## CSCI 232: Data Structures and Algorithms

**Tree Traversal** 

Reese Pearsall Spring 2024

https://www.cs.montana.edu/pearsall/classes/spring2024/232/main.html



## Announcements

## **HOSTED BY AWC** TECH NET NORKING MEET WITH LOCAL TECH COMPANY **REPRESENTATIVES, COLLEAGUES, AND** ENJOY SOME DELICIOUS FOOD!

ACM DISTINGUISHED SPEAKER ILKE DEMIR ON:

"EMBATTLING FOR A DEEP FAKE DYSTOPIA"

RSVP ON CATSCONNECT USING THIS QR CODE



THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8 FROM 5:30PM - 8PM INSPIRATION HALL, NORM

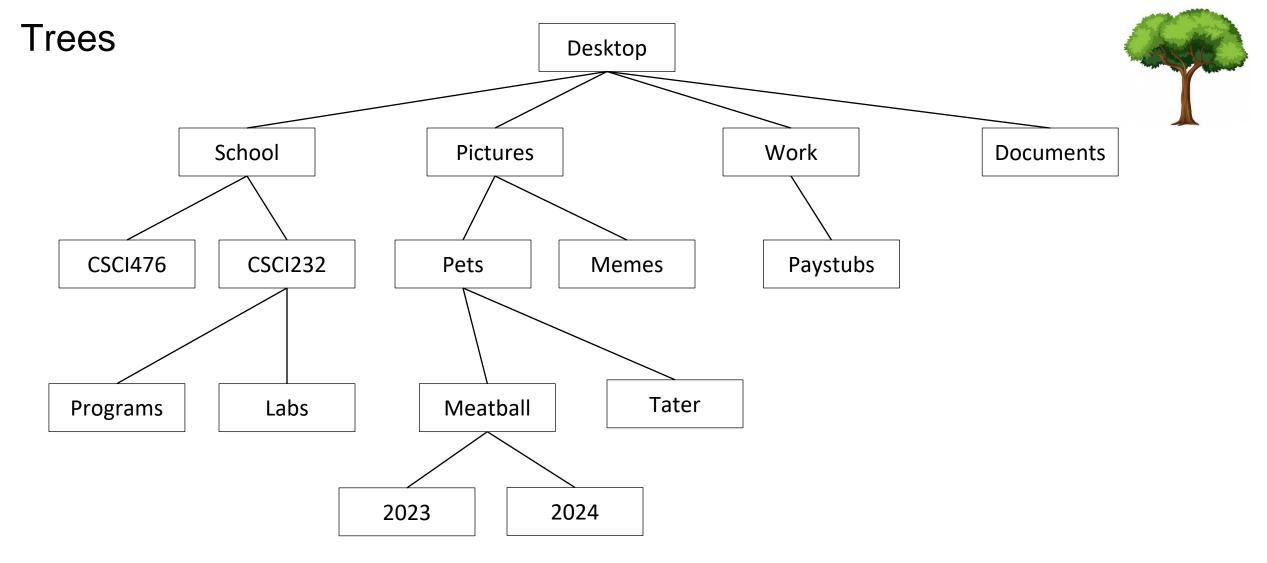
FREE DINNER !

FOR MORE INFORMATION EMAIL: mary.cummingsl@montana.edu



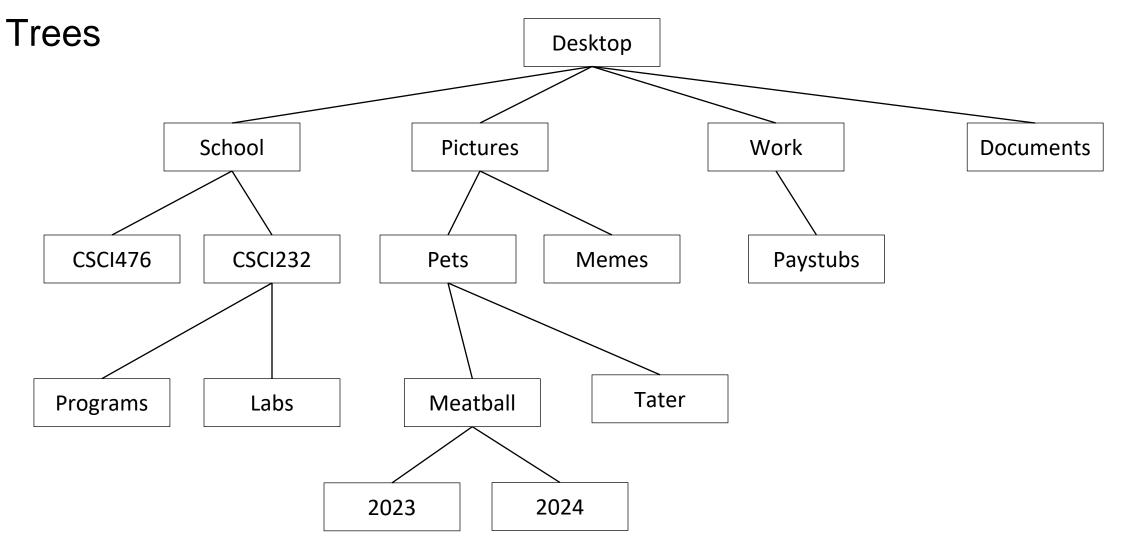
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Made with PosterMyWall.com



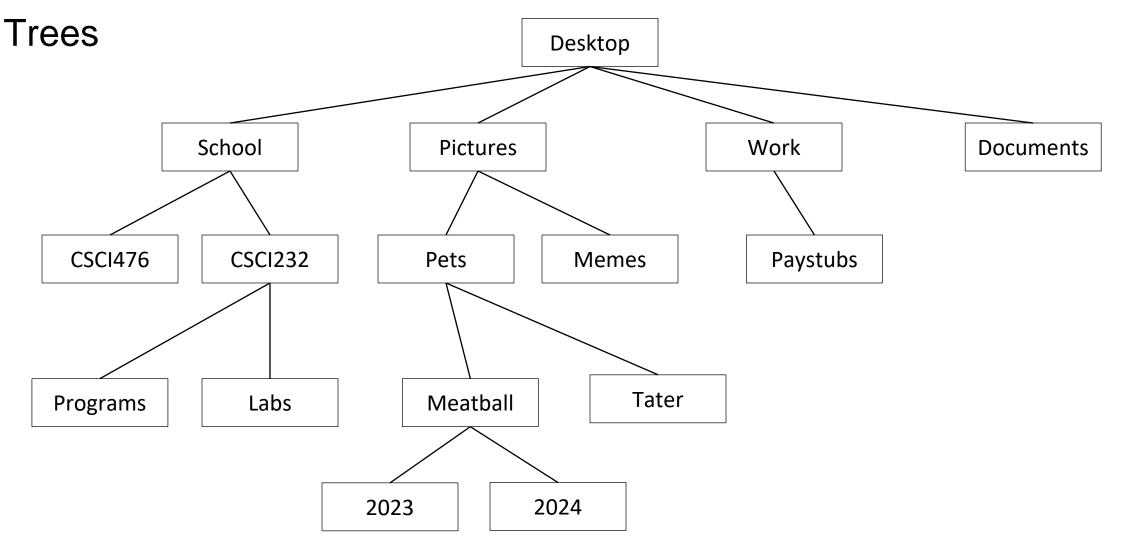
**Trees** are data structures used to store elements hierarchically (not linear like arrays and linked lists)





How could you search for a value in a tree?

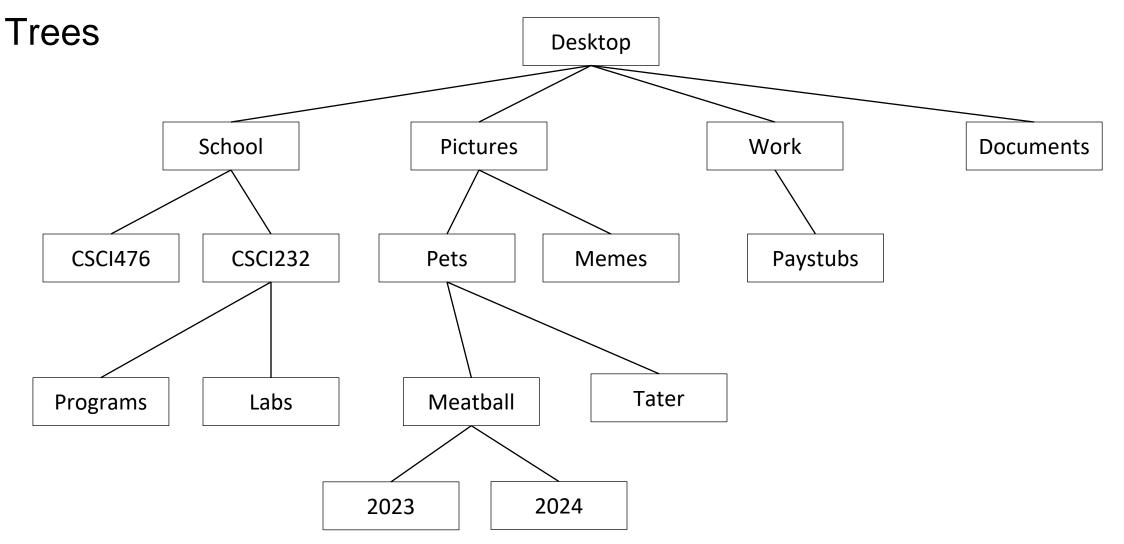




How could you search for a value in a tree?

1. **Breadth-first**. Visit all nodes at the same depth before progressing to next depth

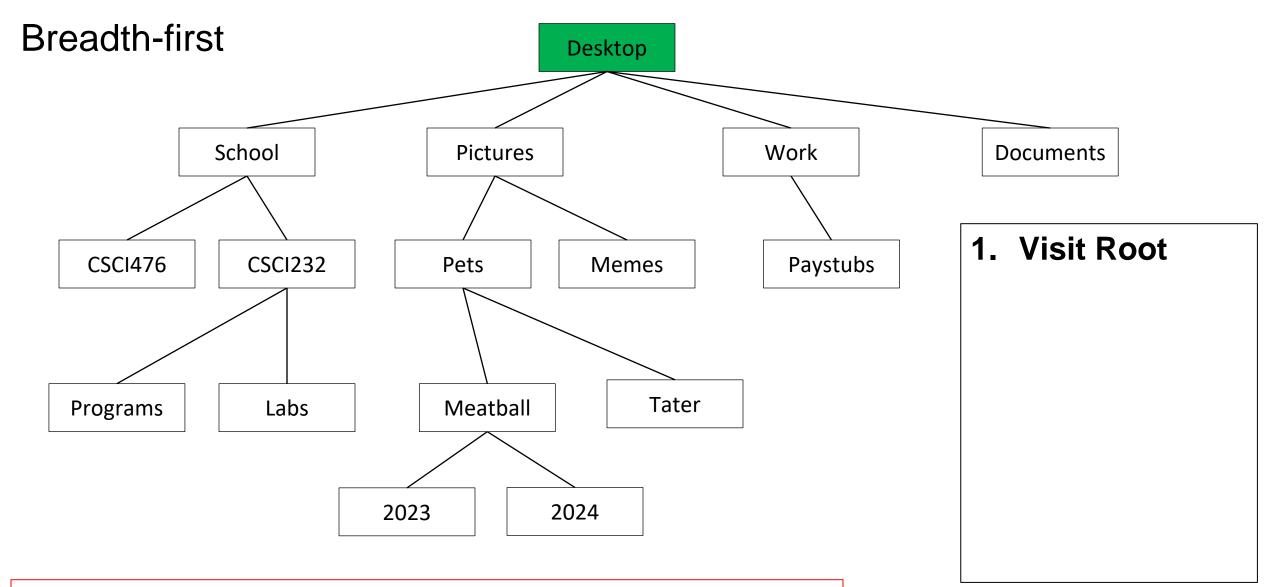




How could you search for a value in a tree?

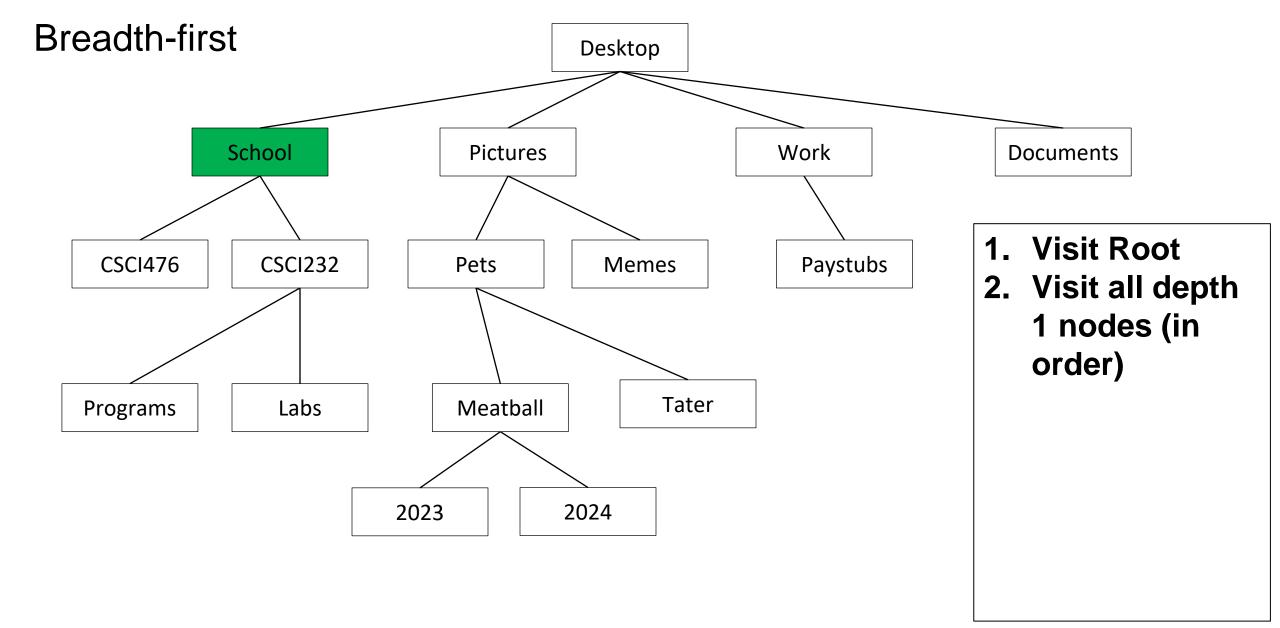
2. Depth-first. Explores full root-leaf paths



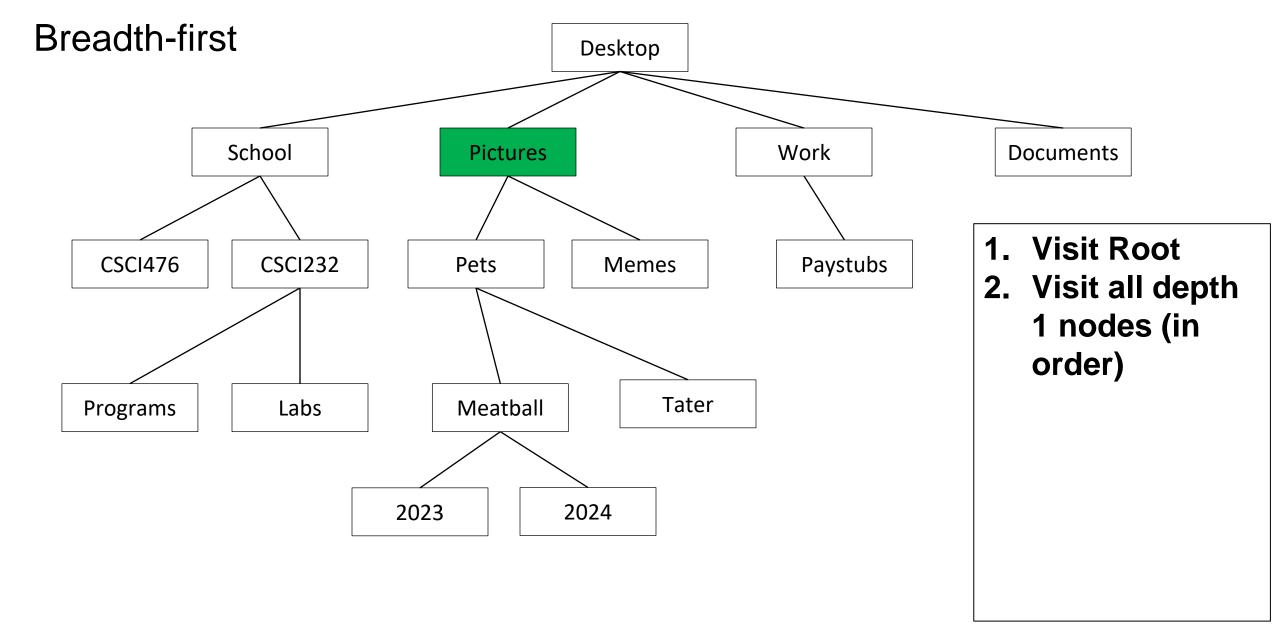


"Visit" is a generic action. The actual action depends on what the application is (ex: print node, compare, update)

