
Tesla

What can go wrong?

Dropping of phone
Download malicious software
Factory Reset
Send money to themselves
Use your social
Order Amazon product,
Steal passwords, information
Change Permissions
Germs + Covid!
Put illegal stuff

What can we do?

Authentication
Ask them, not give
Never share passcode
hold their phone
or wallet as collateral
Don't leave the house
Secondary Phone
Don't keep personal
stuff phone

monitor ask for their
Settings phone

Structured Approaches

WE NEED STRUCTURE

- Attack Lists & Libraries (ie. Common and Current vulnerabilities)

There is no “right” choice

Structured Approaches

- **Asset-centric:** focus on things of value: things attack want; things you want to protect
- **Attacker-centric:** focus on attackers/archetypes/personas and their capabilities
- **Software-centric:** focus of SW; most SW is backed by structured models (CFG, State diagrams, etc)

Methodologies

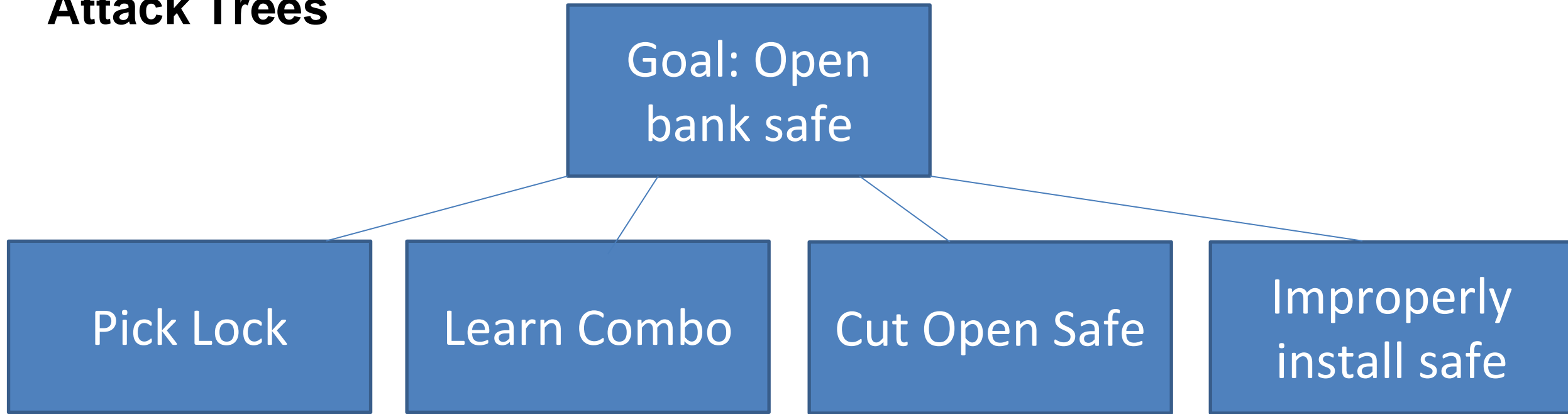
- STRIDE
 - **S**poofing, **T**ampering, **R**epudiation, **I**nfо Disclosure, **D**enial of Service, **E**levation of Privilege
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/develop/threat-modeling-tool-threats>
- Attack Trees
- Attack Lists & Libraries (ie. Common and Current vulnerabilities)

