CSCI 132: Basic Data Structures and Algorithms

More Java (while loops, practice)

Reese Pearsall & Iliana Castillon Fall 2024

Announcements

- Lab 2 due tomorrow at 11:59 PM
- Program 1 is posted soon

I will talk about it and give some hints on Friday

I am giving out rubber ducks on Friday

1% extra credit if you take care of it

 I do not publicly post solutions, but you can stop by office hours or email if you want to discuss homework solutions





While loops can be used to iterate <u>if</u> a condition is true.

```
int x = 100;
while(x > 0) {
        System.out.println(x);
        x--;
}
```

- 1. Check Condition
- 2. If condition is true, execute body of loop
- 3. Repeat

```
int x = 100;
while(x > 0) {
    System.out.println(x);
    X++;
```

You do have to worry about the possibility of infinite loops....

The **do/while** loop will always execute the body of the loop once, and then check the condition

```
New
```

```
int i = 0;
do {
        System.out.println(i);
        i++;
}
while (i < 5);</pre>
```

- 1. Execute body of loop
- 2. Check condition
- 3. Repeat

!!! You are guaranteed at least one execution of the loop body

Random Numbers

```
import java.util.Random;
public static void main(String args[]) {
        // create instance of Random class
        Random rand = new Random();
        // Generate random integers in range 0 to 999
        int rand int1 = rand.nextInt(1000);
        int rand int2 = rand.nextInt(1000);
        // Print random integers
        System.out.println("Random Integers: "+rand int1);
        System.out.println("Random Integers: "+rand int2);
        // Generate Random doubles
        double rand dub1 = rand.nextDouble();
        double rand dub2 = rand.nextDouble();
        // Print random doubles
        System.out.println("Random Doubles: "+rand dub1);
        System.out.println("Random Doubles: "+rand_dub2);
```

Easiest way to generate random numbers is with Random.nextInt()

Practice

Write a Java program that will generate a random number. The user will need to guess the number until they correctly guess it. The program will keep track of the number of guesses made by the user

```
Your Guess?
Higher
Your Guess?
Lower
Your Guess?
Higher
Your Guess?
You got it! That took 4 guesses.
```

Practice

Write a Java program that will simulate dice being rolled. The Java program should keep track of the frequencies of how much each dice number was rolled (# of 1s rolled, # of 2s rolled, etc) and print it out to the screen like a Histogram

```
Enter # of times to roll dice:
20
Enter # of sides of dice:
6
0:
   **
   ****
   ***
   **
   ***
   ***
```