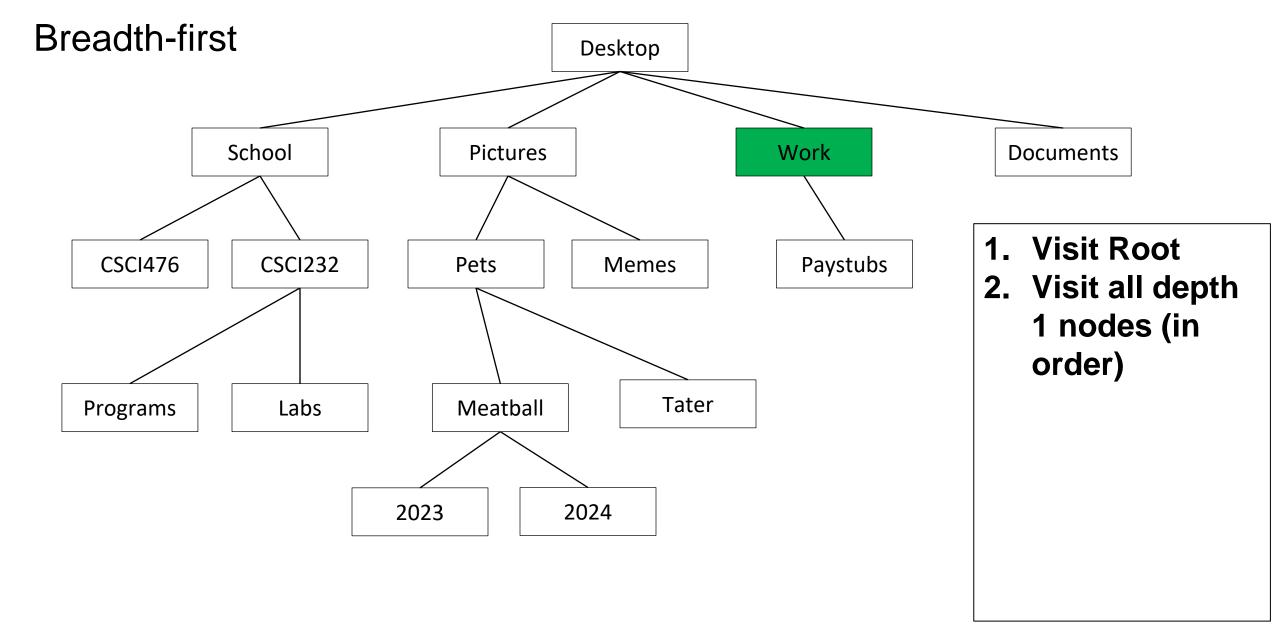




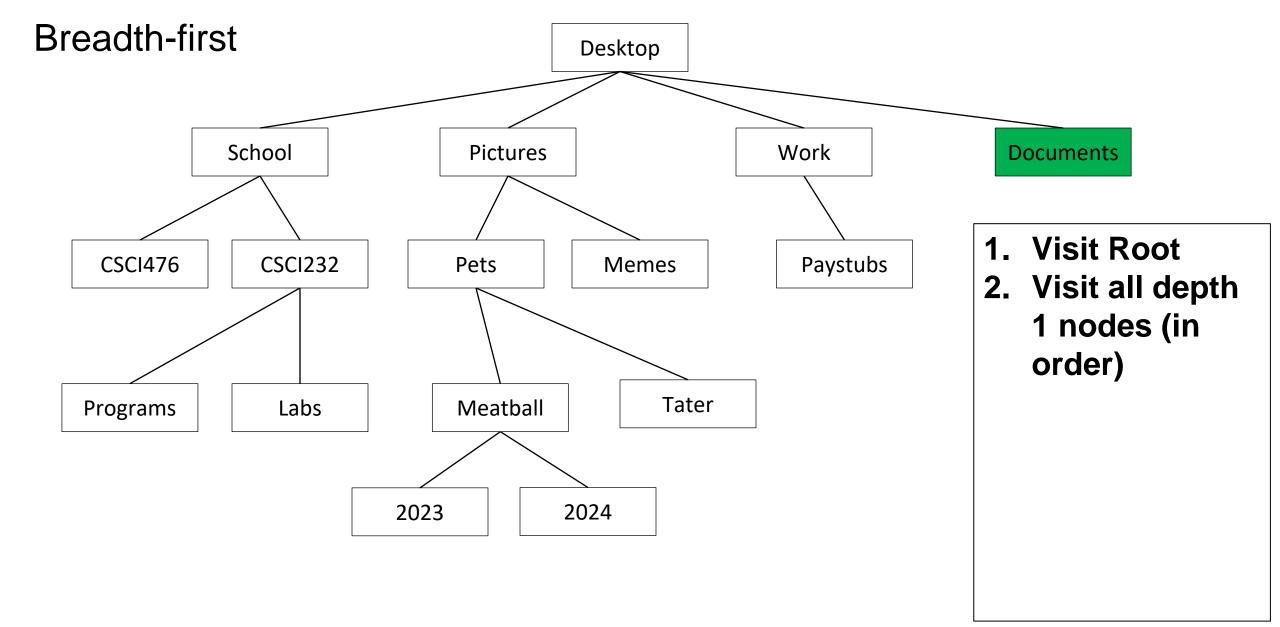




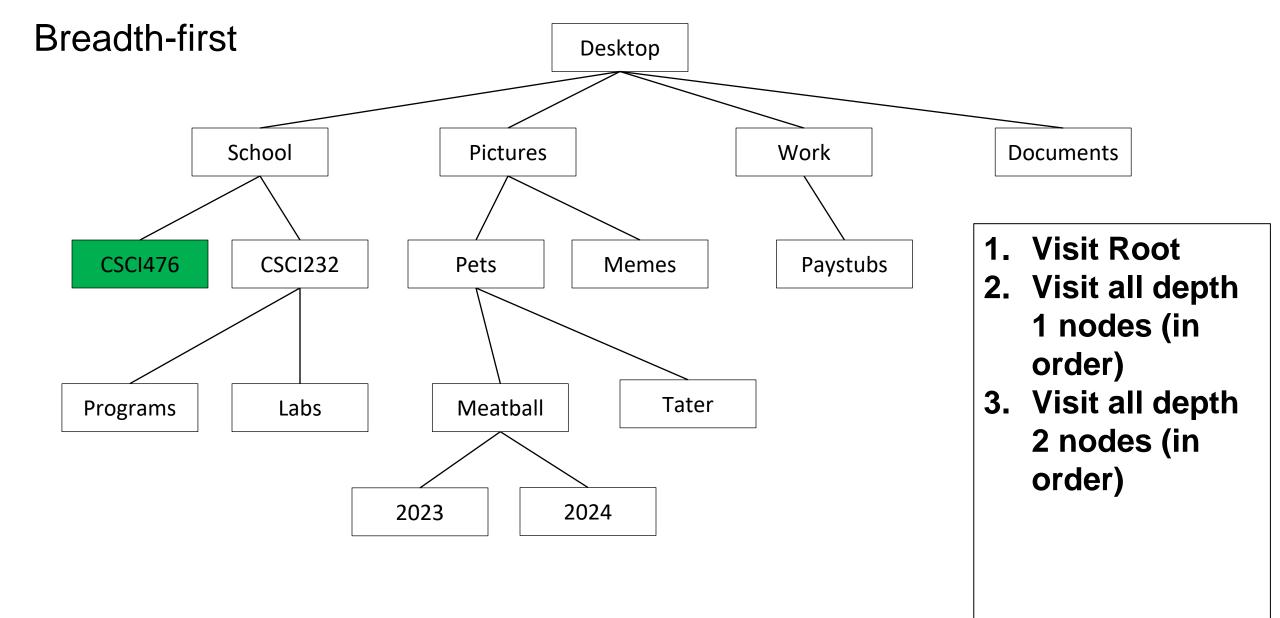




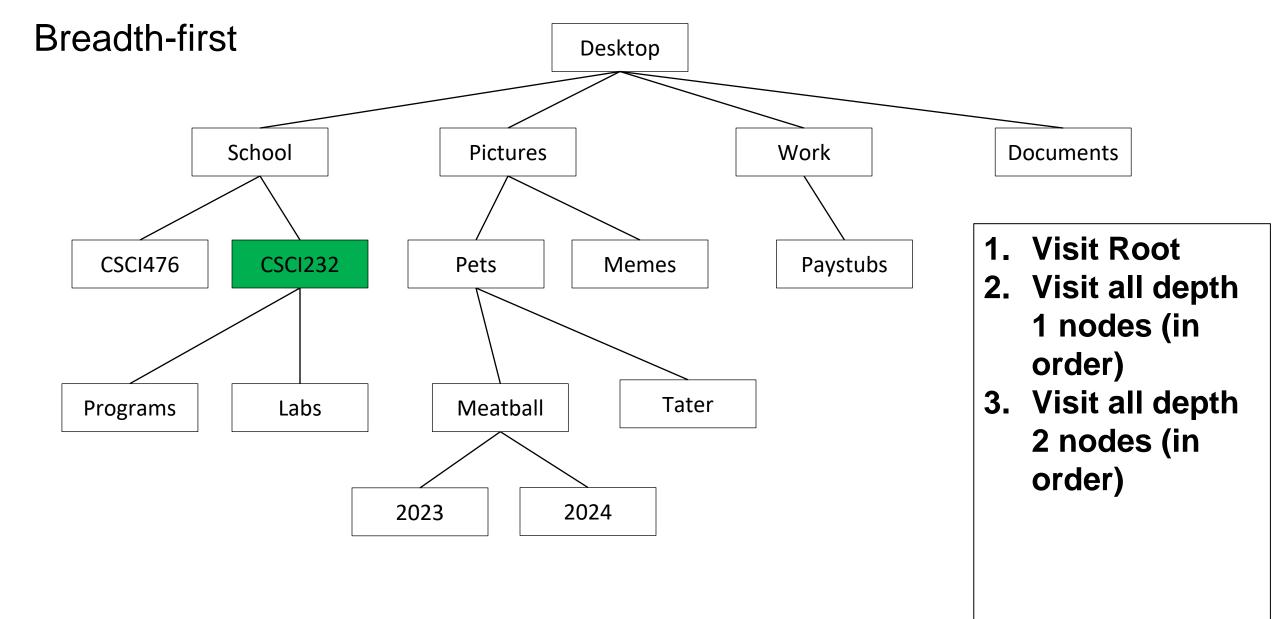




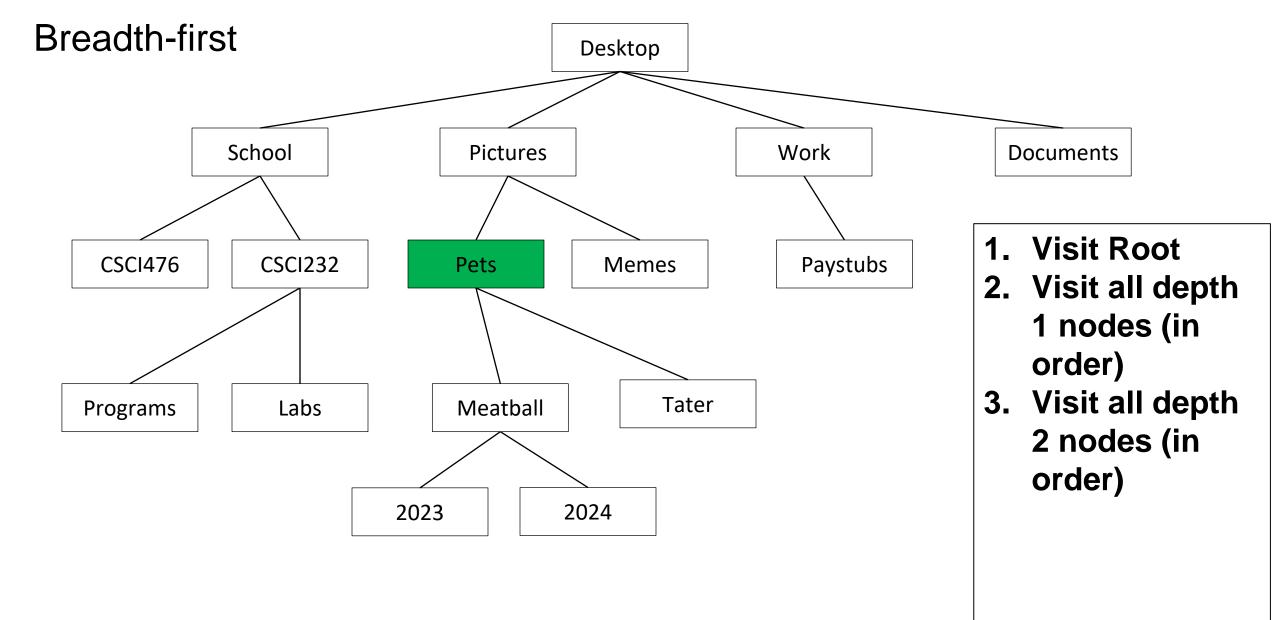




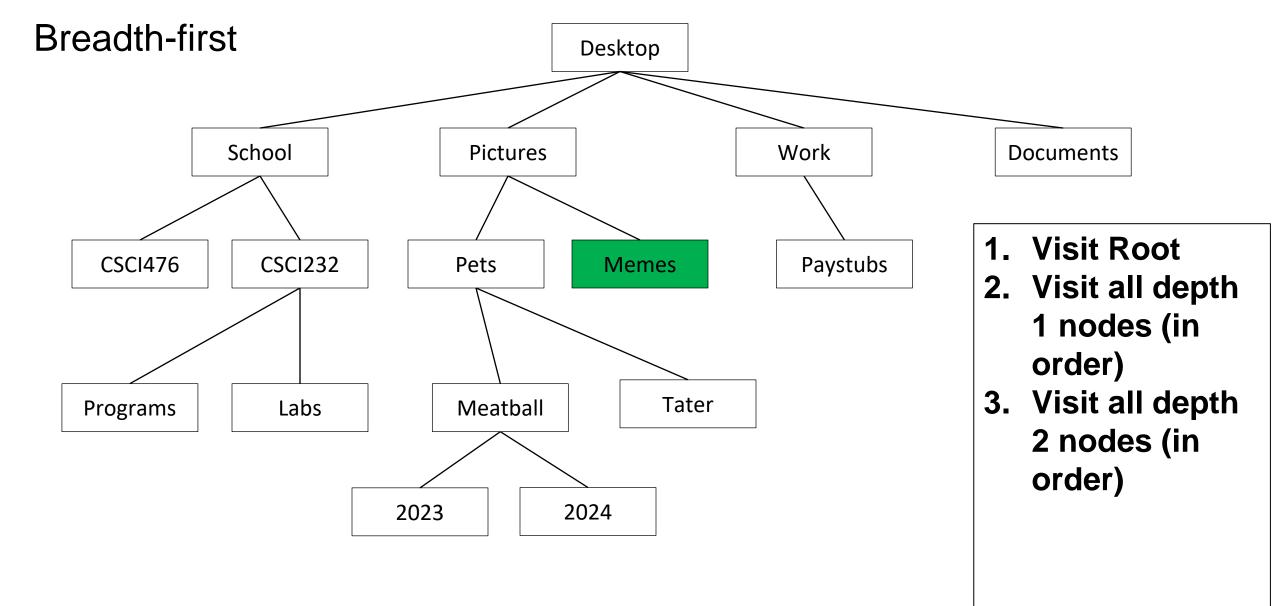




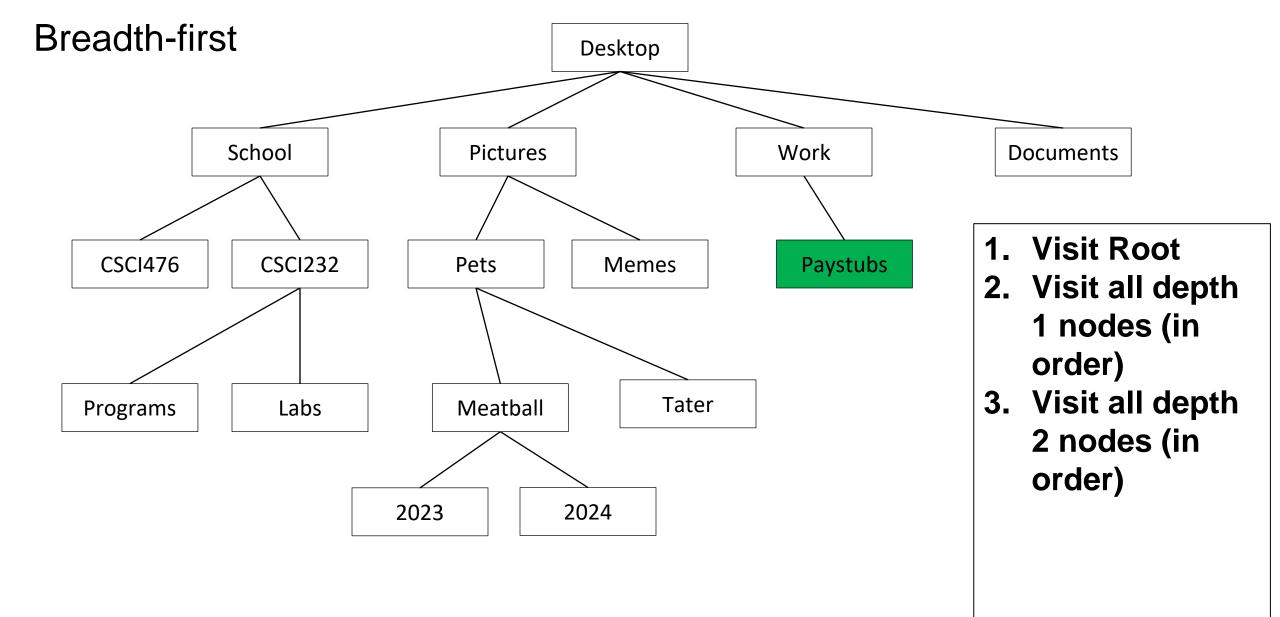




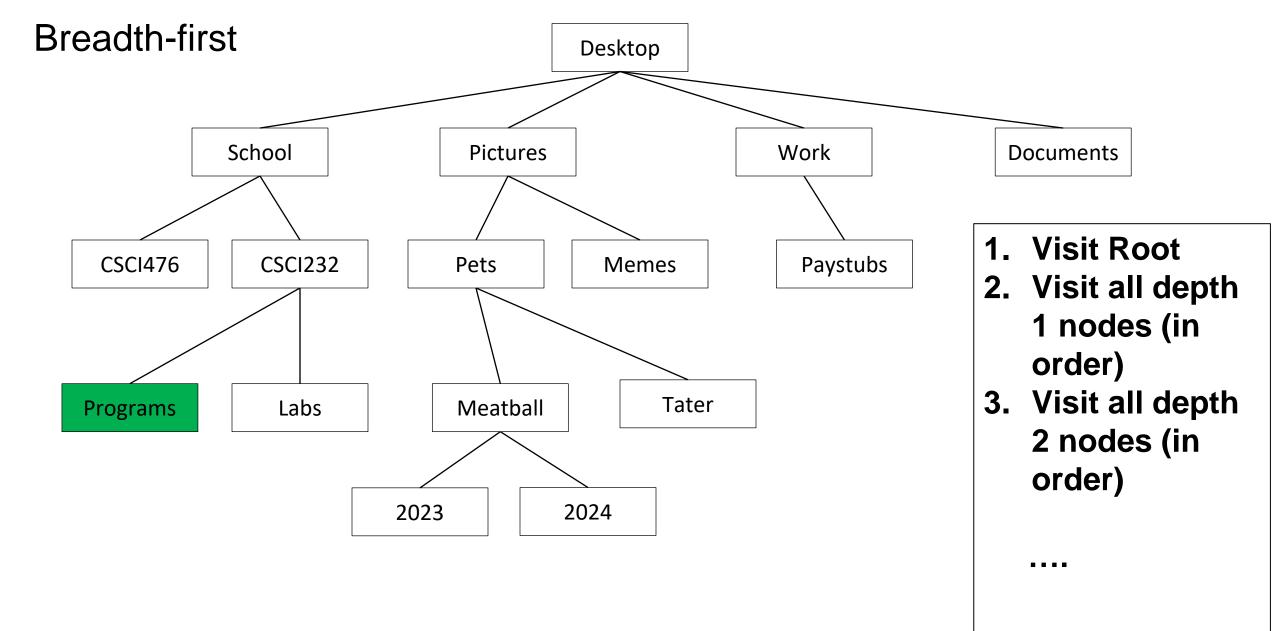




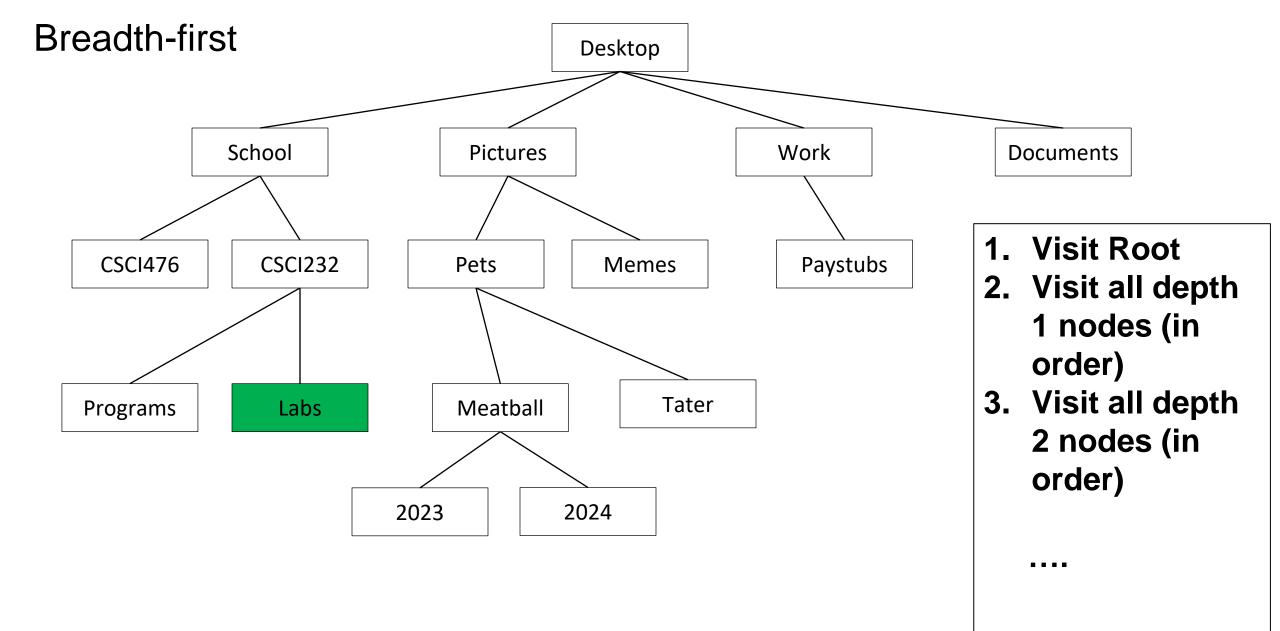




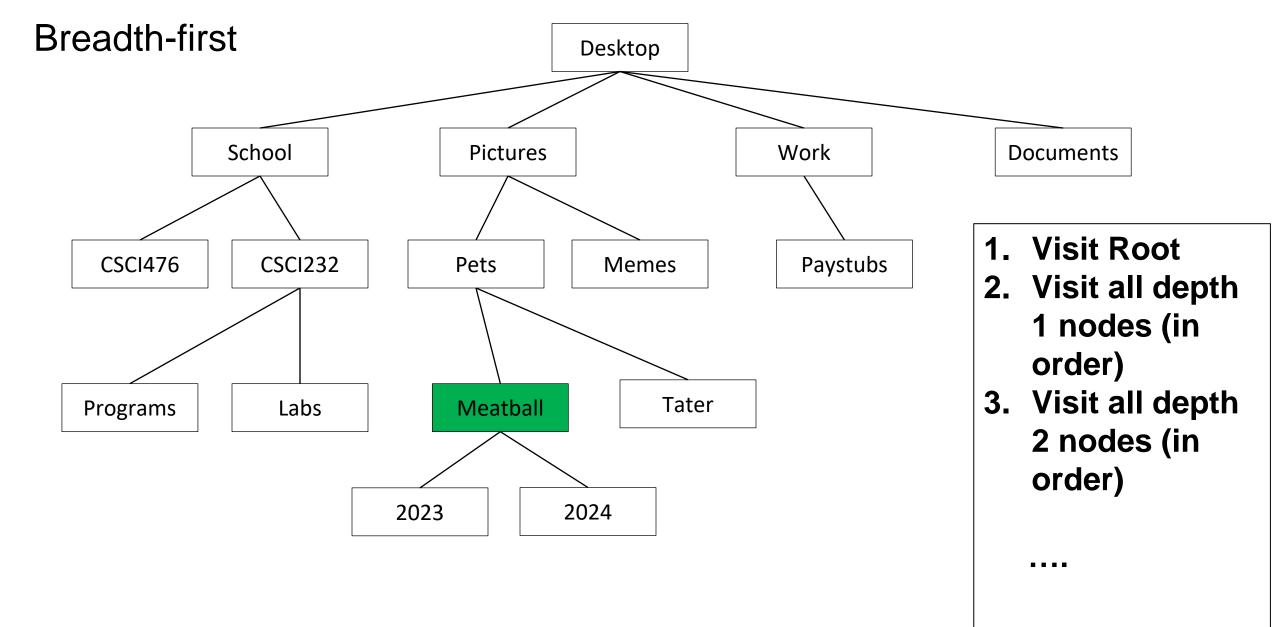




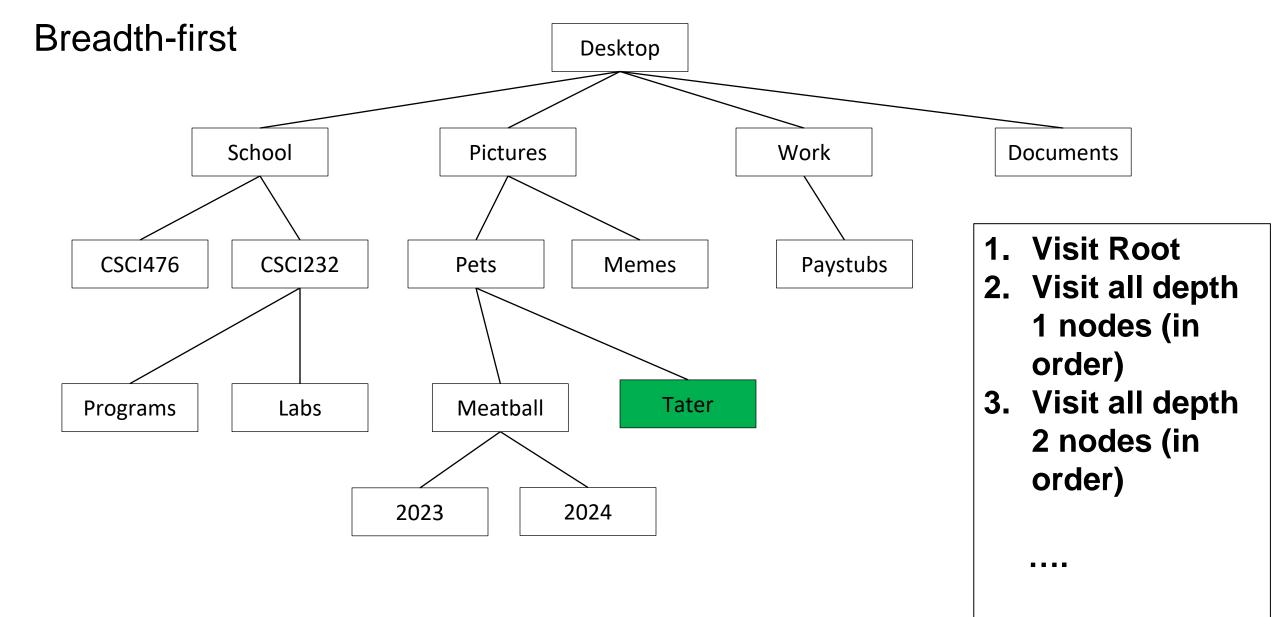




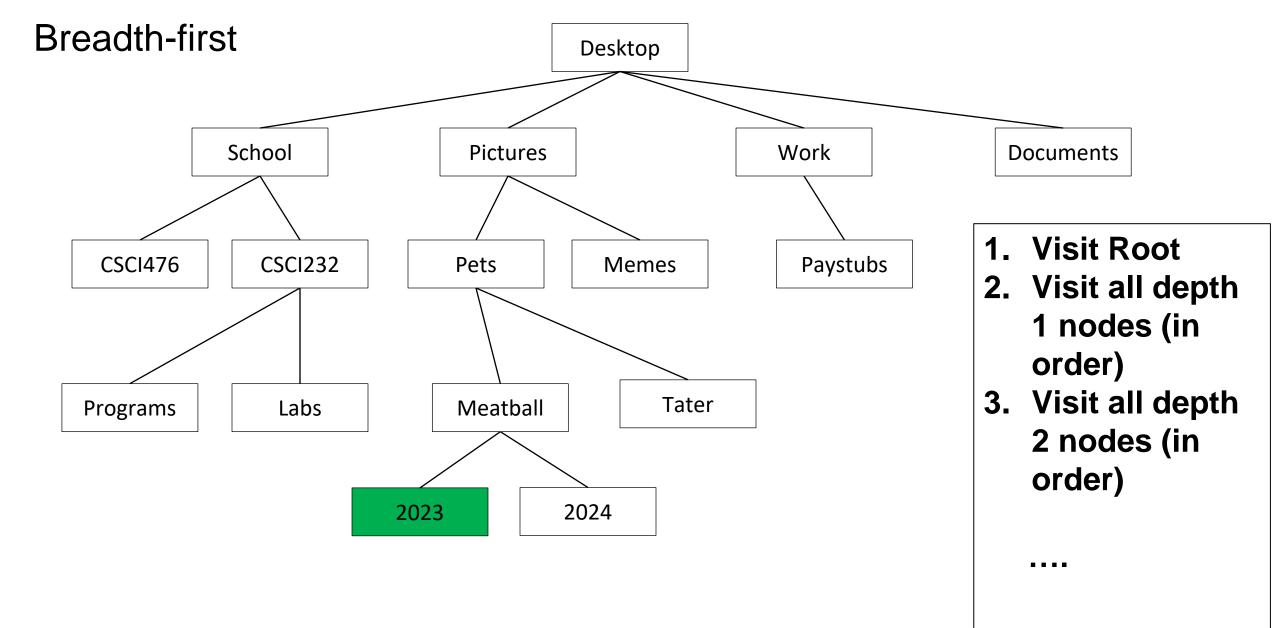




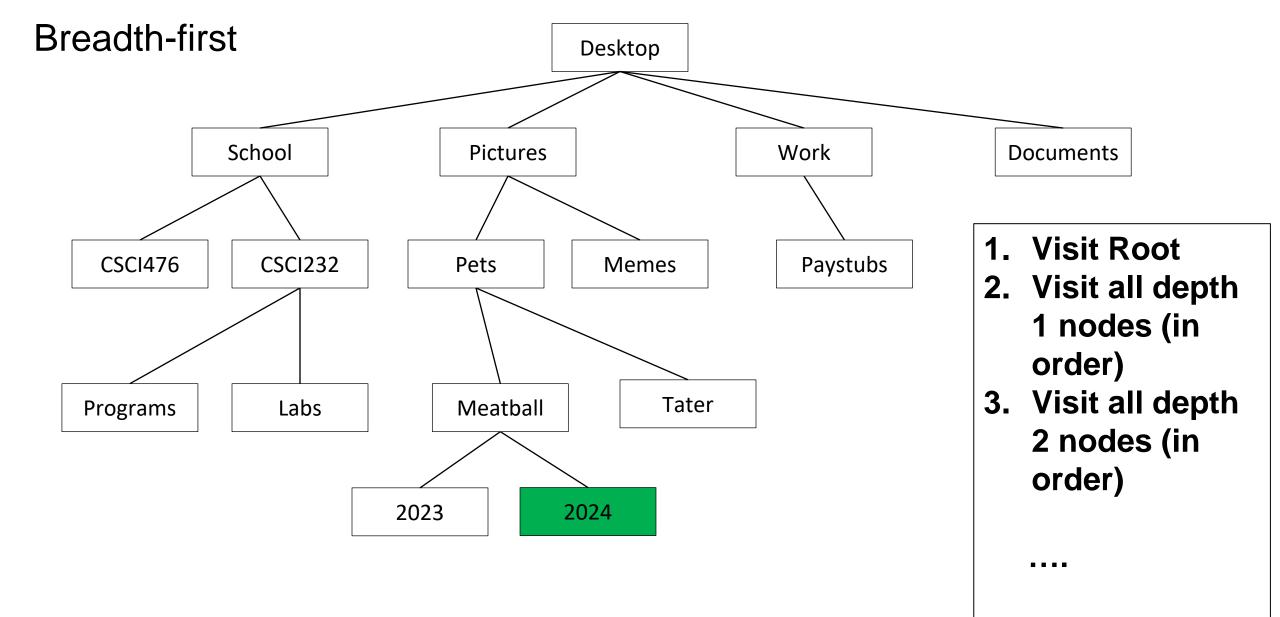




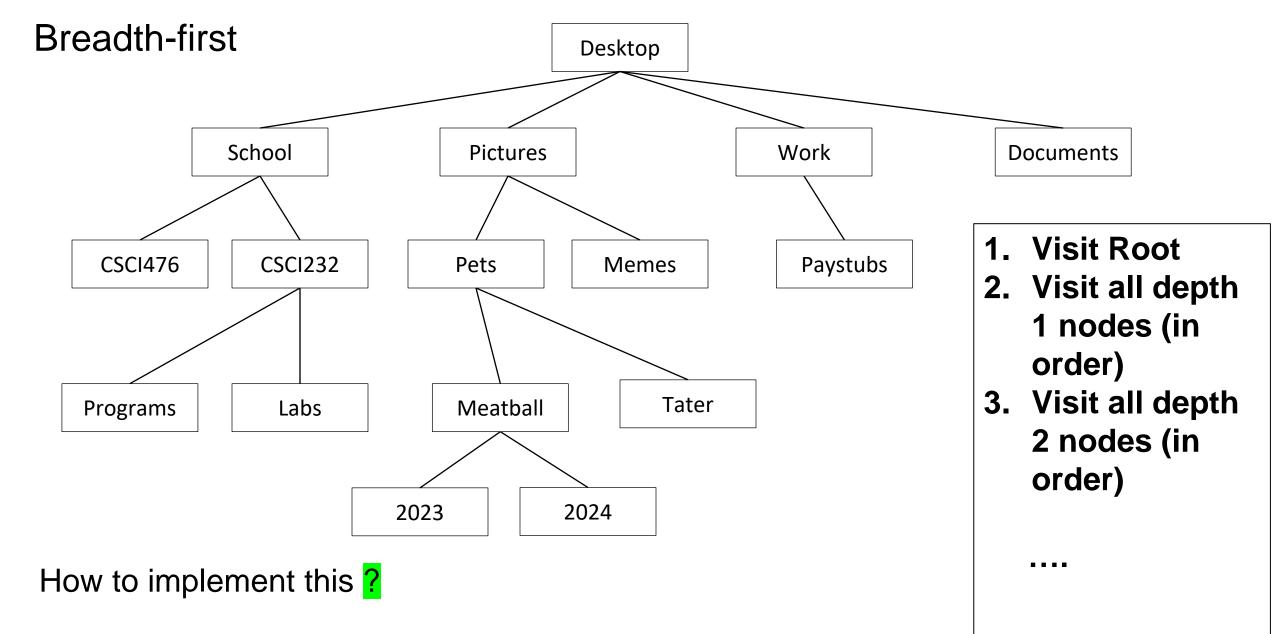




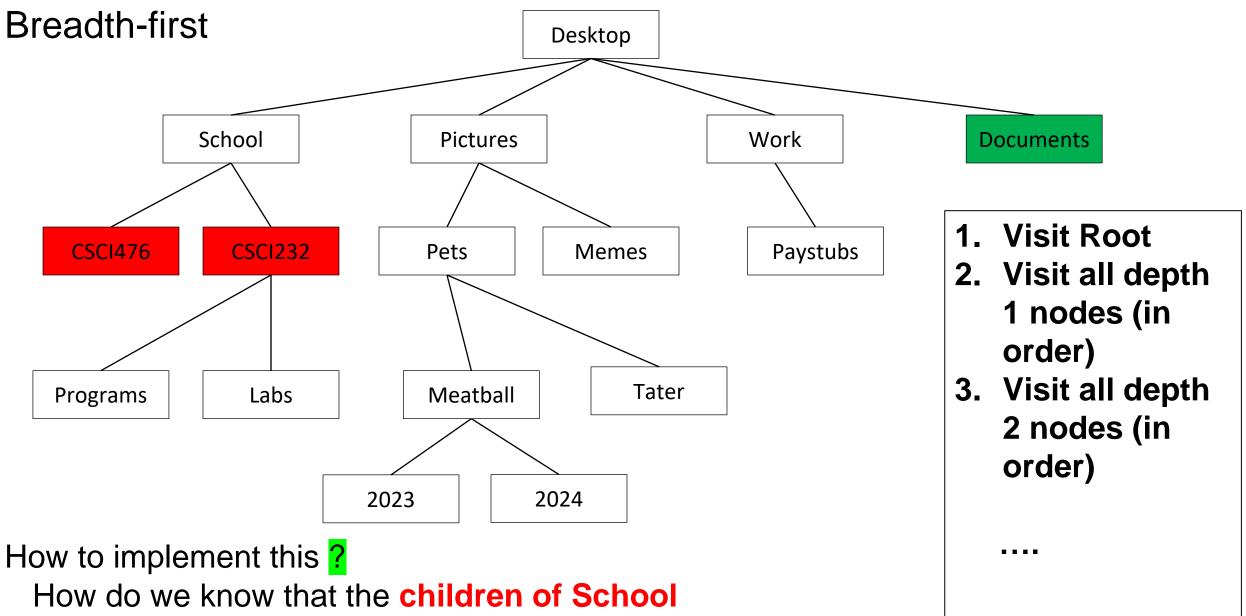






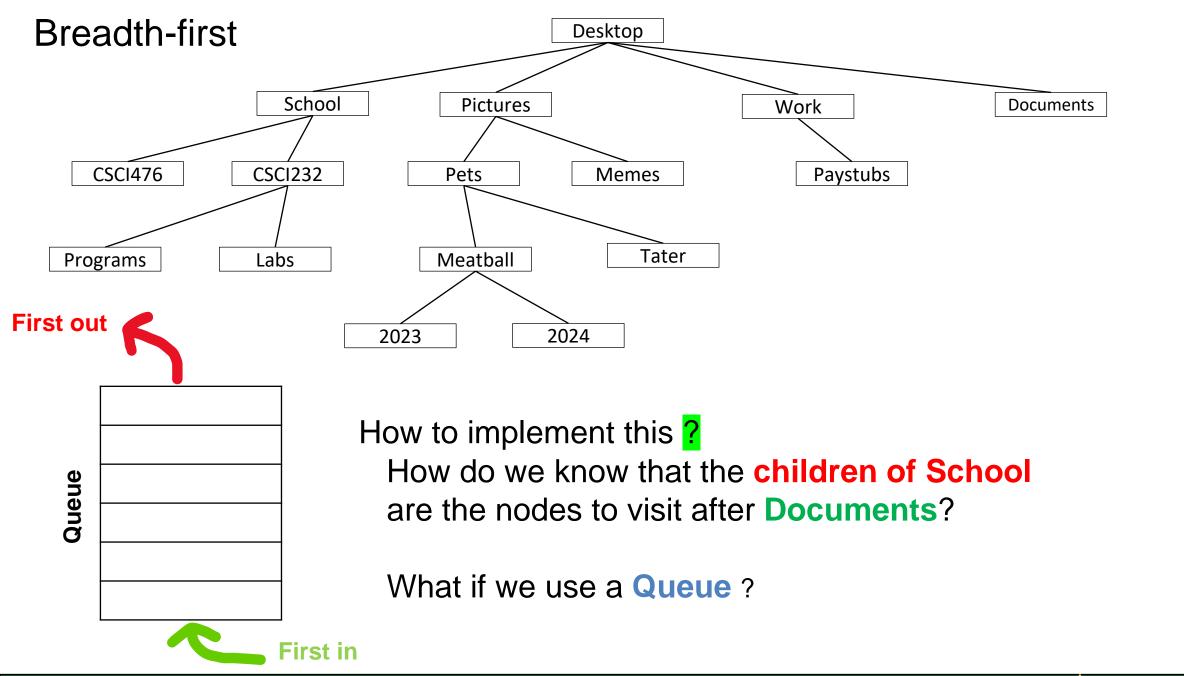




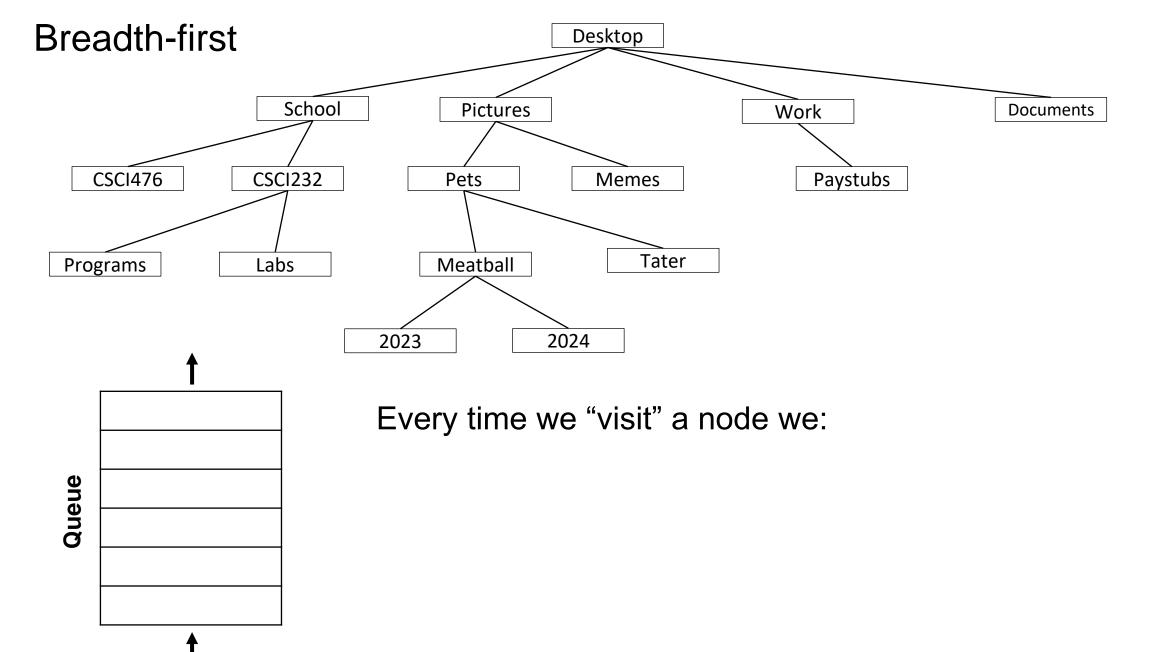