There is no “right” choice

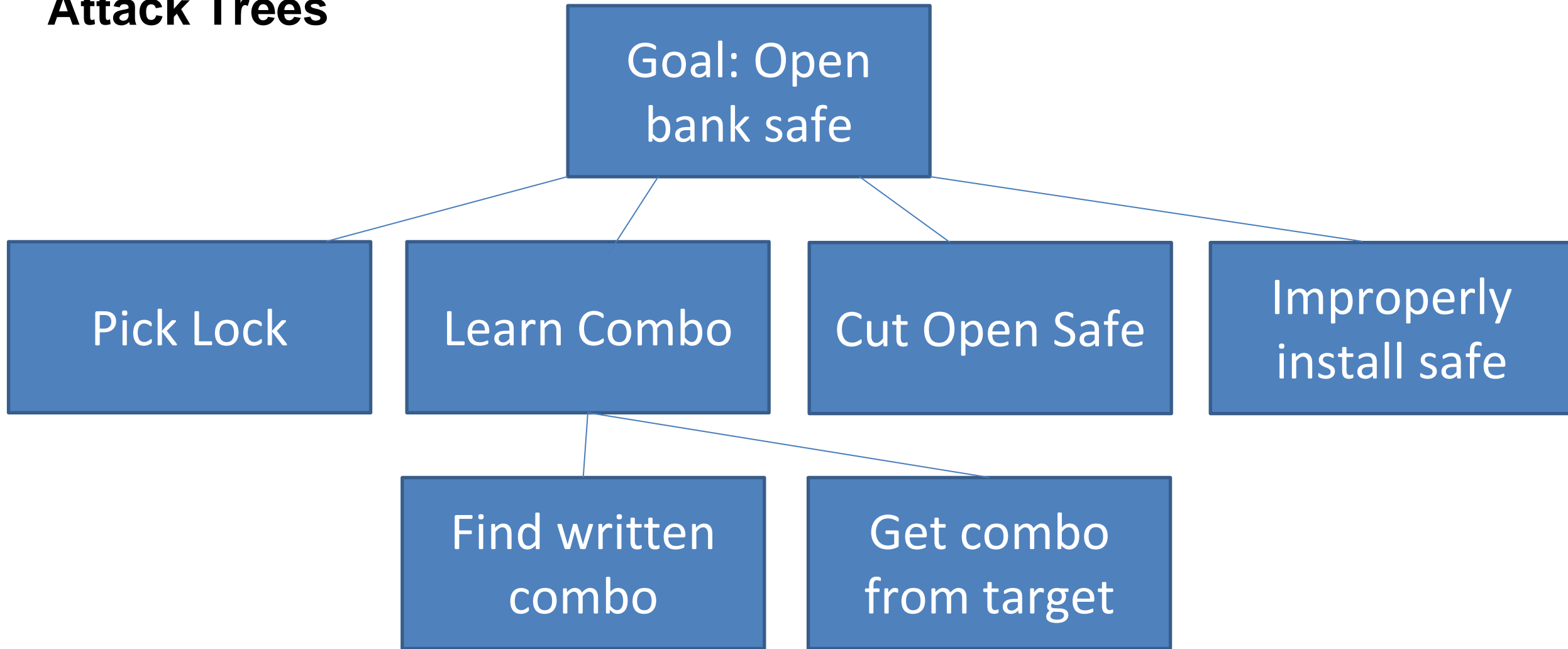
Attack Trees

Goal: Open
bank safe

Attack Trees

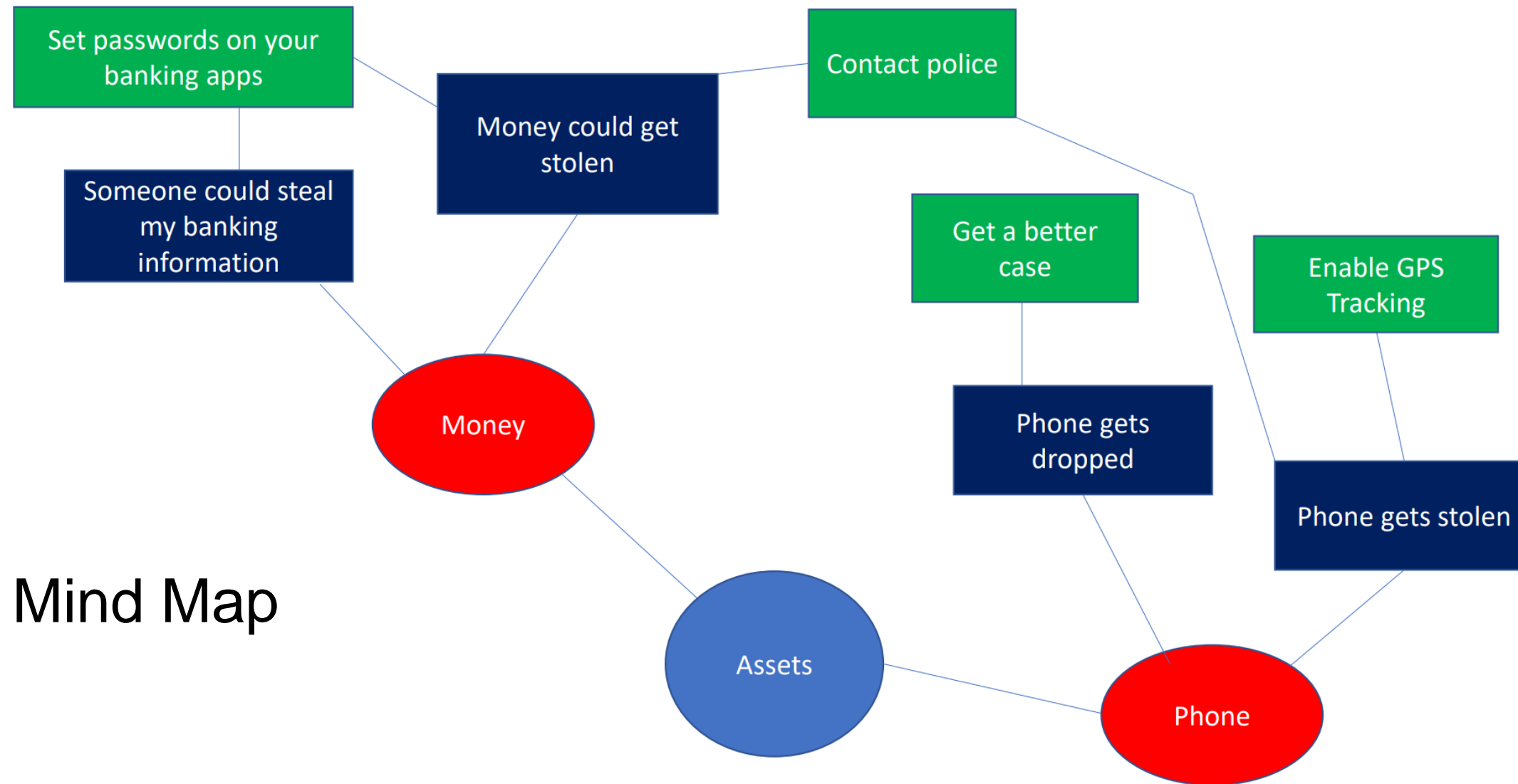


Attack Trees



Attack Trees





Mind Map