are the nodes to visit after **Documents**?

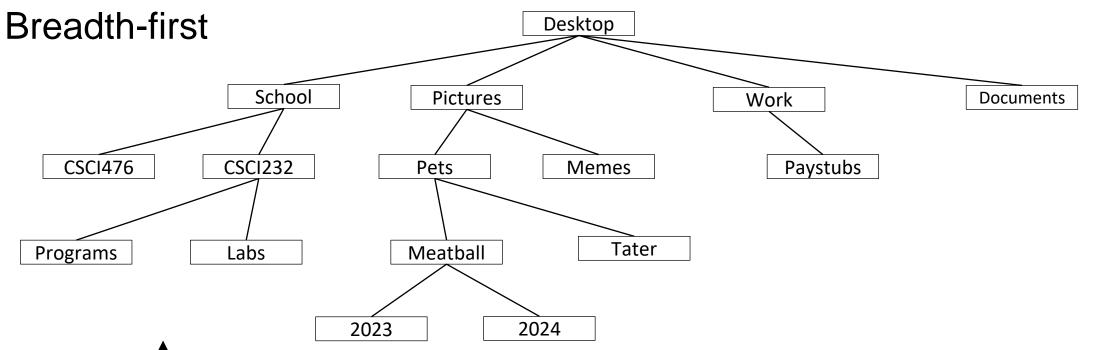


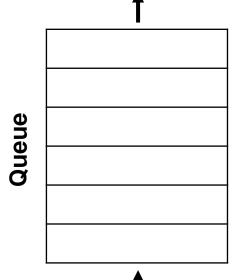








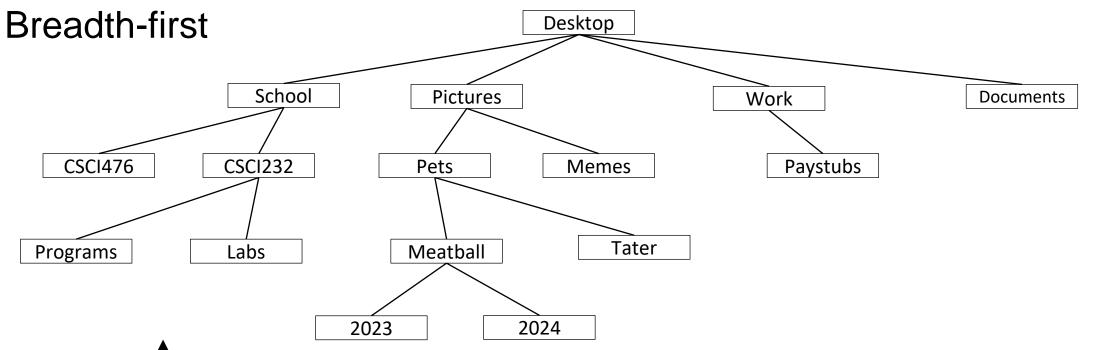


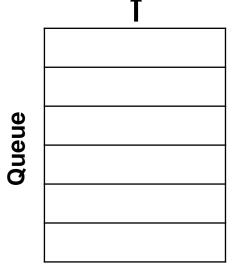


Every time we "visit" a node we:

1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare, ...)



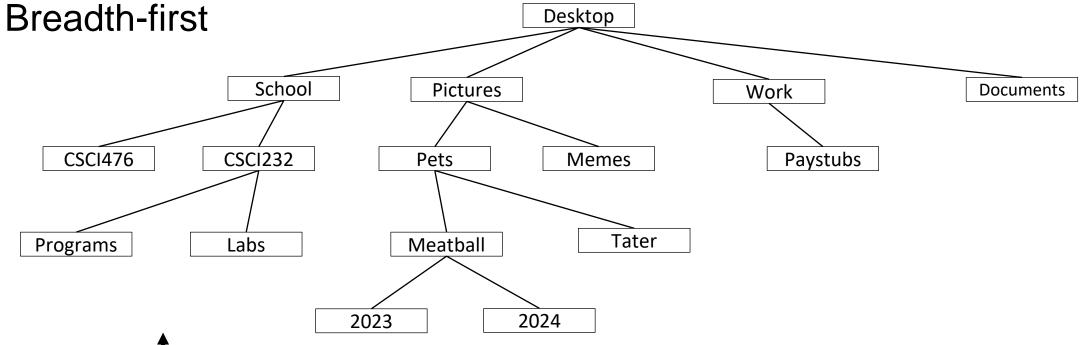


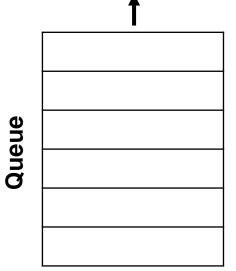


Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare, ...)
- 2. Add all of its children to the queue



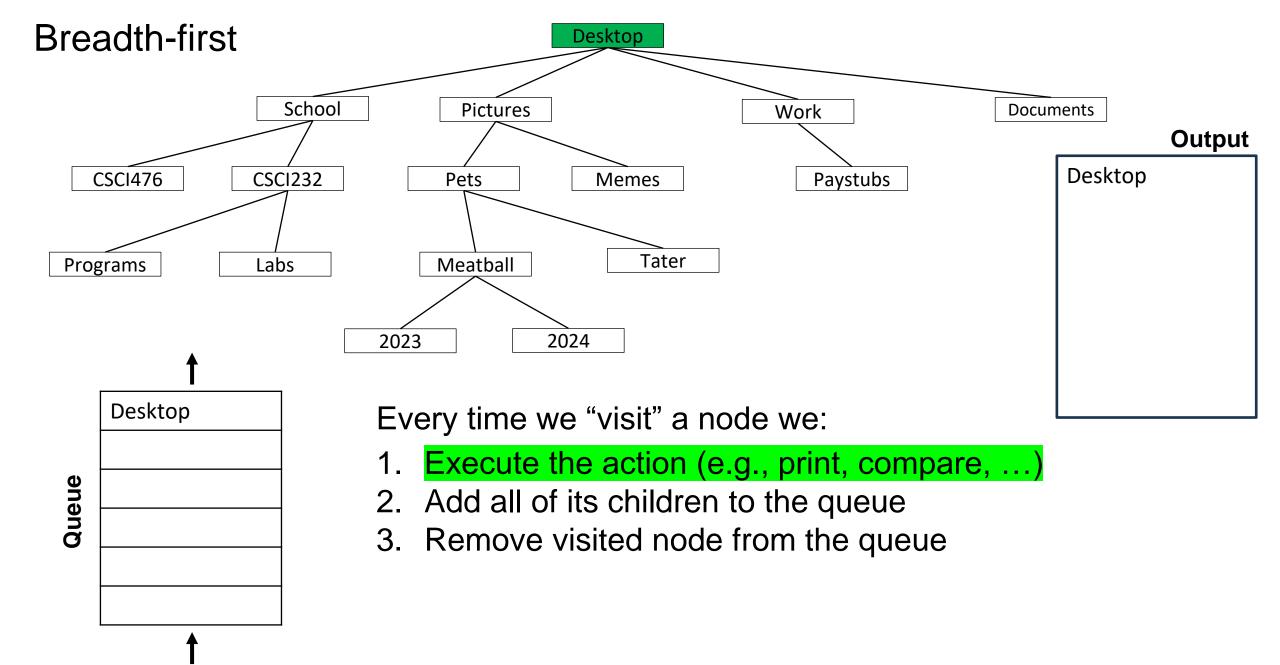




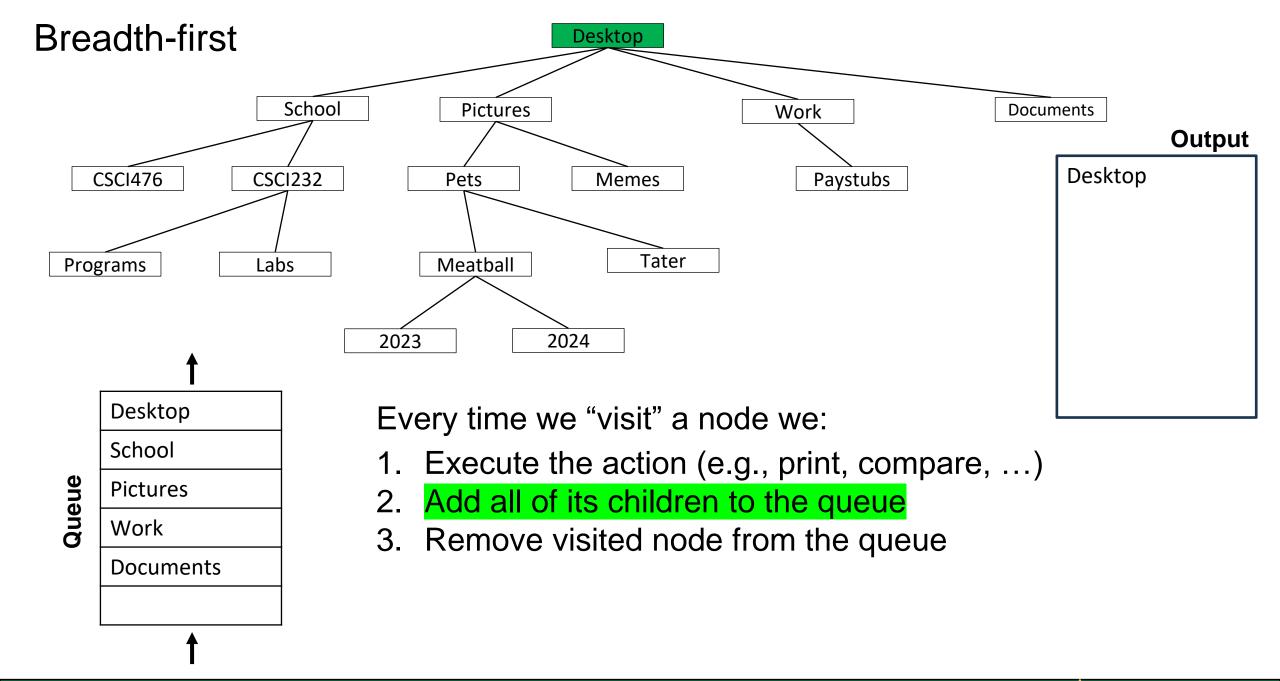
Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare, ...)
- 2. Add all of its children to the queue
- 3. Remove visited node from the queue

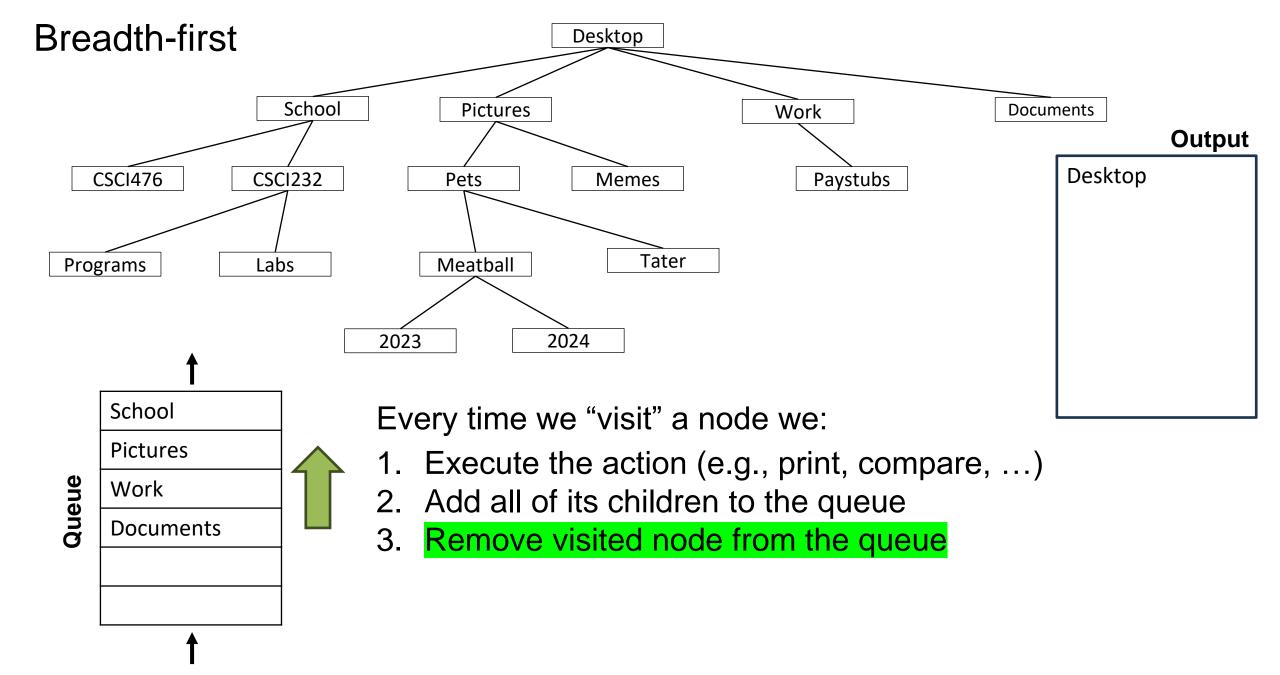




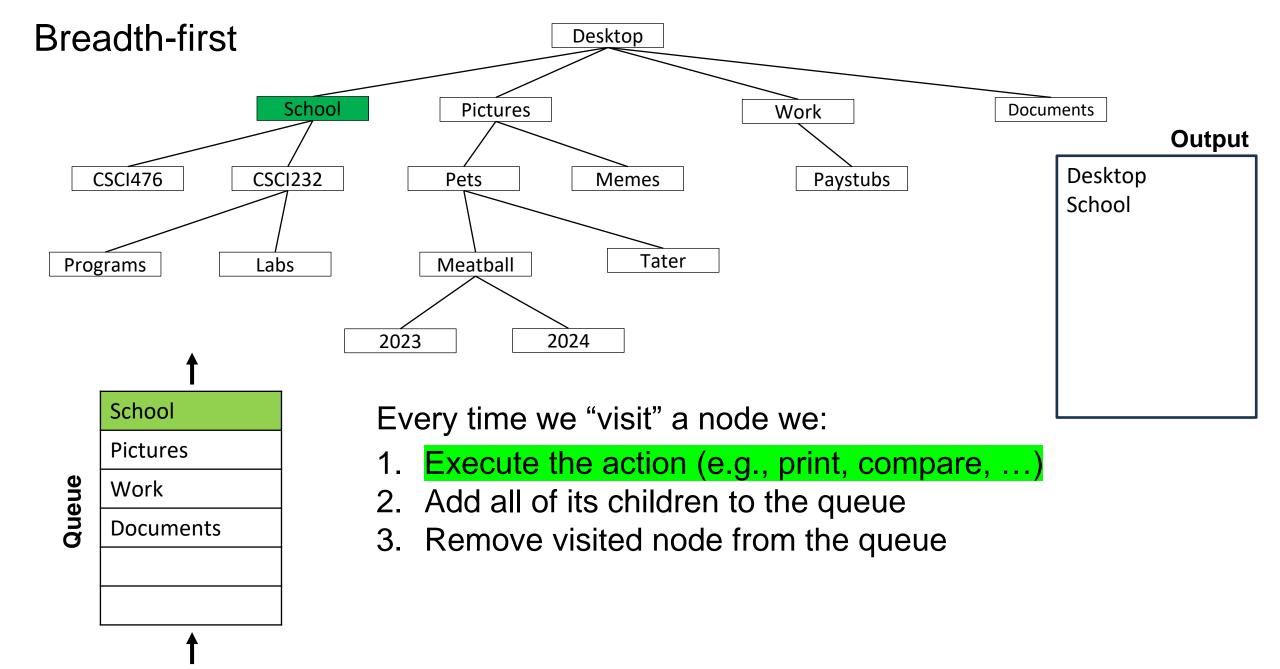




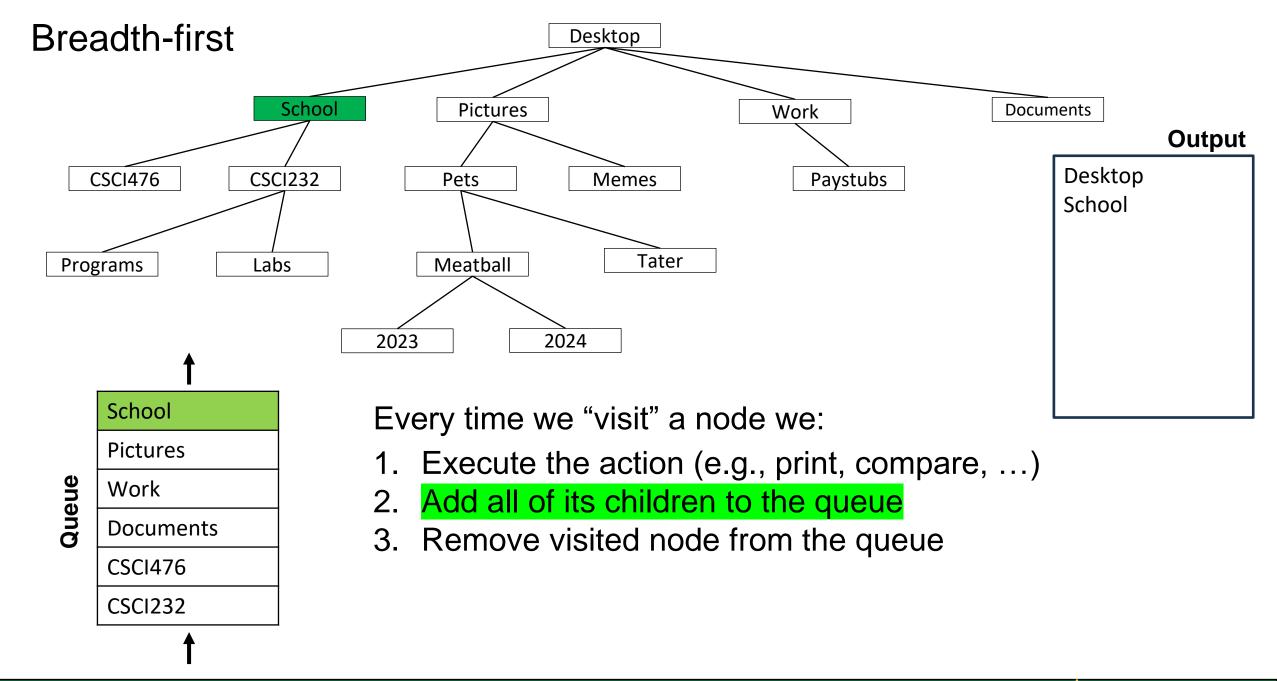




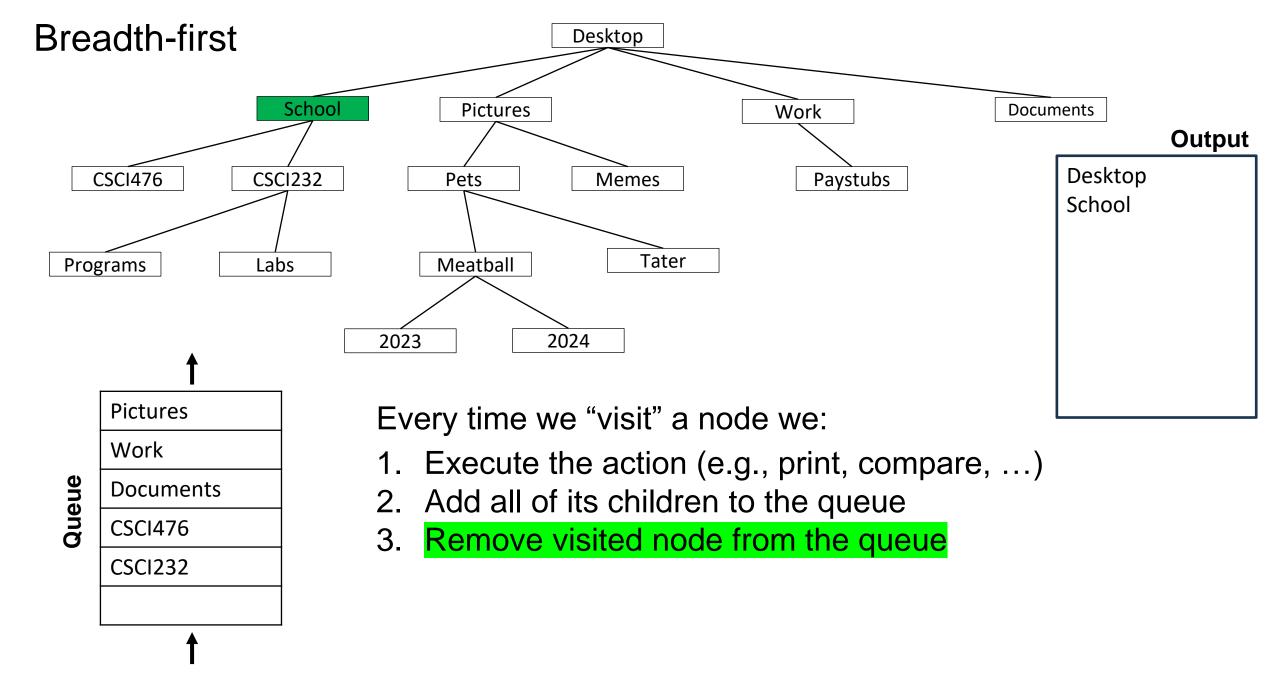




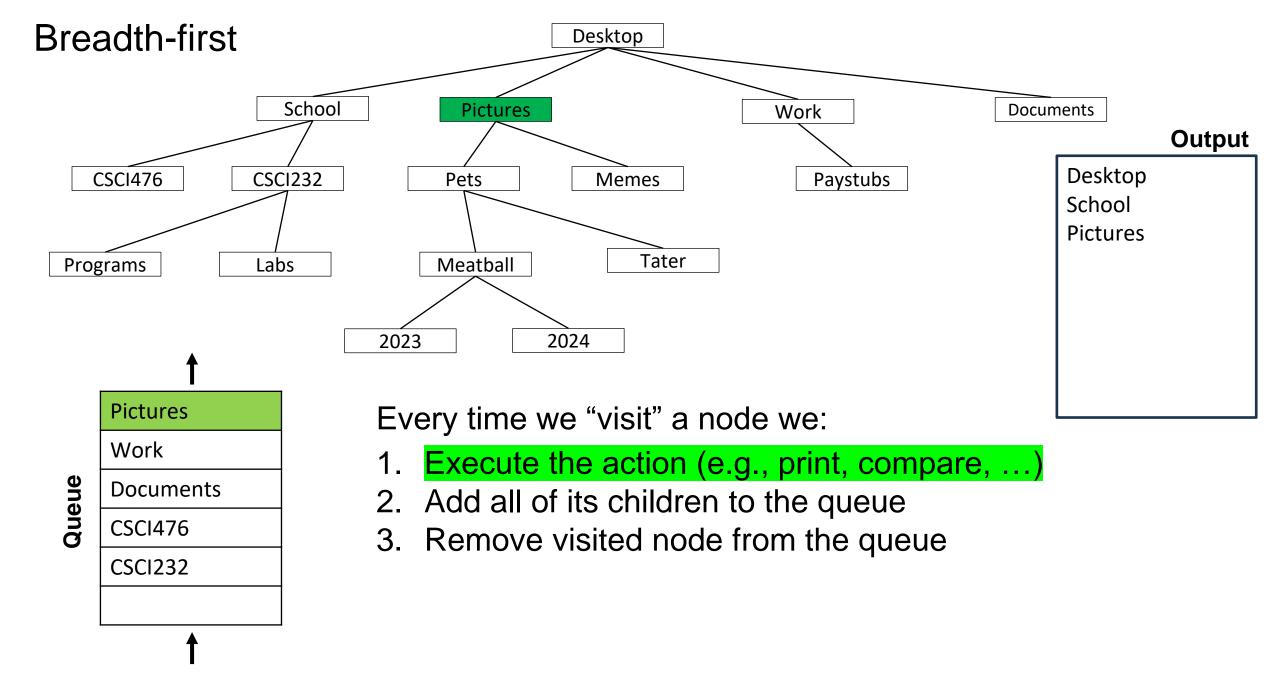




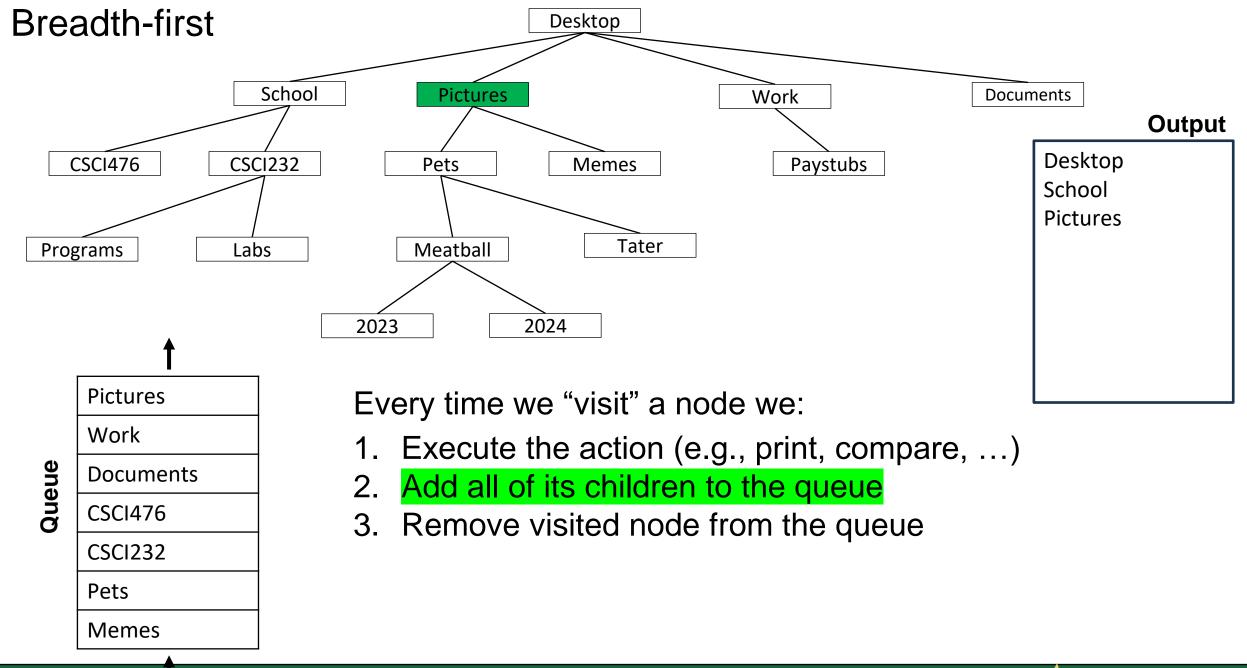




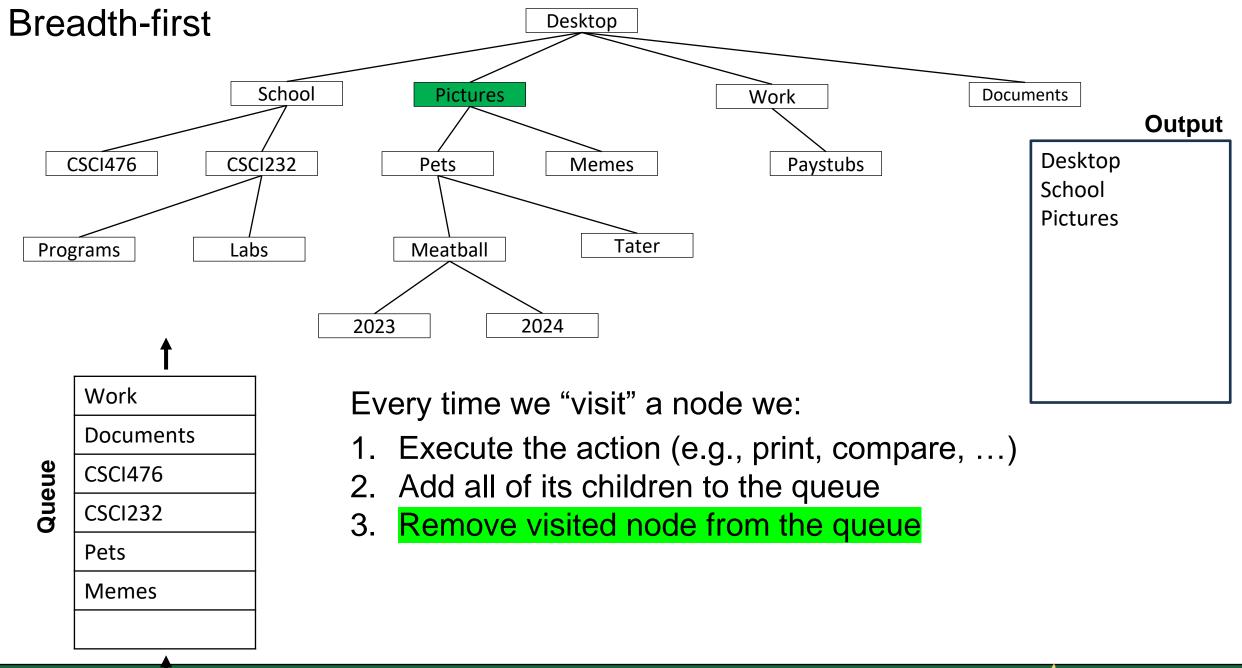




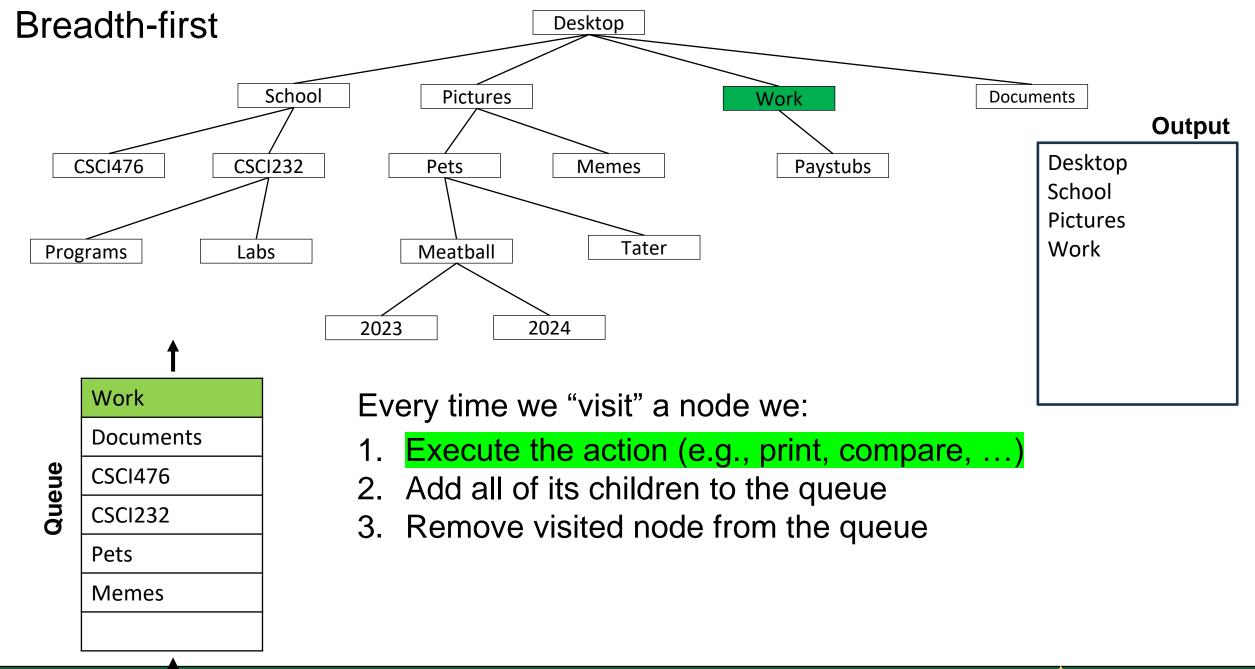




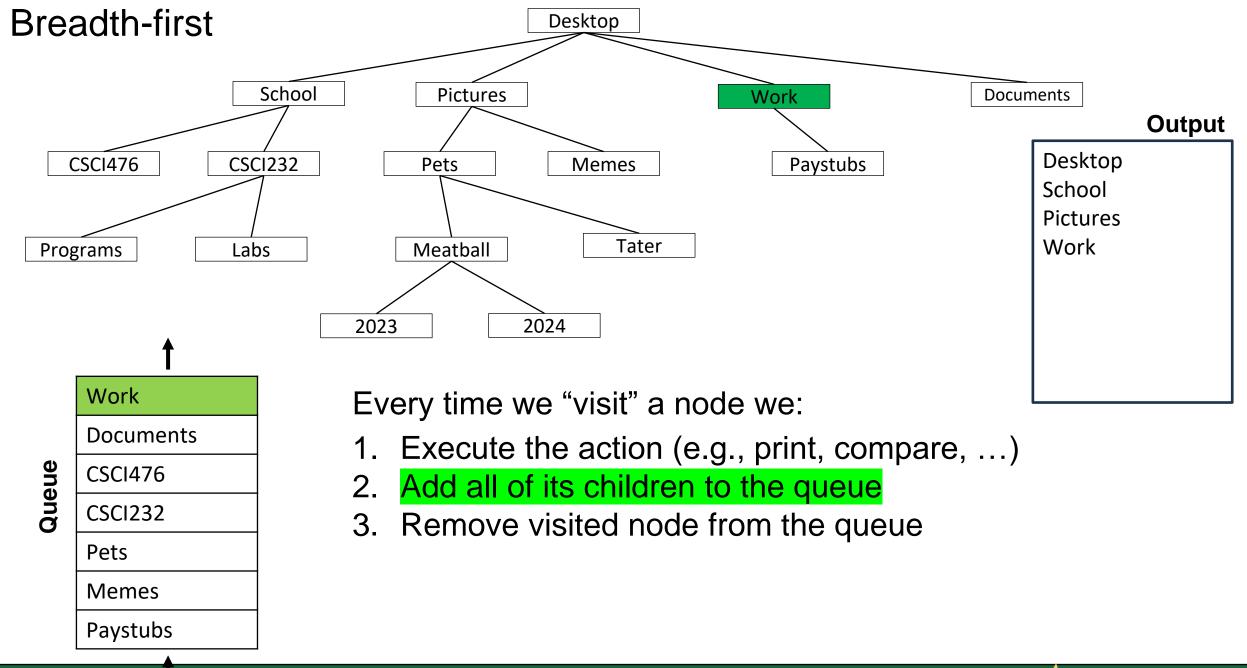




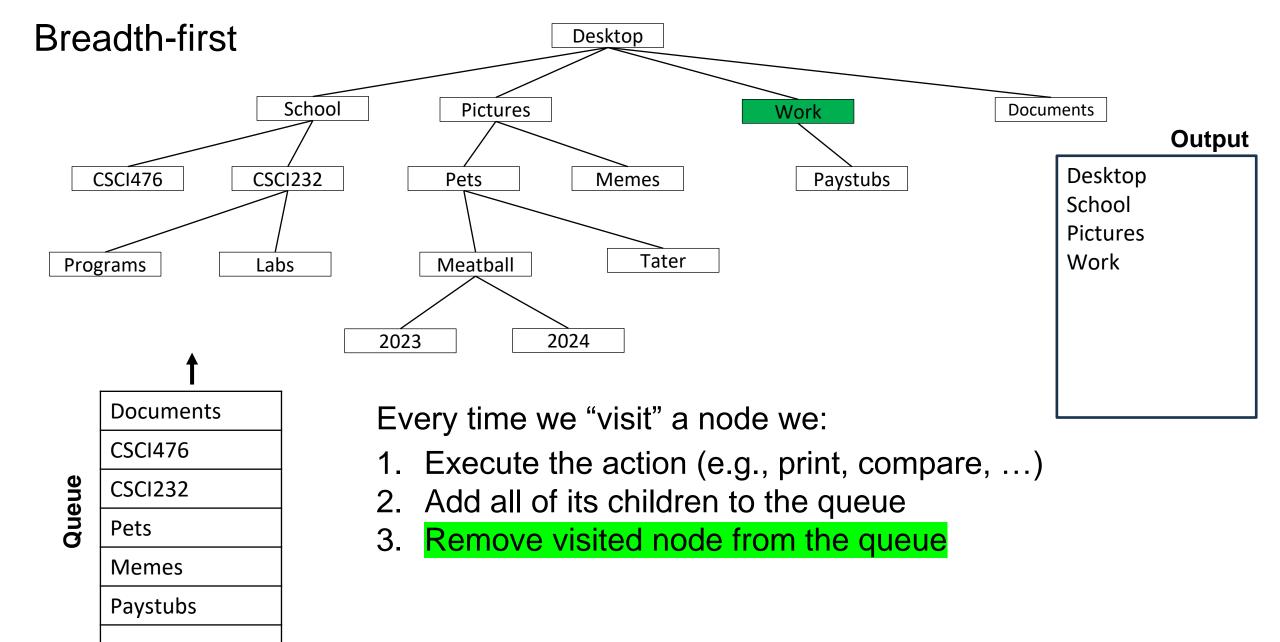




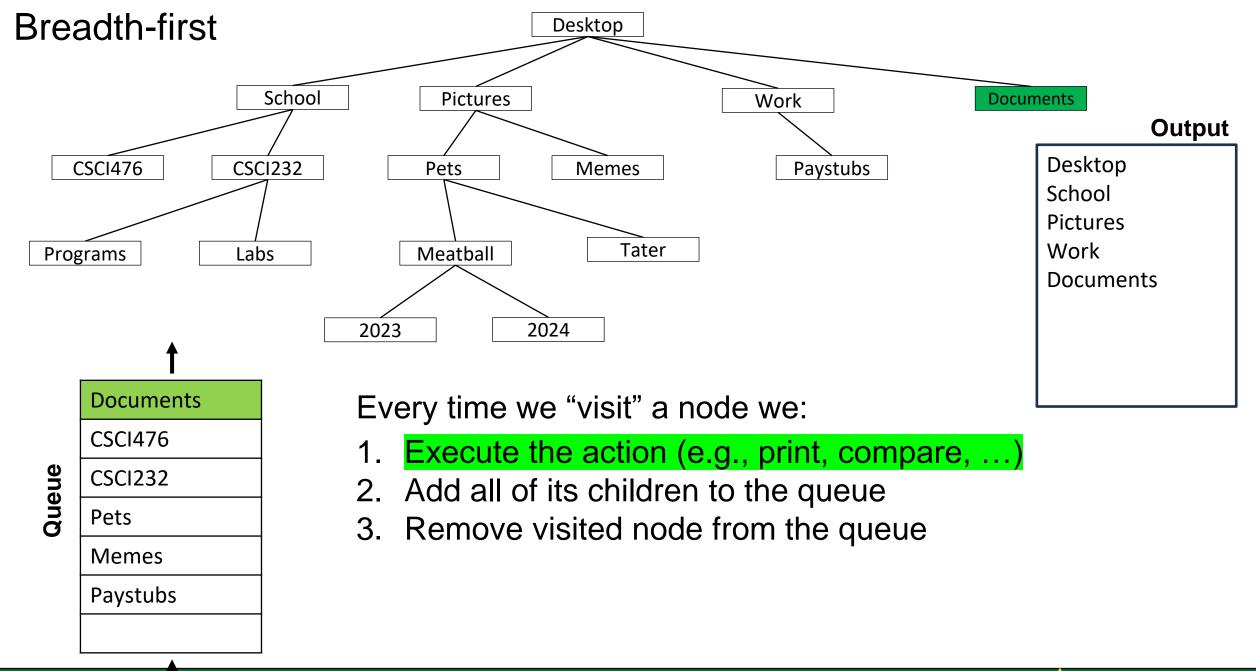




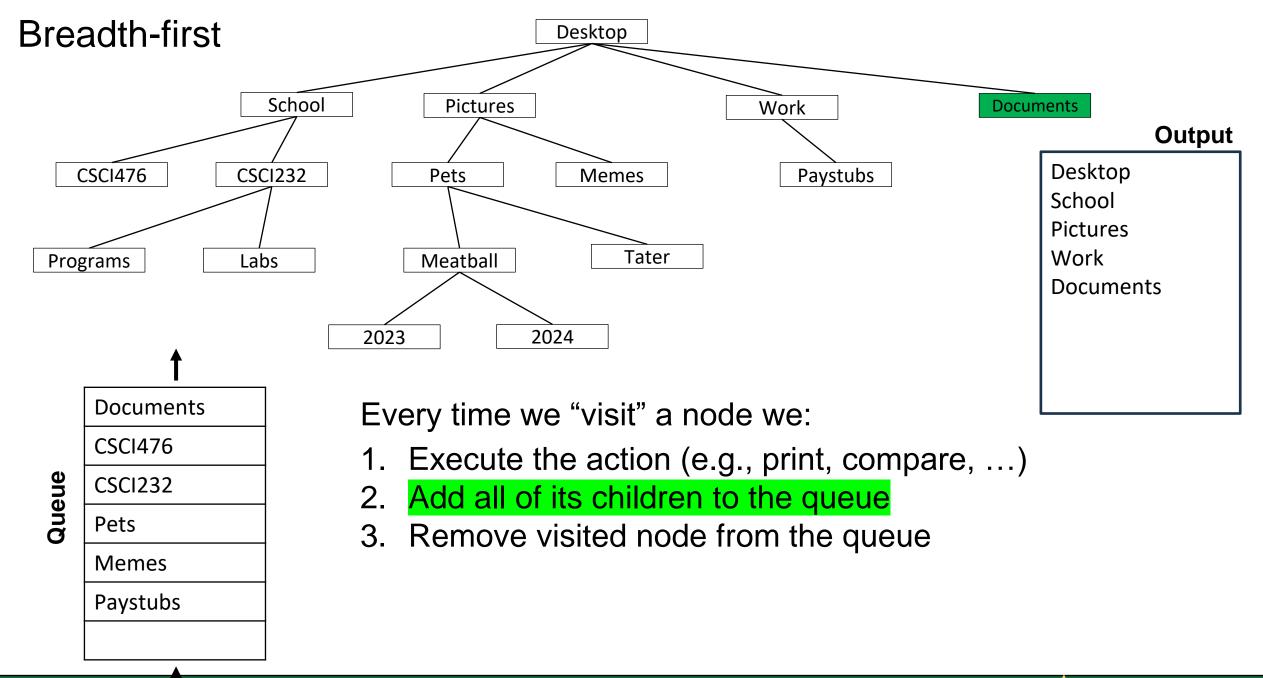




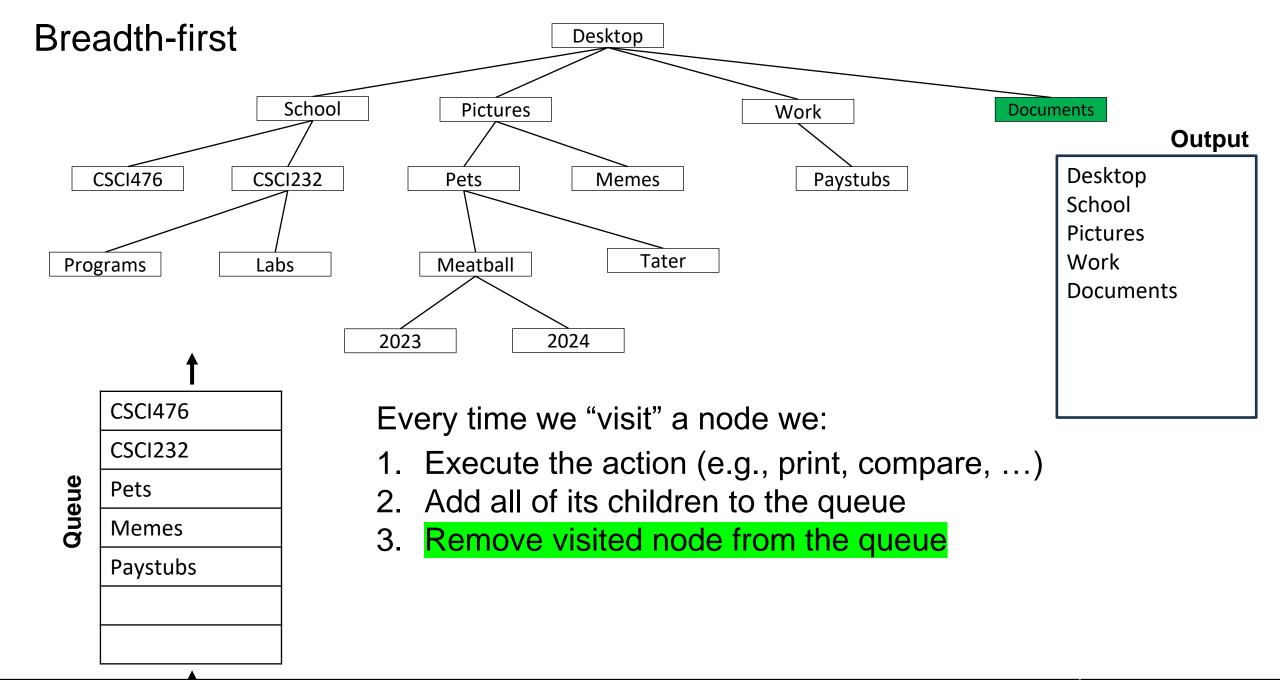
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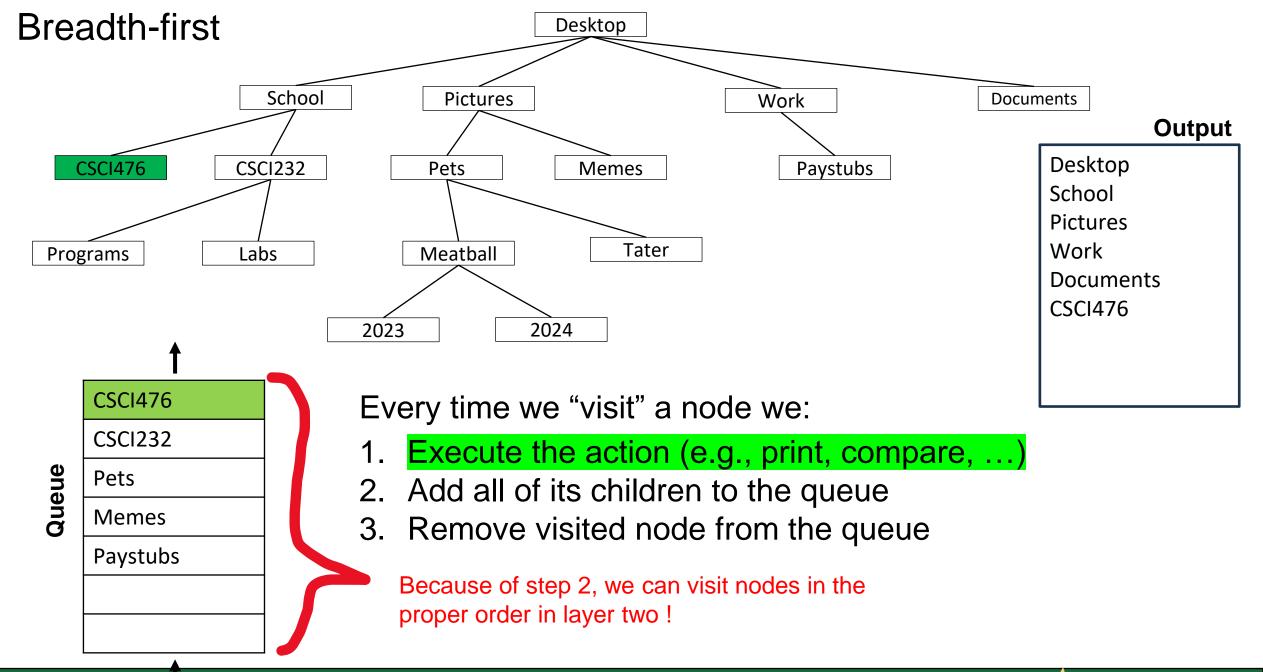














}

<ul> <li>Every time we "visit" a node we:</li> <li>1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare,)</li> <li>2. Add all of its children to the queue</li> <li>3. Remove visited node from the queue</li> </ul>



<pre>public void breadthFirst(){     Queue<???> = new ???<??>();</pre>	<ul> <li>Every time we "visit" a node we:</li> <li>1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare,)</li> <li>2. Add all of its children to the queue</li> <li>3. Remove visited node from the queue</li> </ul>
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	Where do we start at ?
}	



```
public void breadthFirst(){
    Queue<Node> = new LinkedList<Node>();
    if( root != null){
        queue.add(root)
```

#### Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare, ...)
- 2. Add all of its children to the queue
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#### Where do we start at ? THE ROOT



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#### Every time we "visit" a node we:

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#### How long to loop for?



```
public void breadthFirst(){
    Queue<Node> = new LinkedList<Node>();
    if( root != null){
        queue.add(root)
        while( !queue.isEmpty() ){
```

#### Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare, ...)
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- 3. Remove visited node from the queue

# How long to loop for? As long as our queue as unvisited nodes inside of it

```
public void breadthFirst(){
    Queue<Node> = new LinkedList<Node>();
    if( root != null){
        queue.add(root)
        while( !queue.isEmpty() ){
```

```
Node node = queue.remove()
```

#### Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Execute the action (e.g., print, compare, ...
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- 3. Remove visited node from the queue

In order to execute the Node action, I need to retrieve the next node. However, I am going to retrieve and remove it in the same step



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```
System.out.println(node.get???)
```

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for(Node n: node.getChildren()){

Every time we "visit" a node we:

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for(Node n: node.getChildren()){
    queue.add(n);
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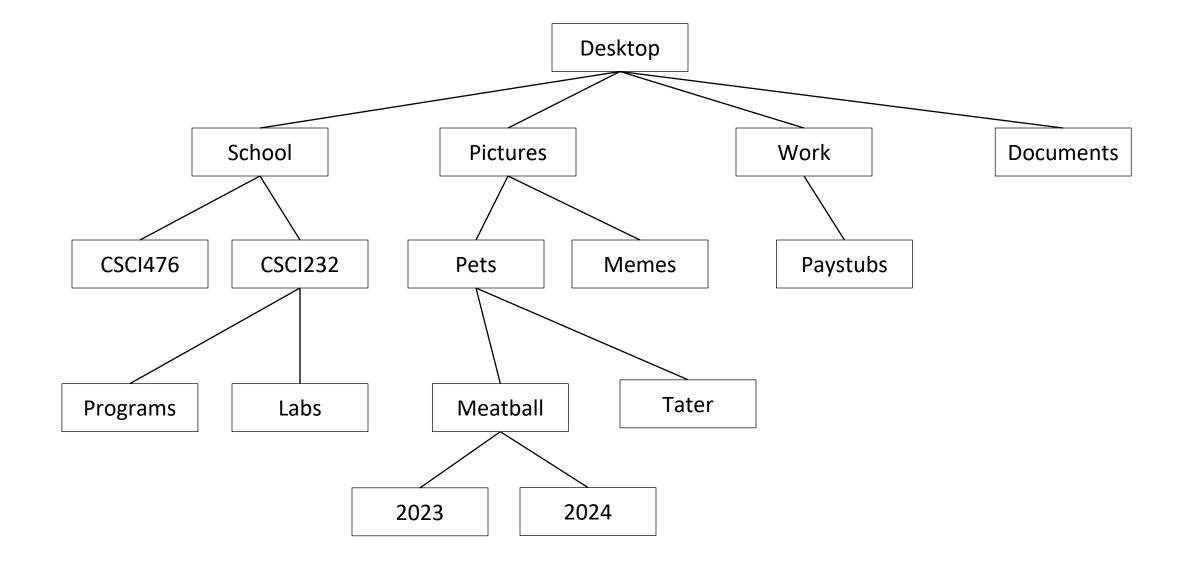
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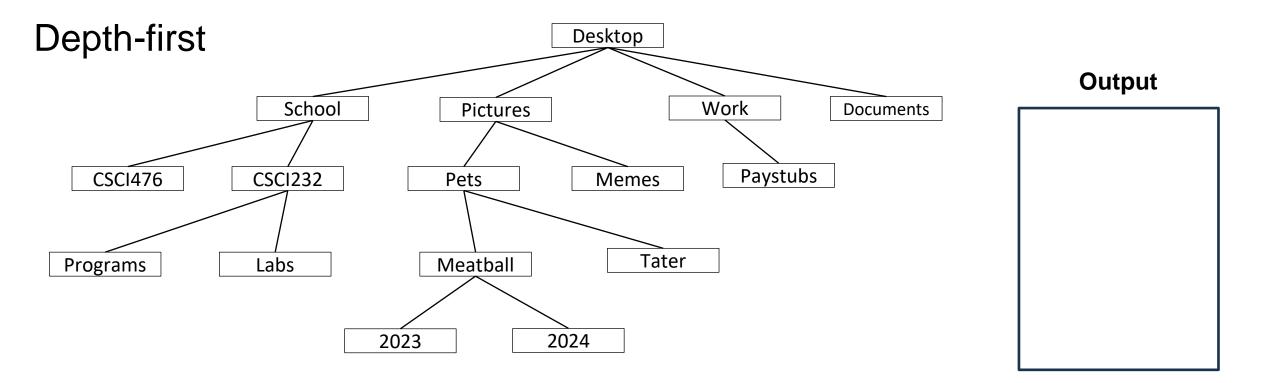
Let's code this!



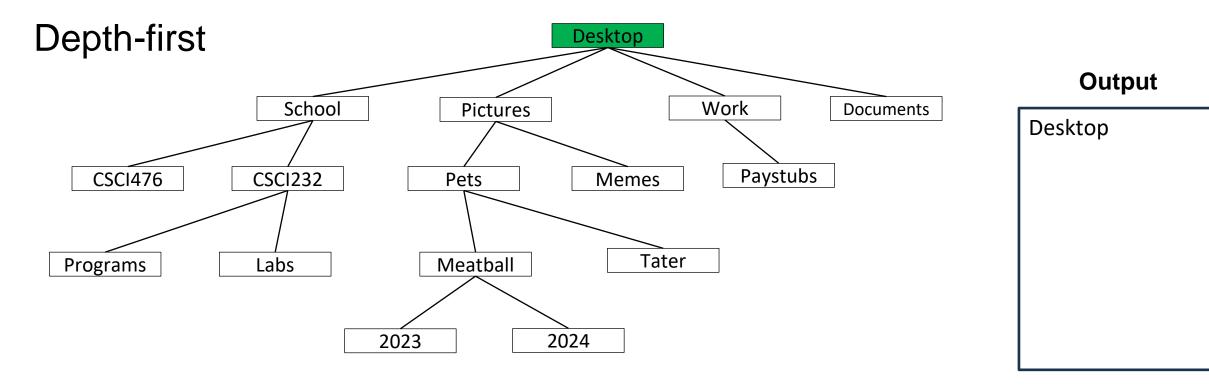






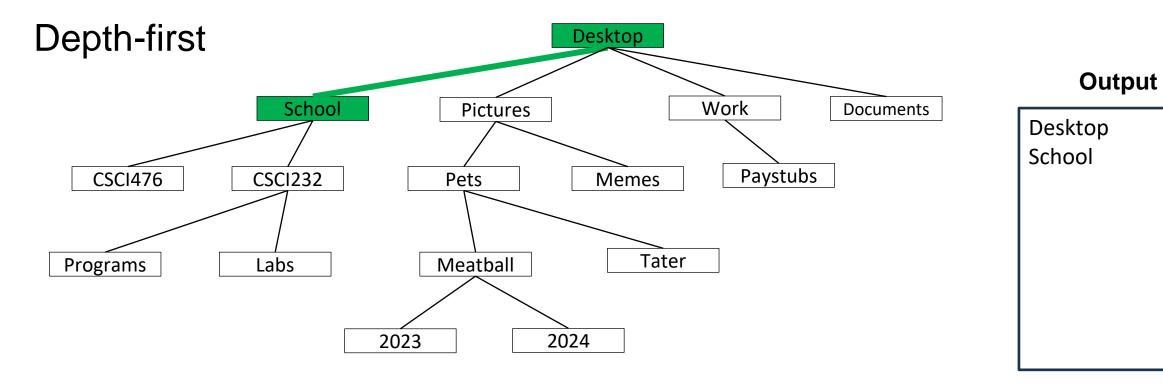






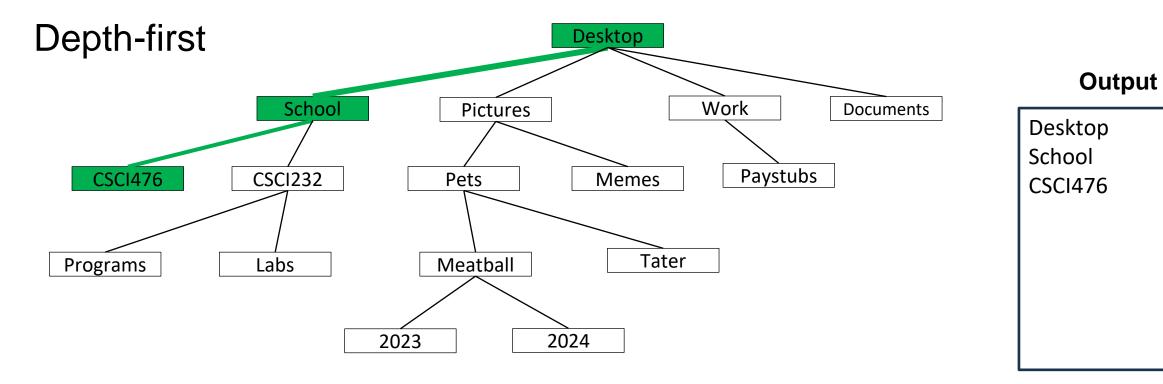
#### 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf





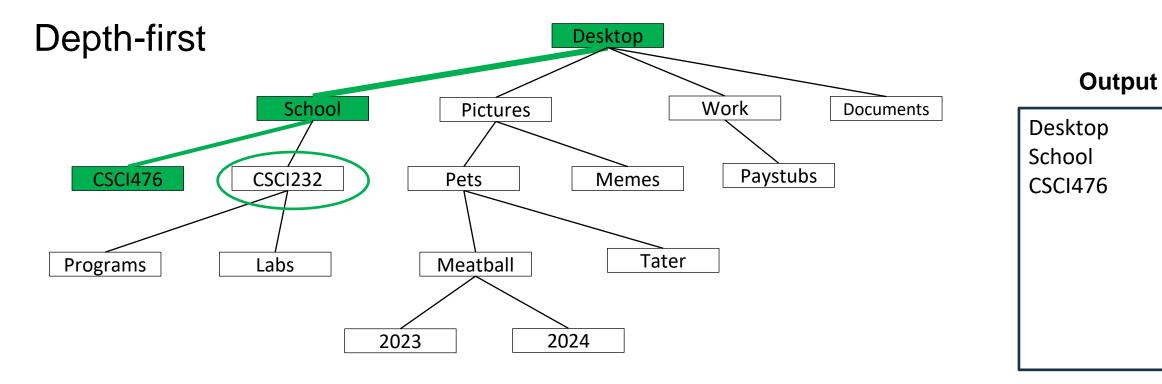
#### 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf





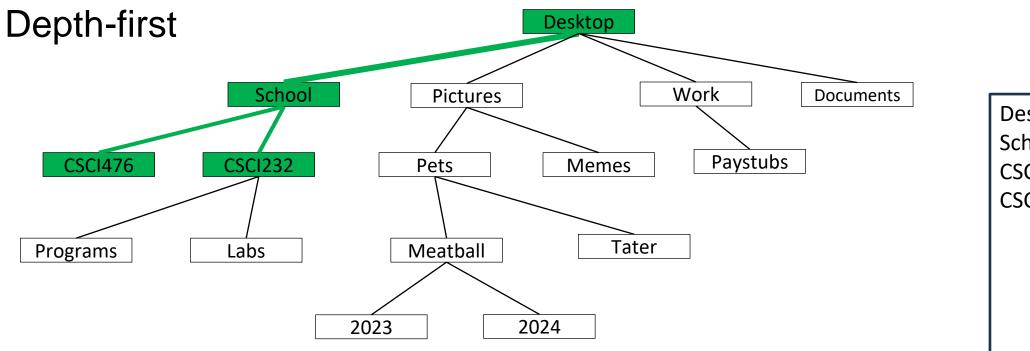
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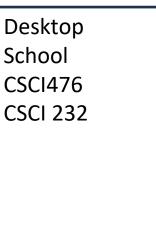




- 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf
- 2. Backtrack until unvisited child is encountered



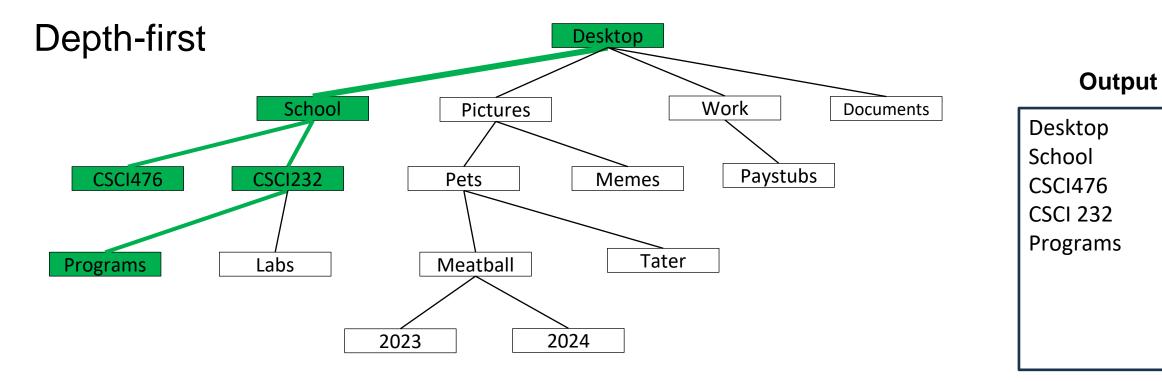




Output

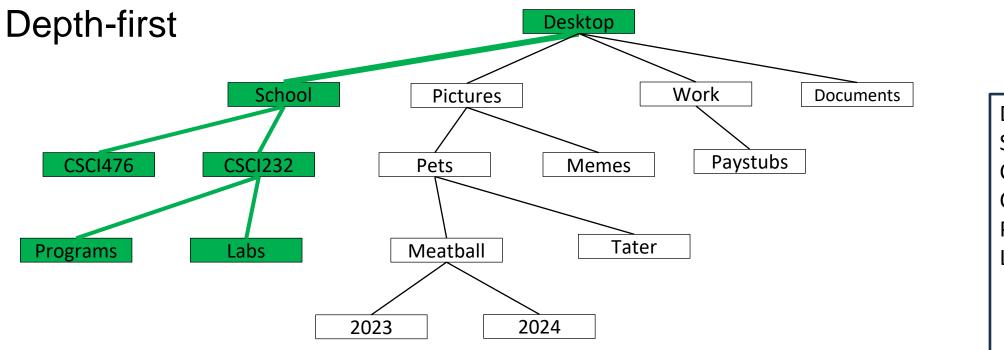
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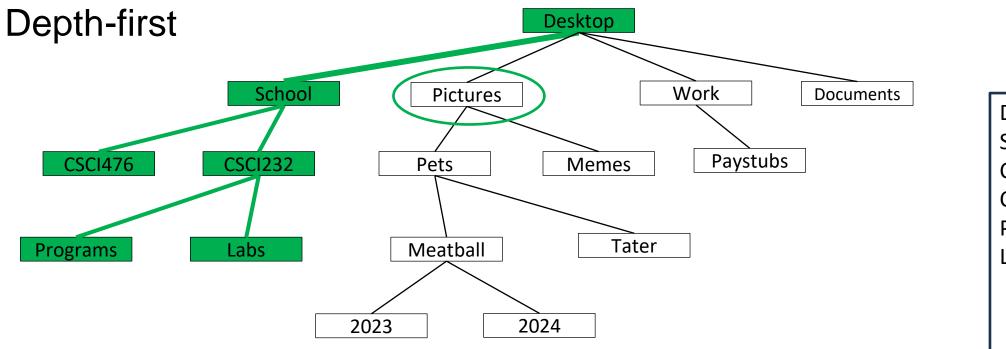




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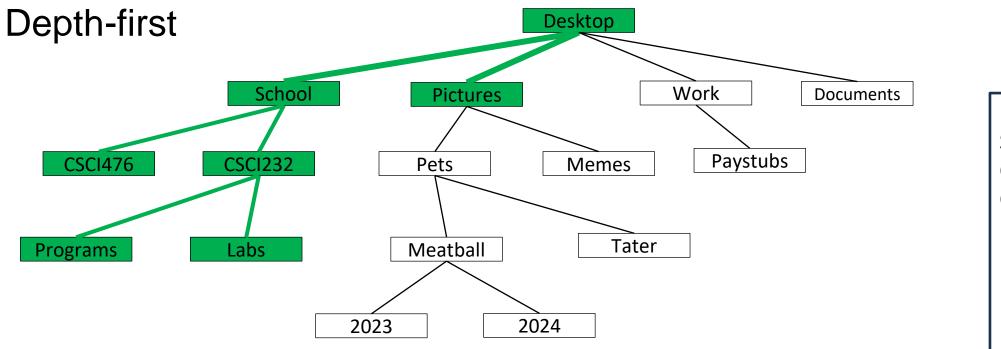




Output Desktop School CSCI476 CSCI 232 Programs Labs

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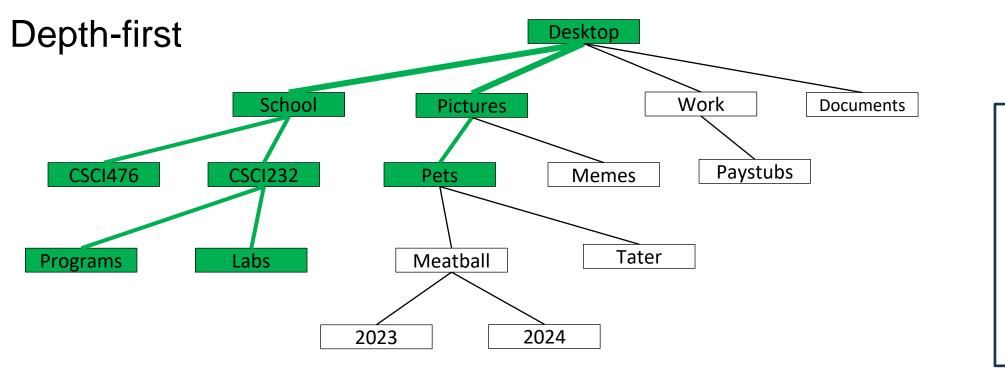




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- 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf
- 2. Backtrack until unvisited child is encountered
- 3. Repeat

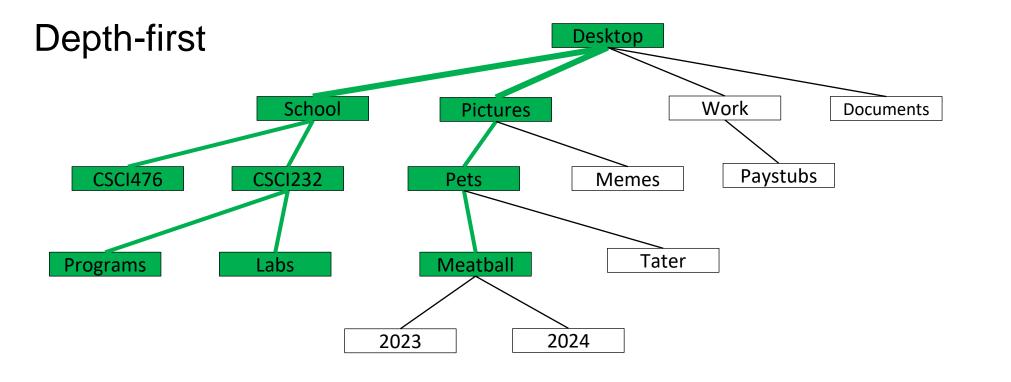




Output Desktop School CSCI476 CSCI 232 Programs Labs Pictures Pets

- 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf
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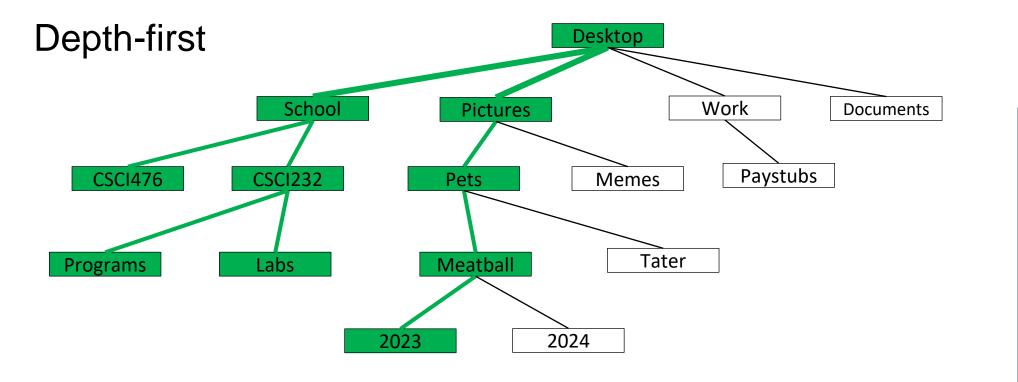




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- 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf
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- 3. Repeat



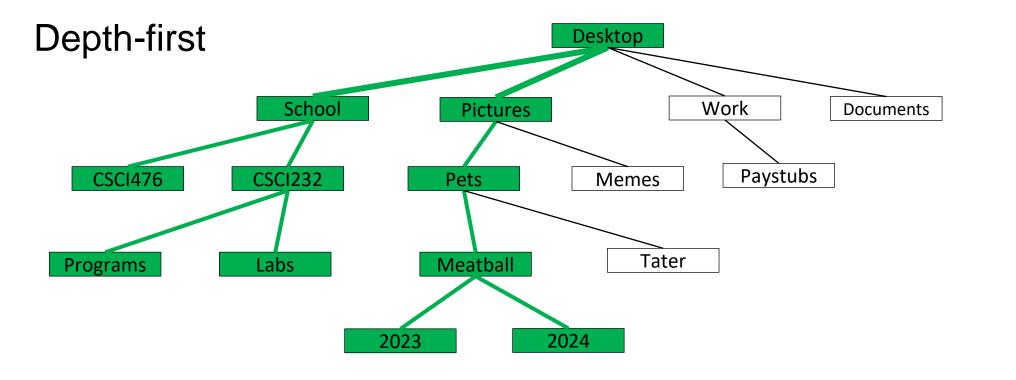


Desktop School **CSCI476 CSCI 232** Programs Labs Pictures Pets Meatball 2023

Output

- 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf
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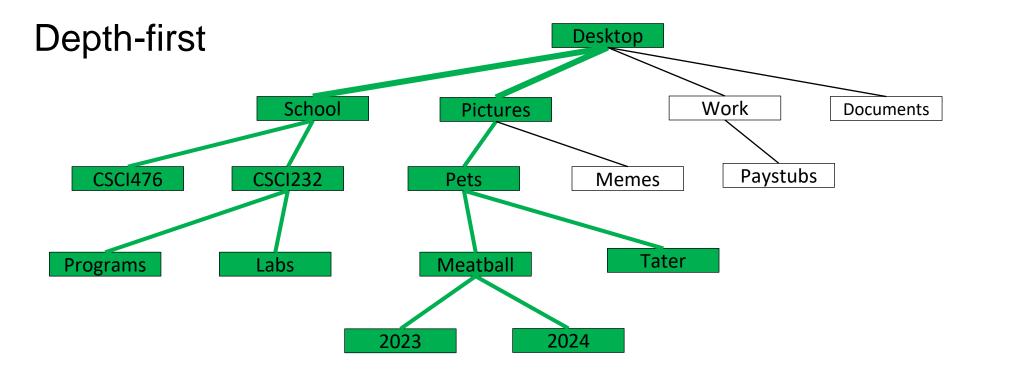


Desktop School **CSCI476 CSCI 232** Programs Labs Pictures Pets Meatball 2023 2024

Output

- 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf
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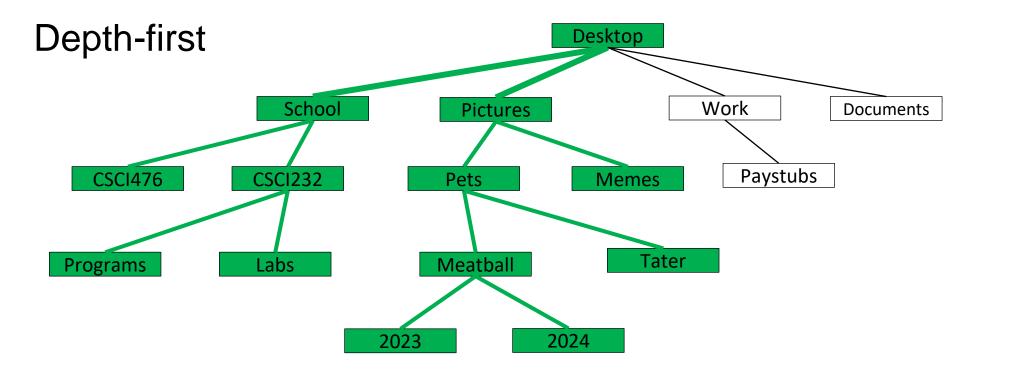


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Output



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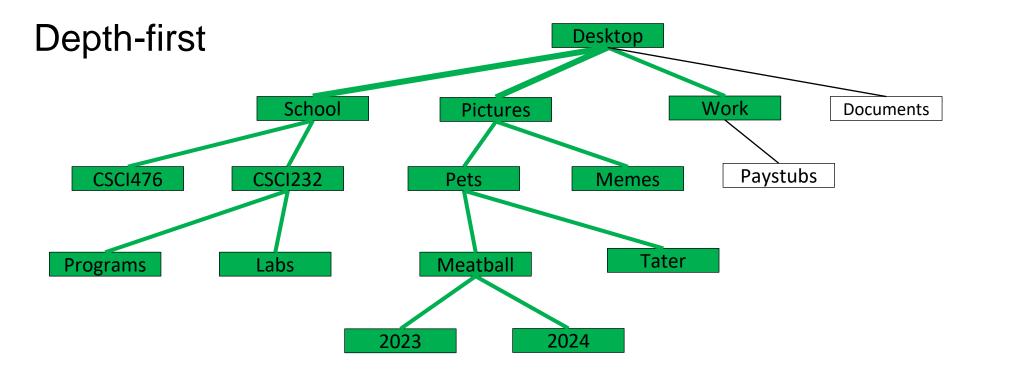
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Output



## 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf

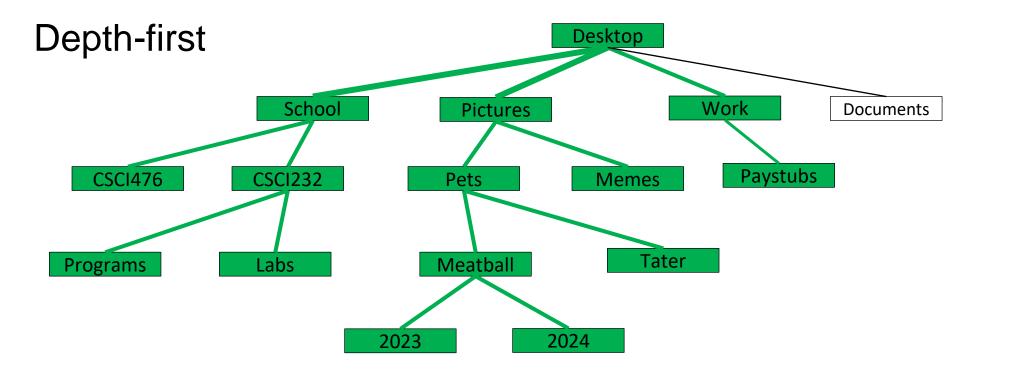
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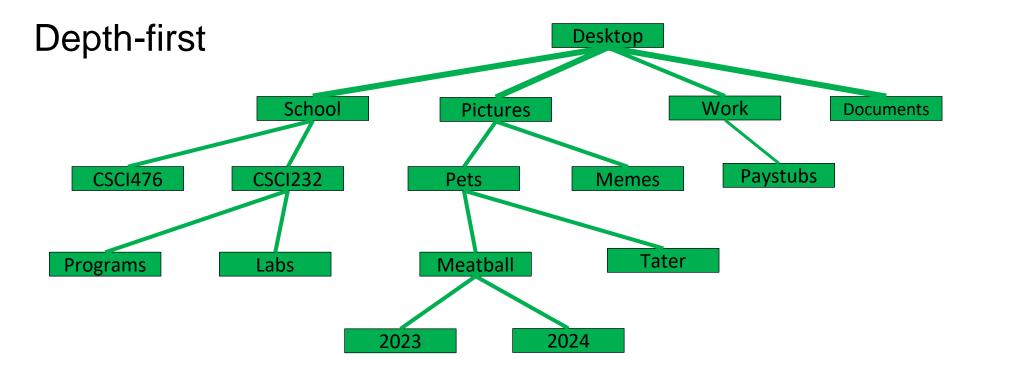




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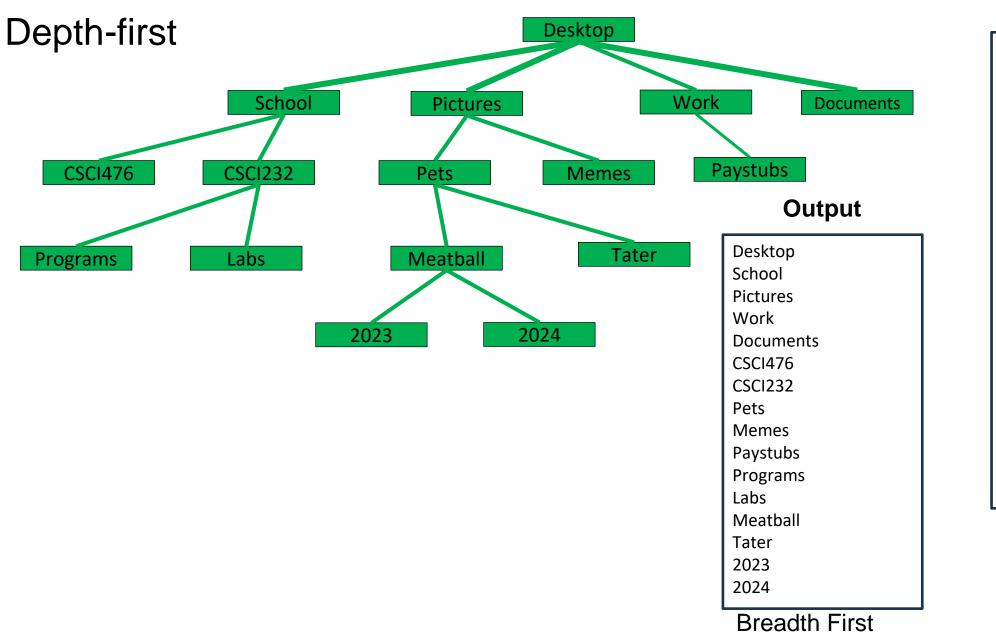




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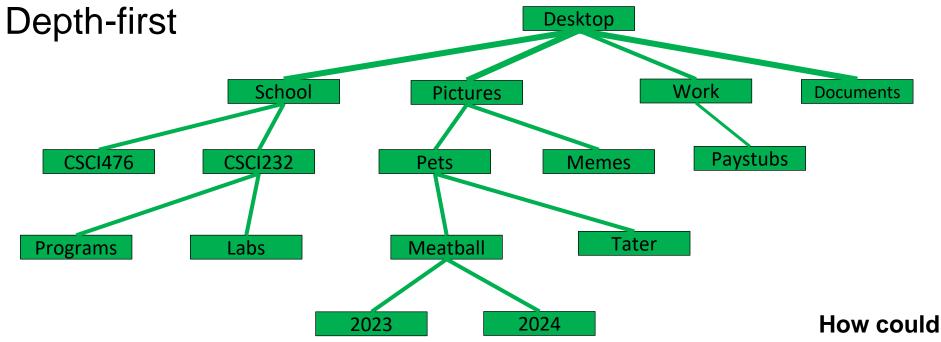


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Output

Depth First

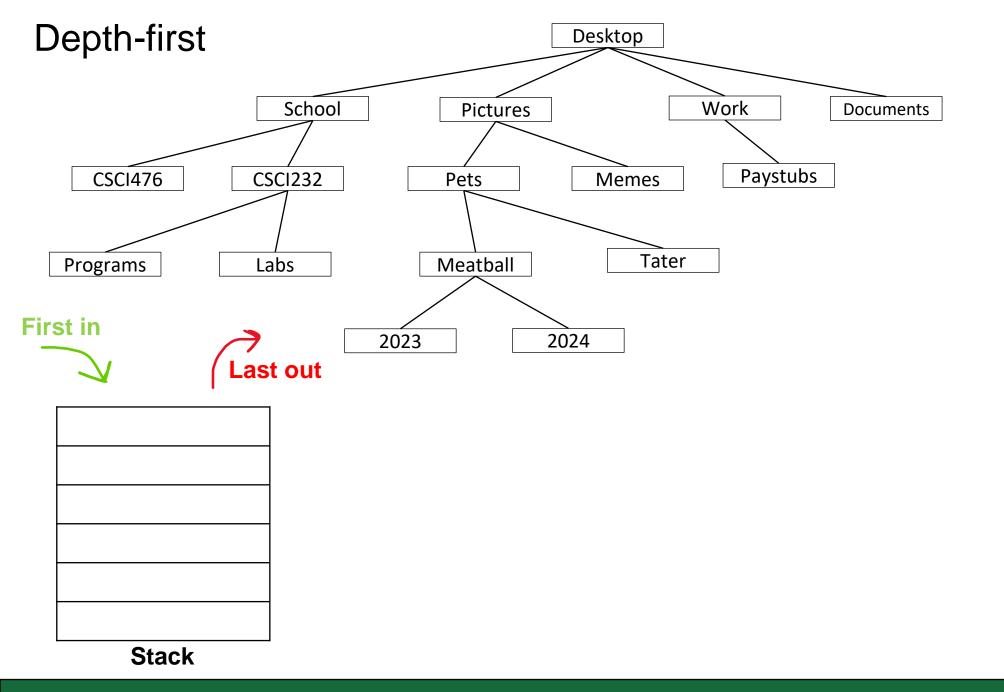




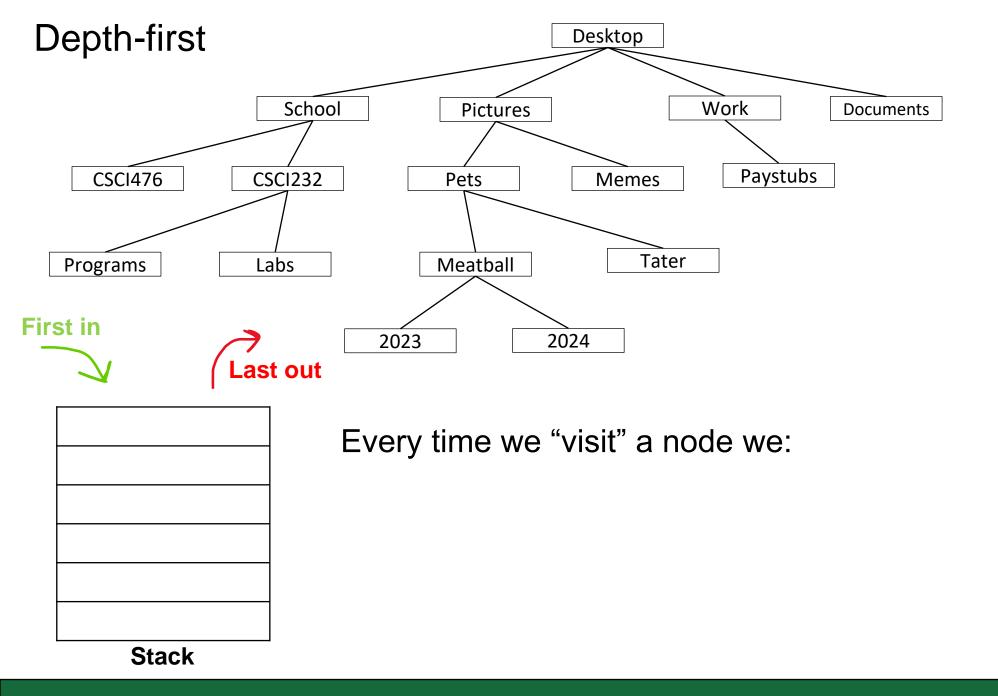
How could we implement this?

- 1. Go all the way down the "first" leaf
- 2. Backtrack until unvisited child is encountered
- 3. Repeat

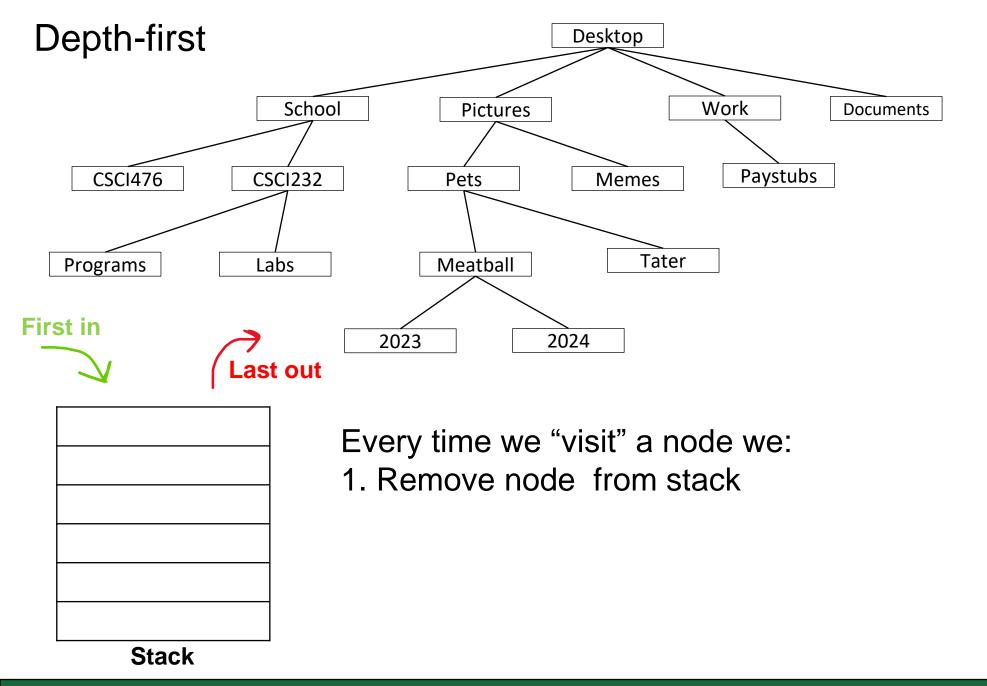




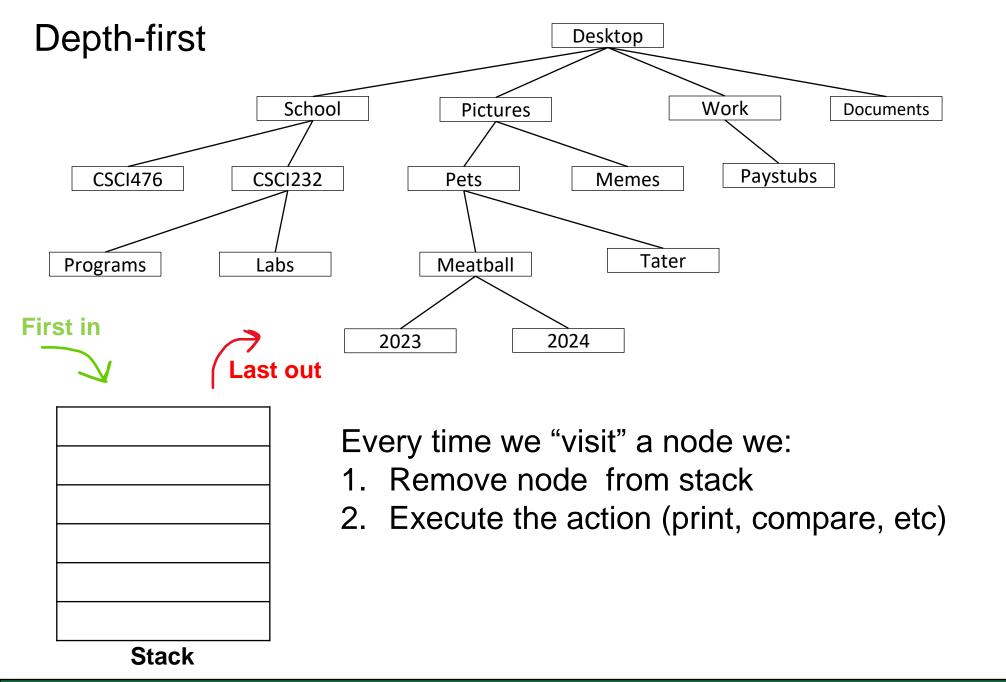




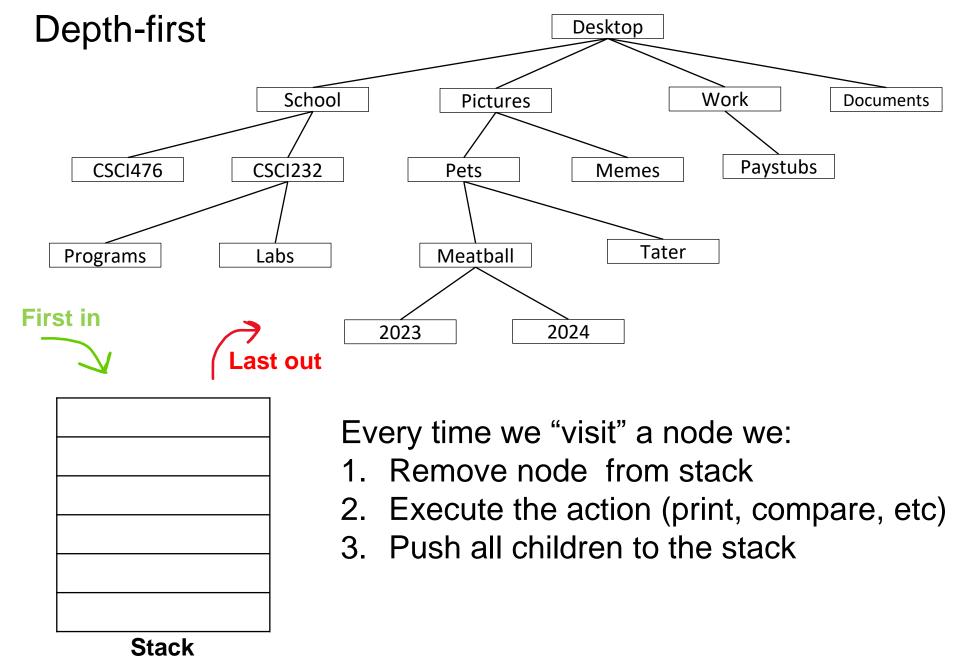






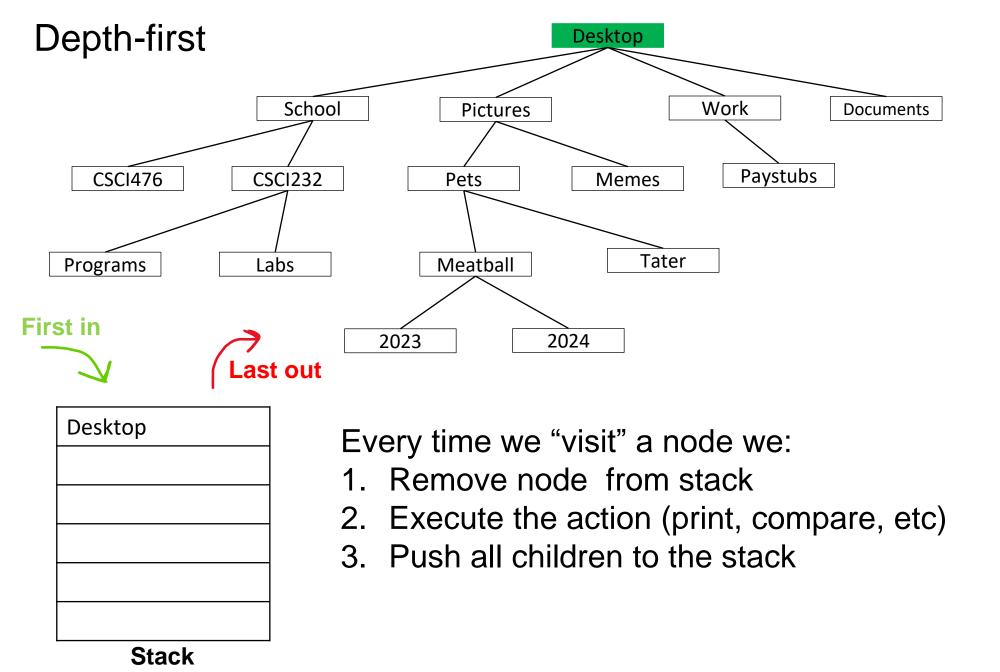




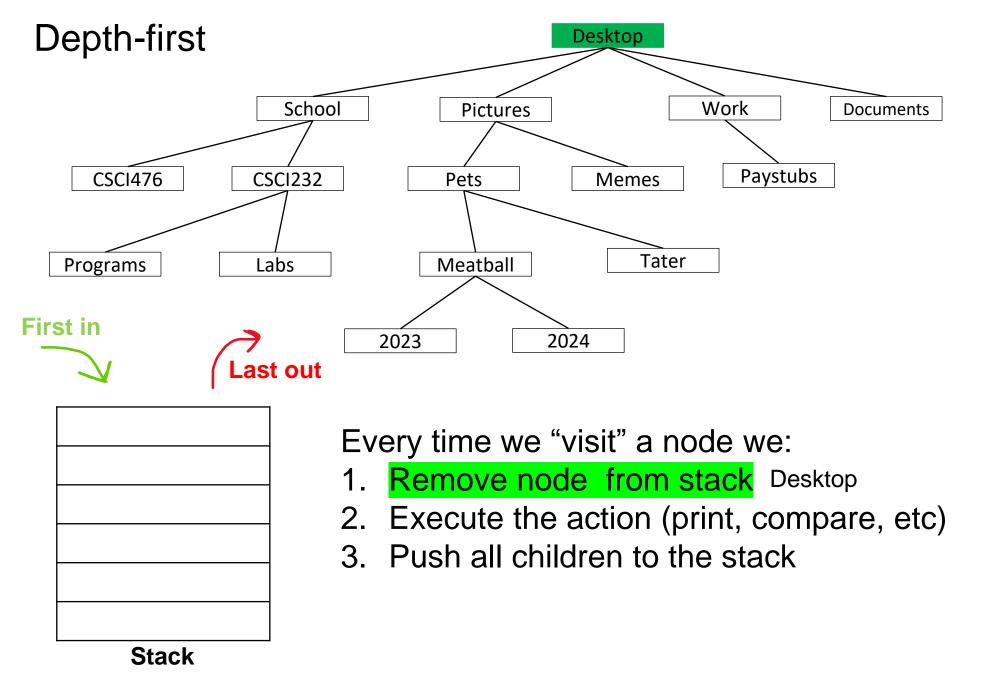




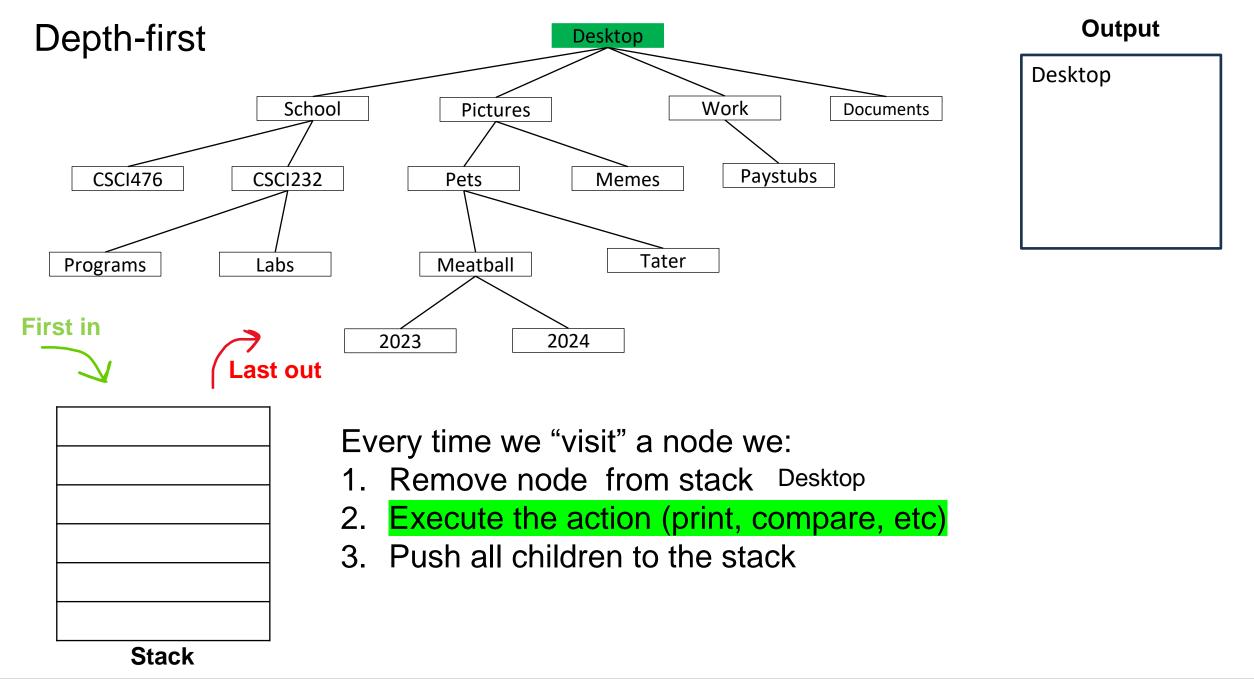
ack



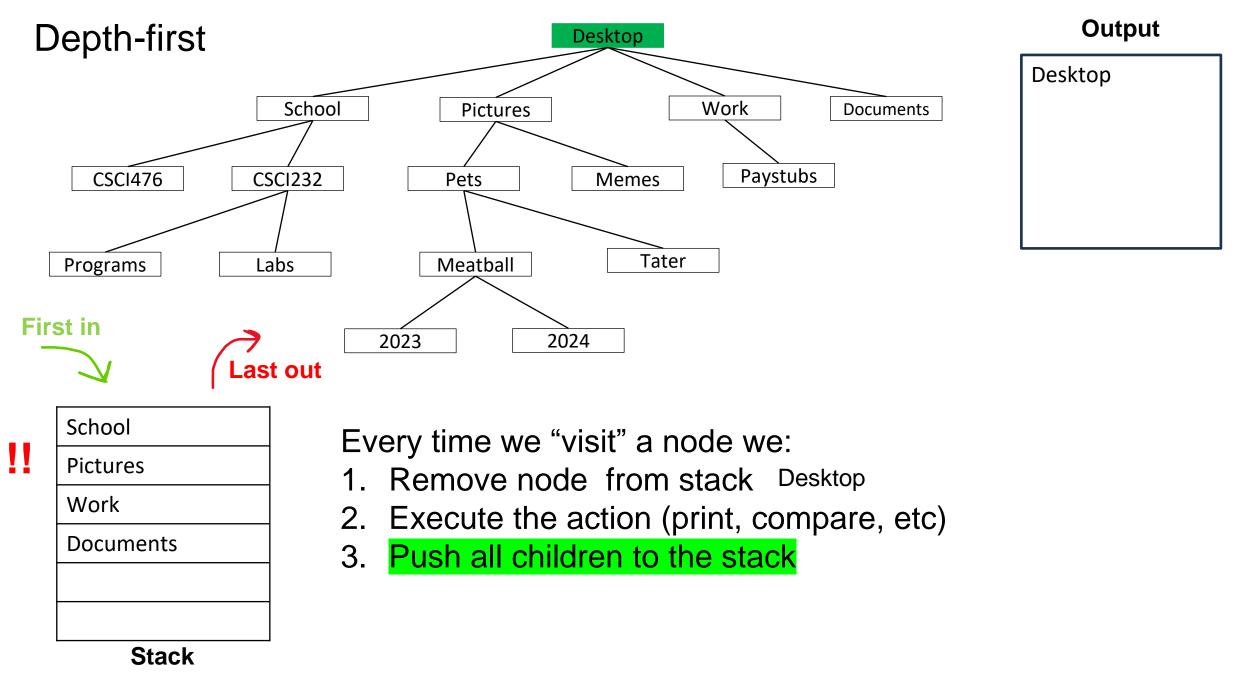








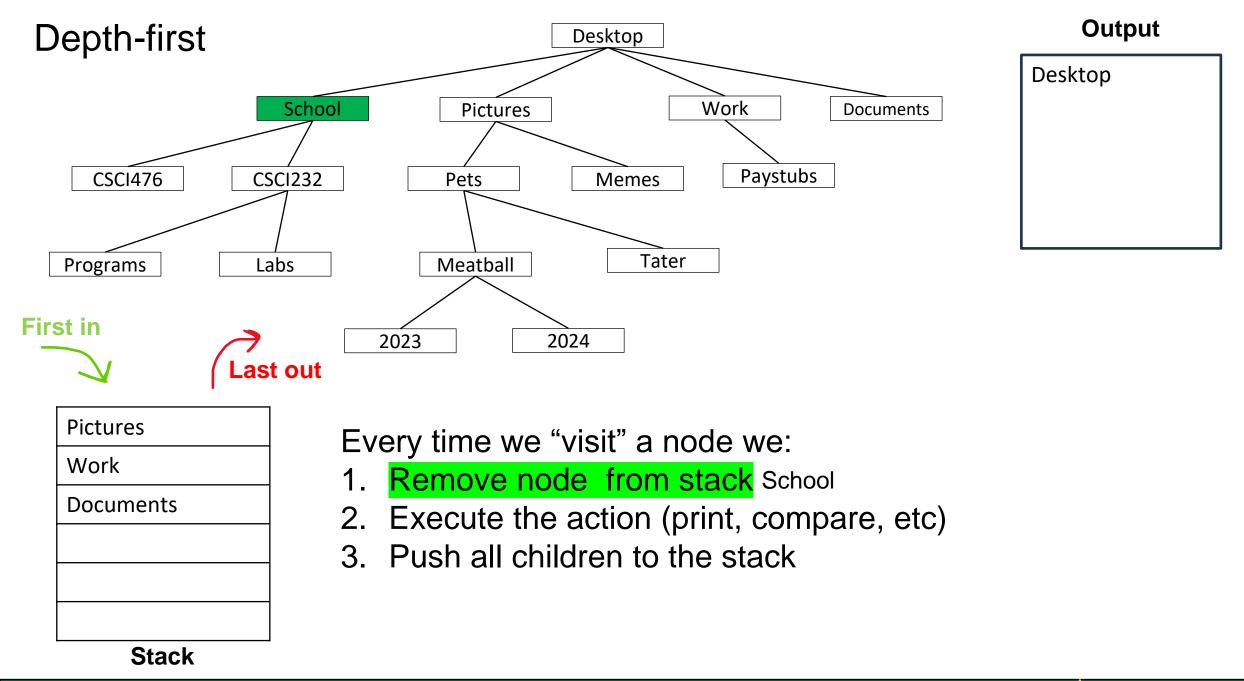
MONTANA 87



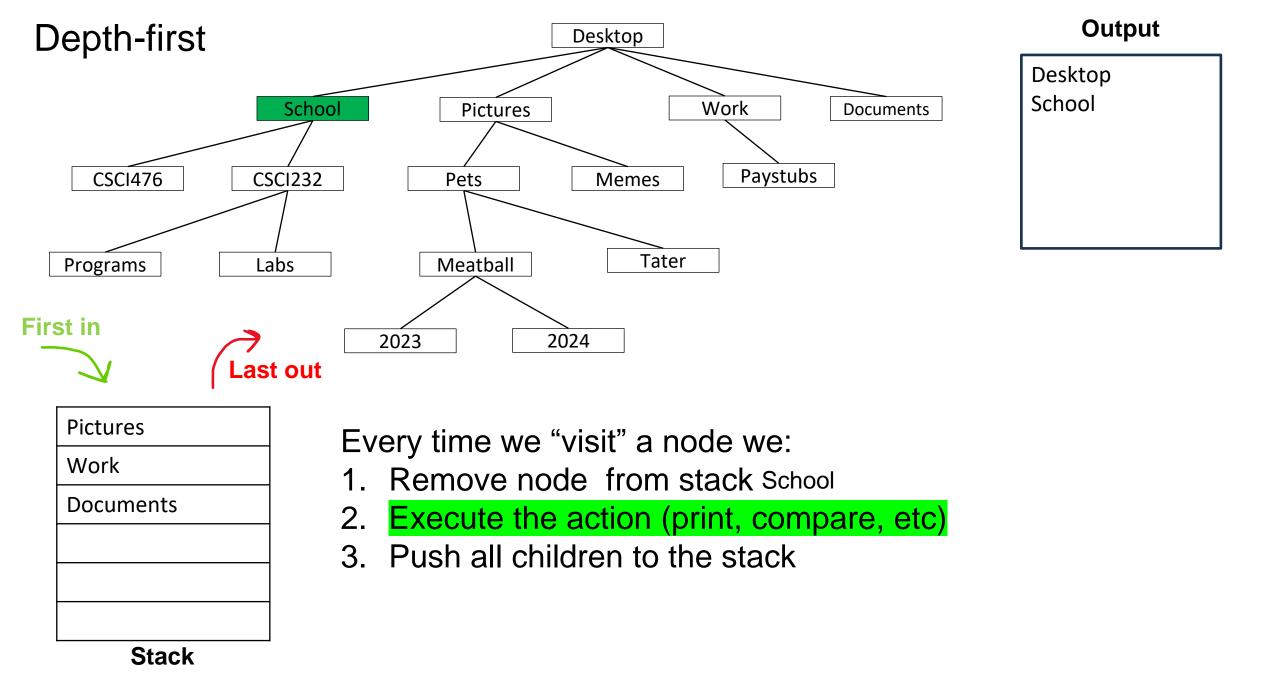
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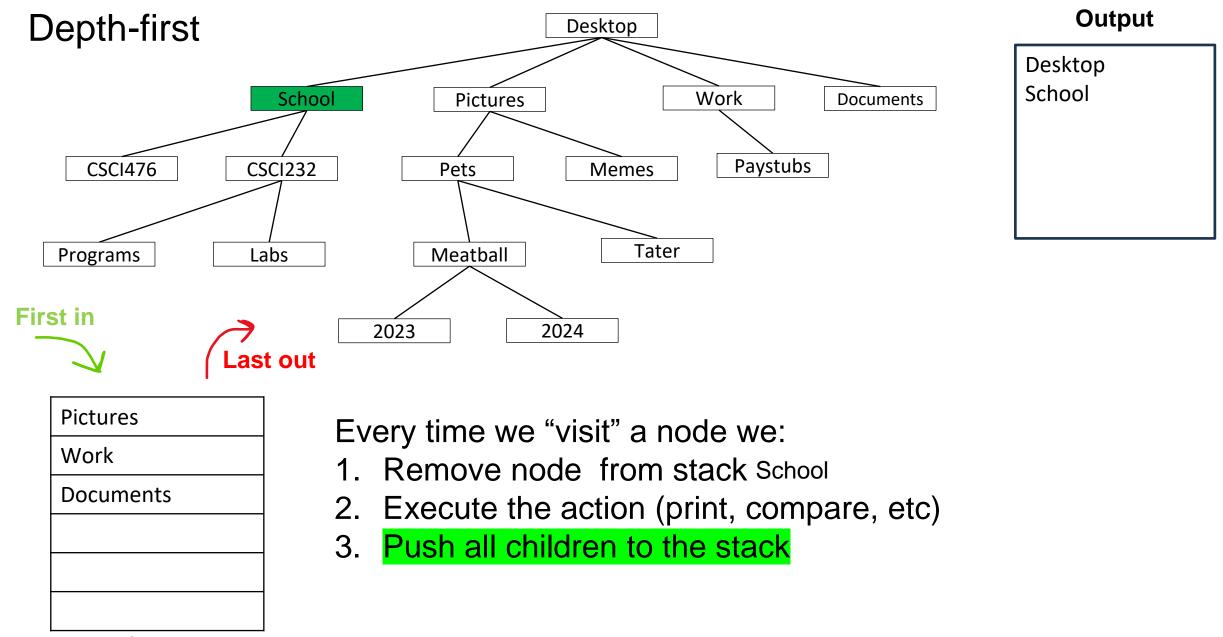
MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY



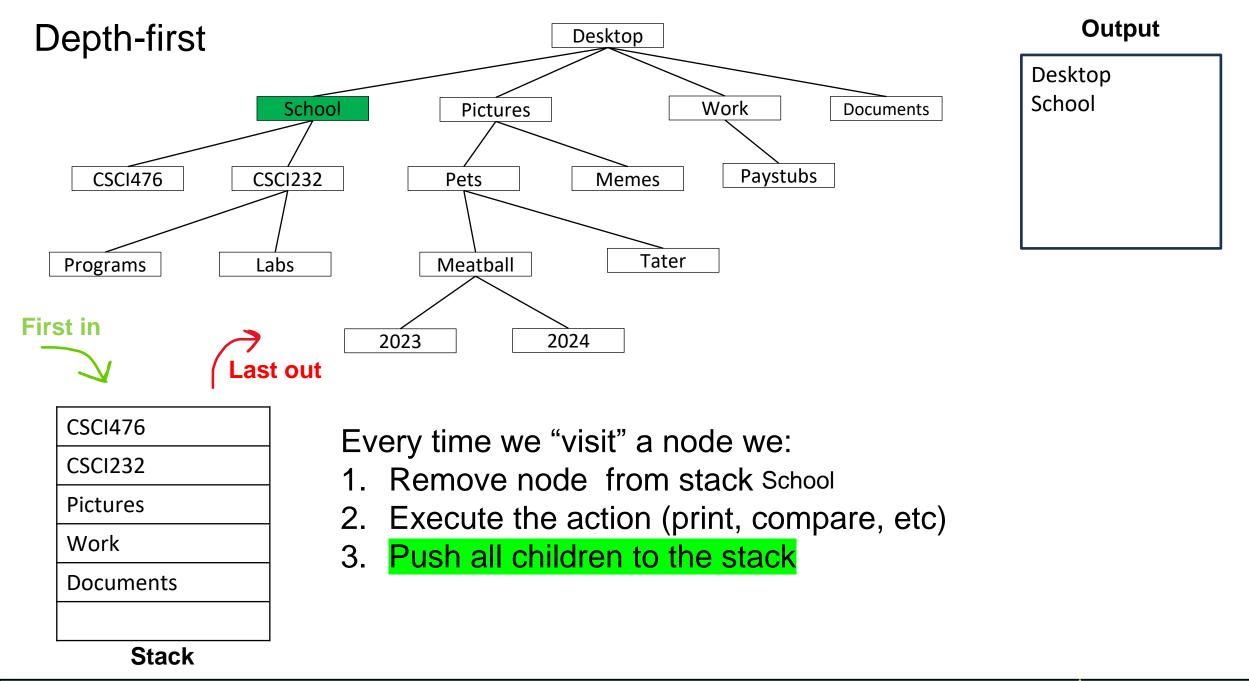




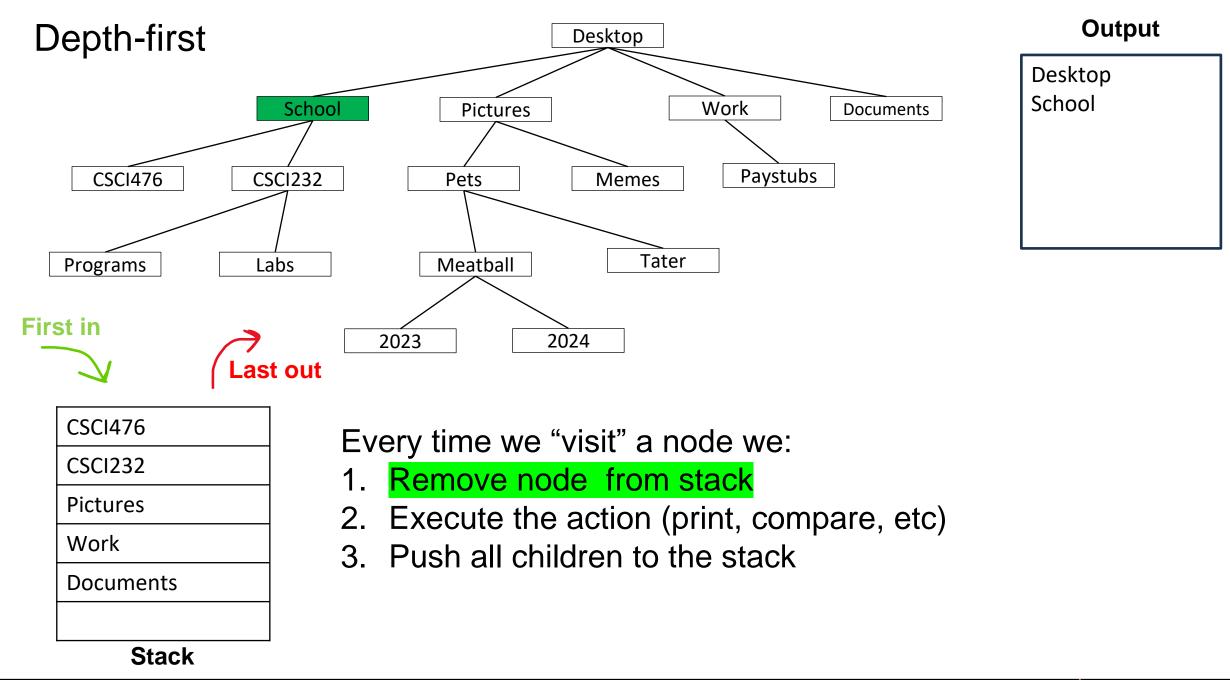




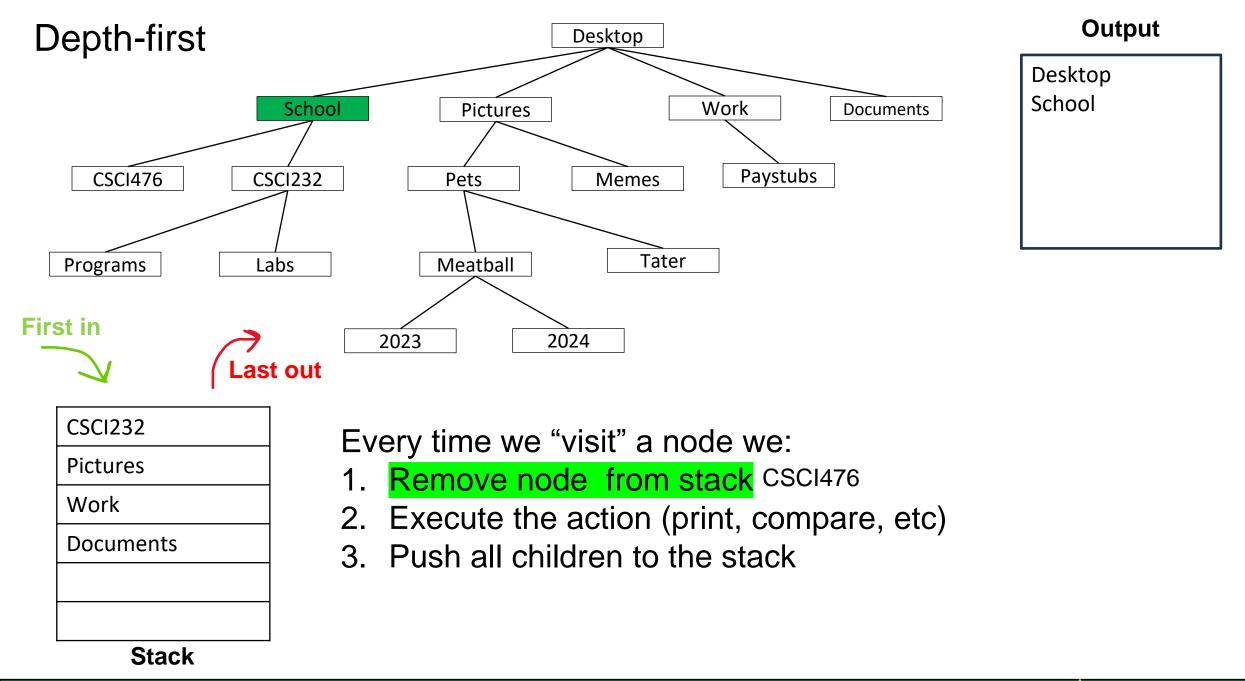




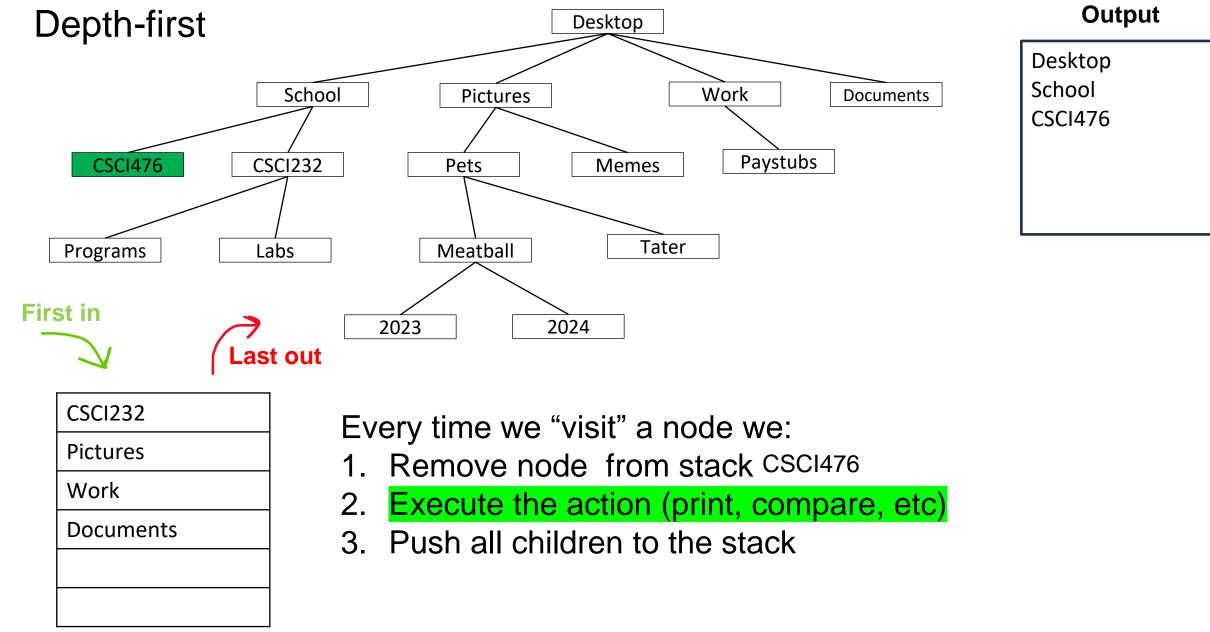




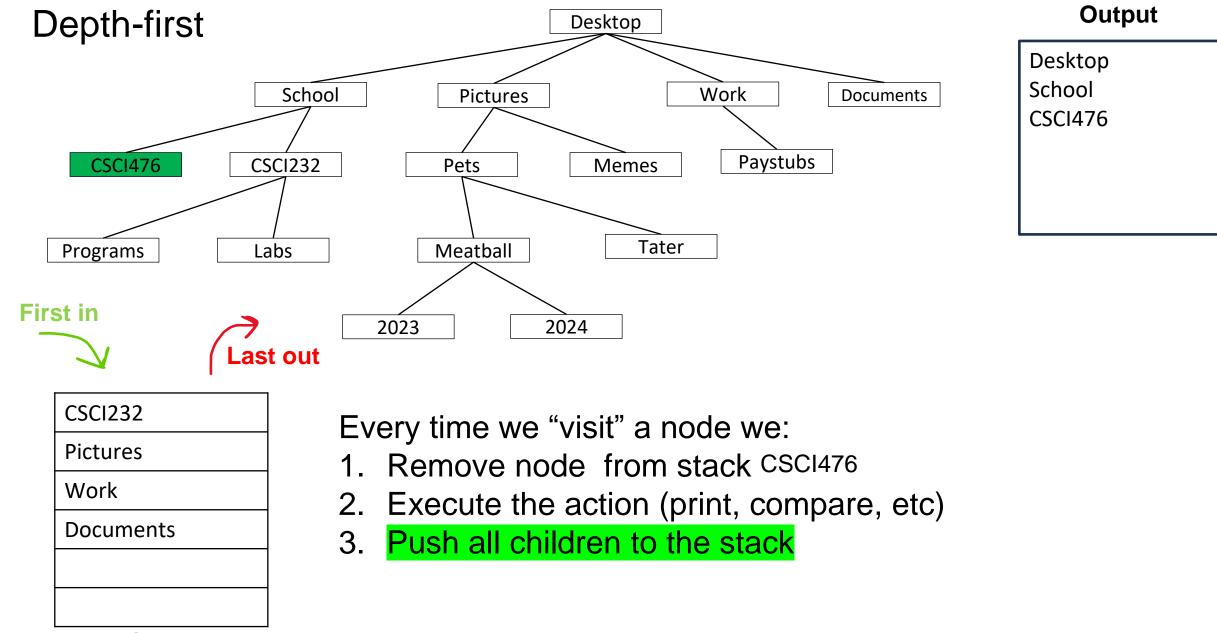




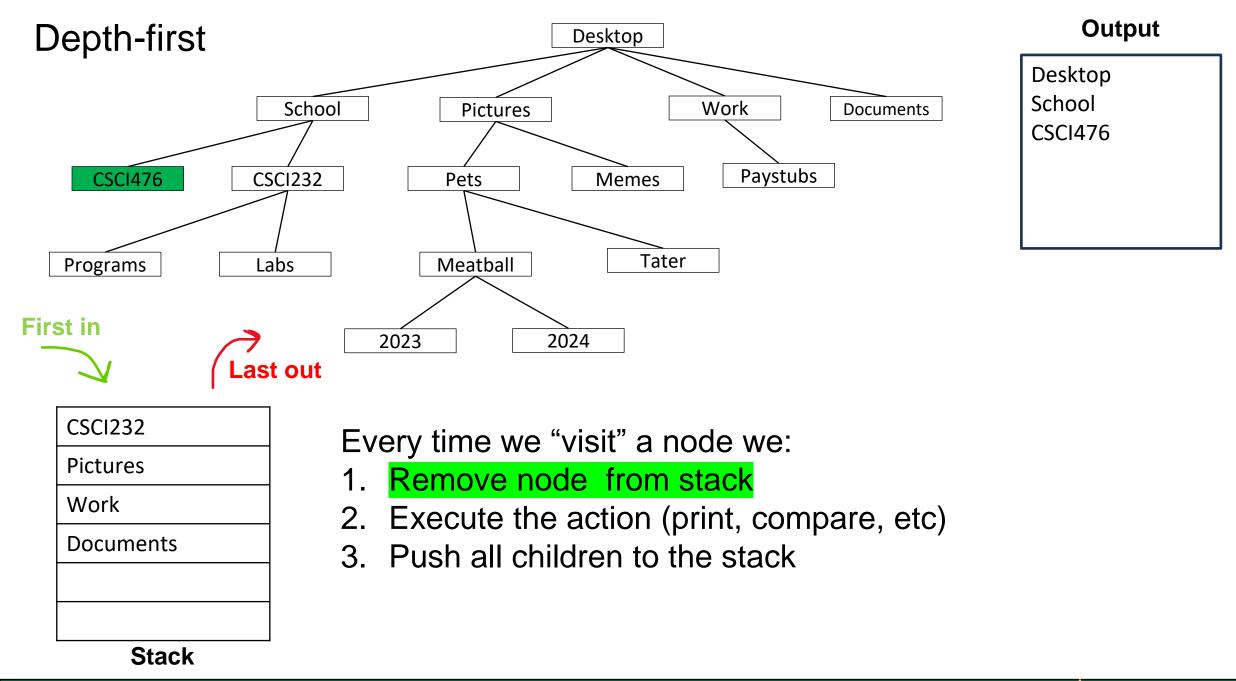
MONTANA 94



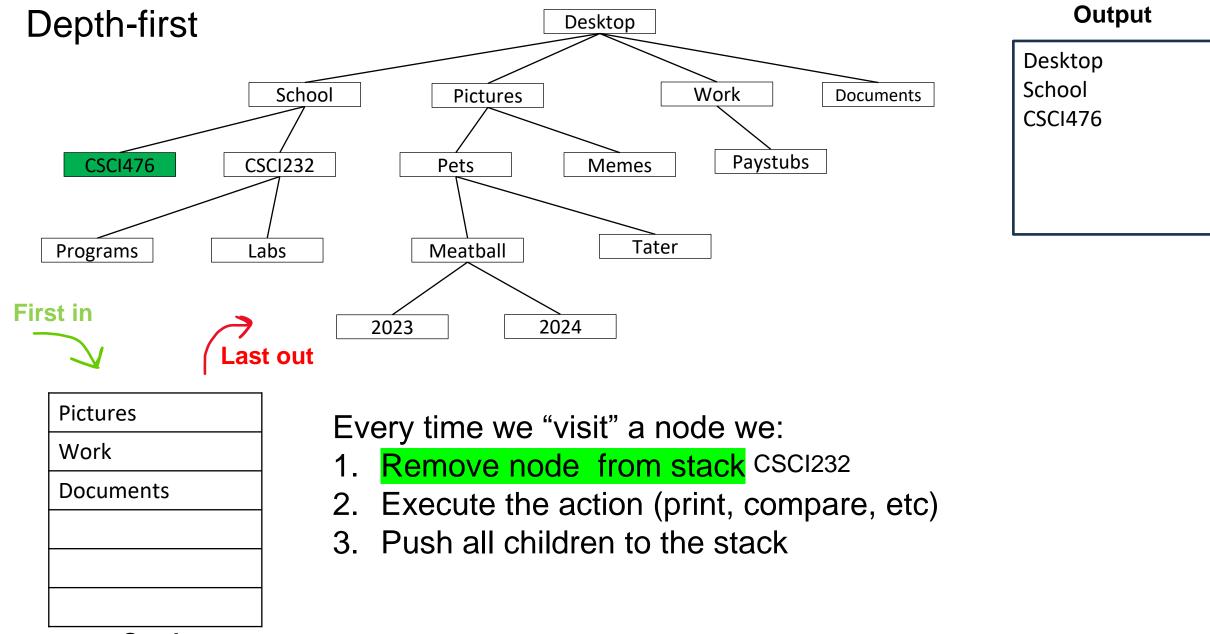




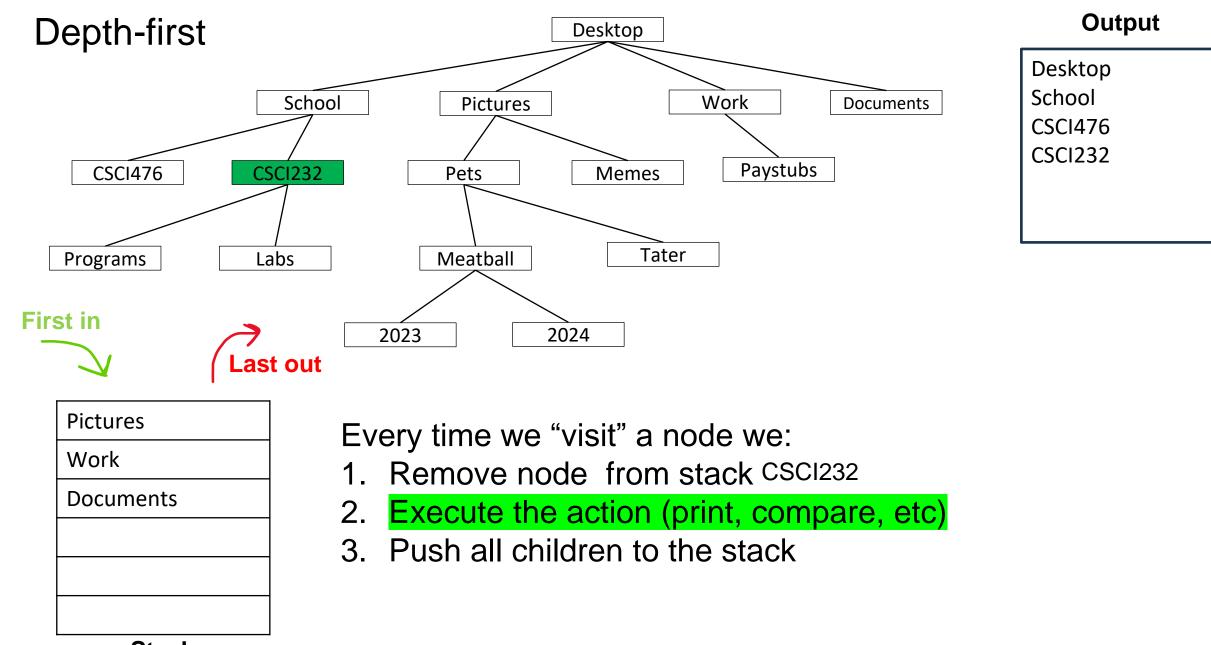




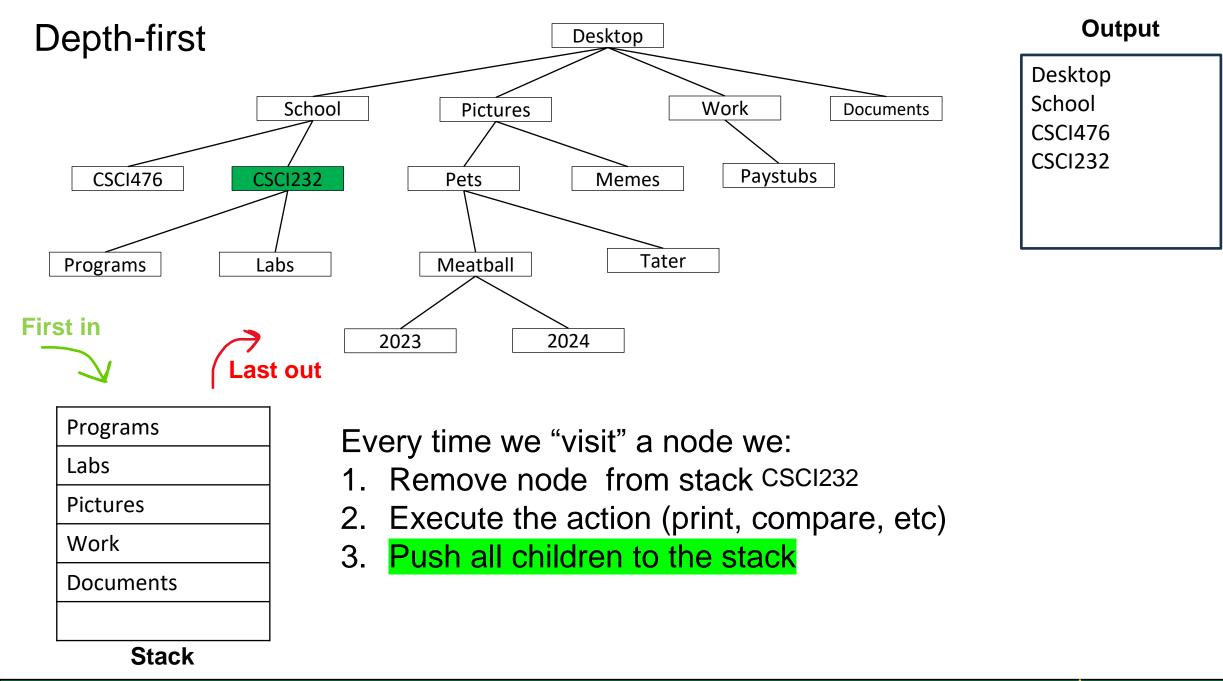
MONTANA 97



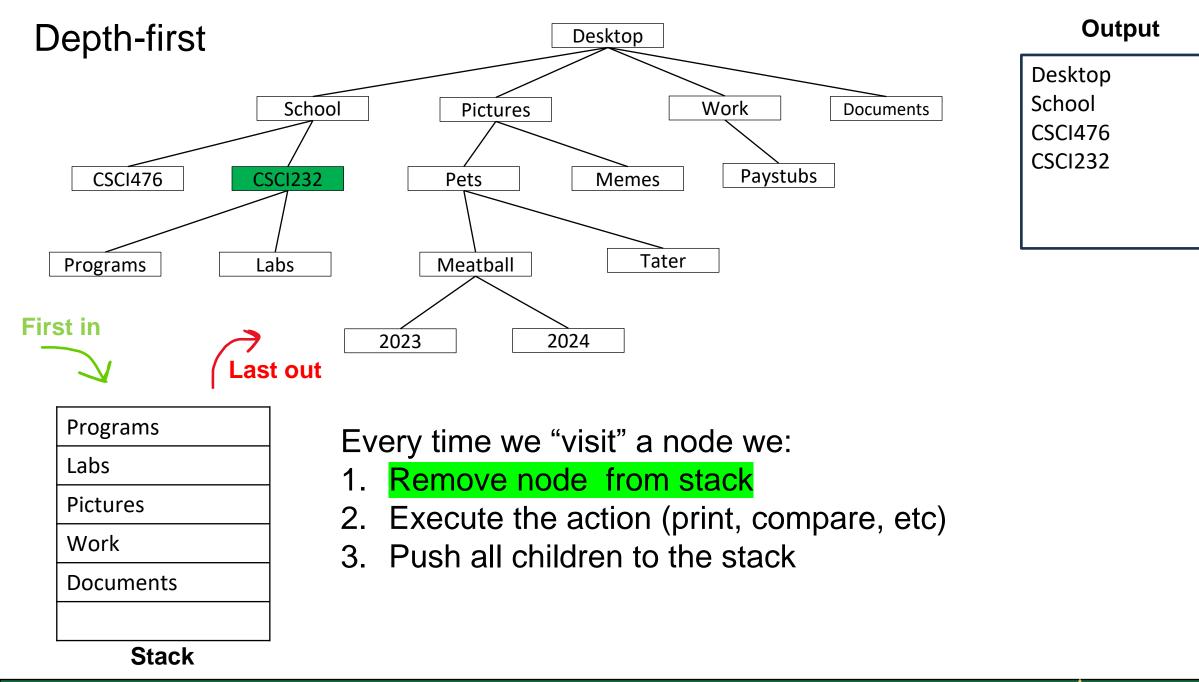




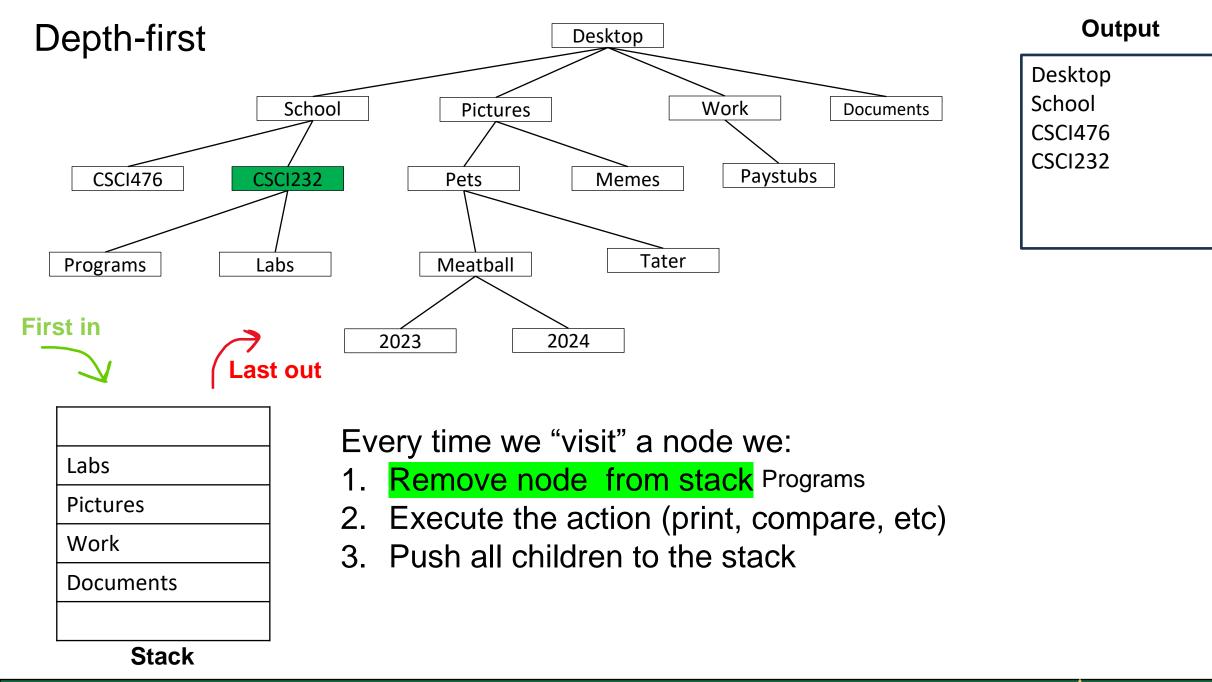




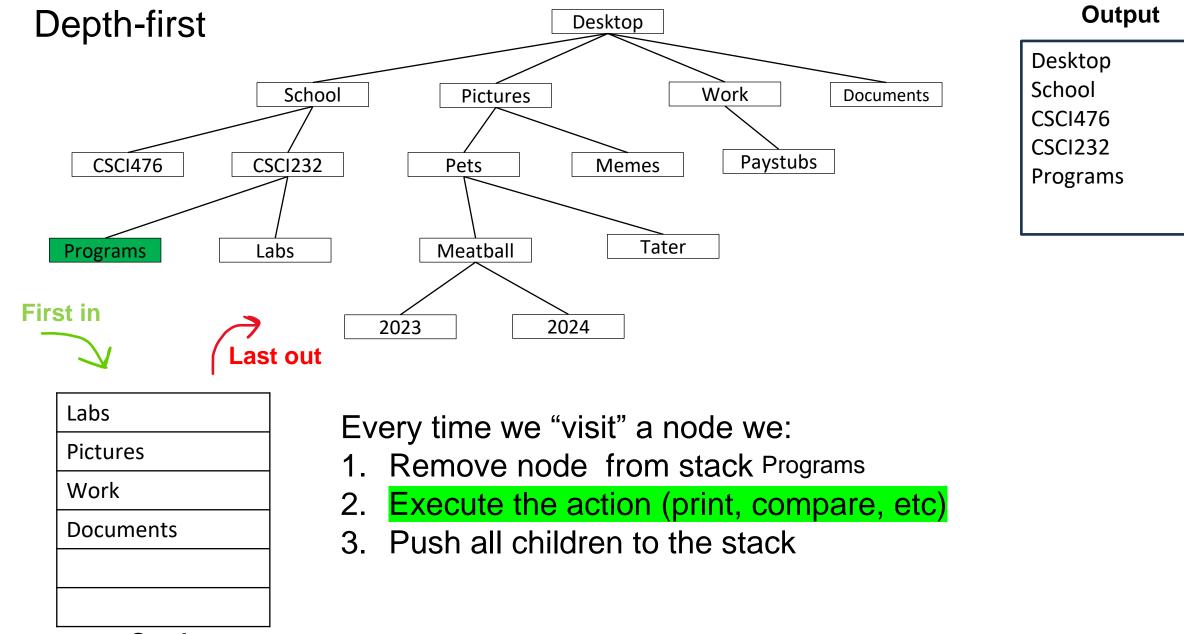




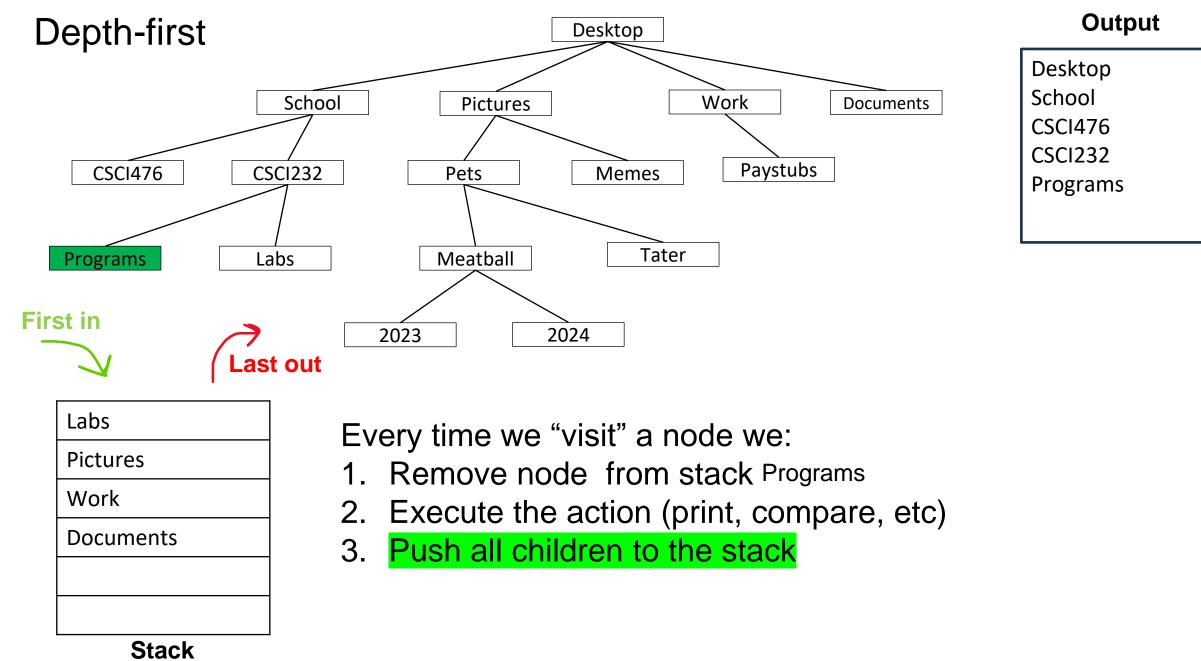




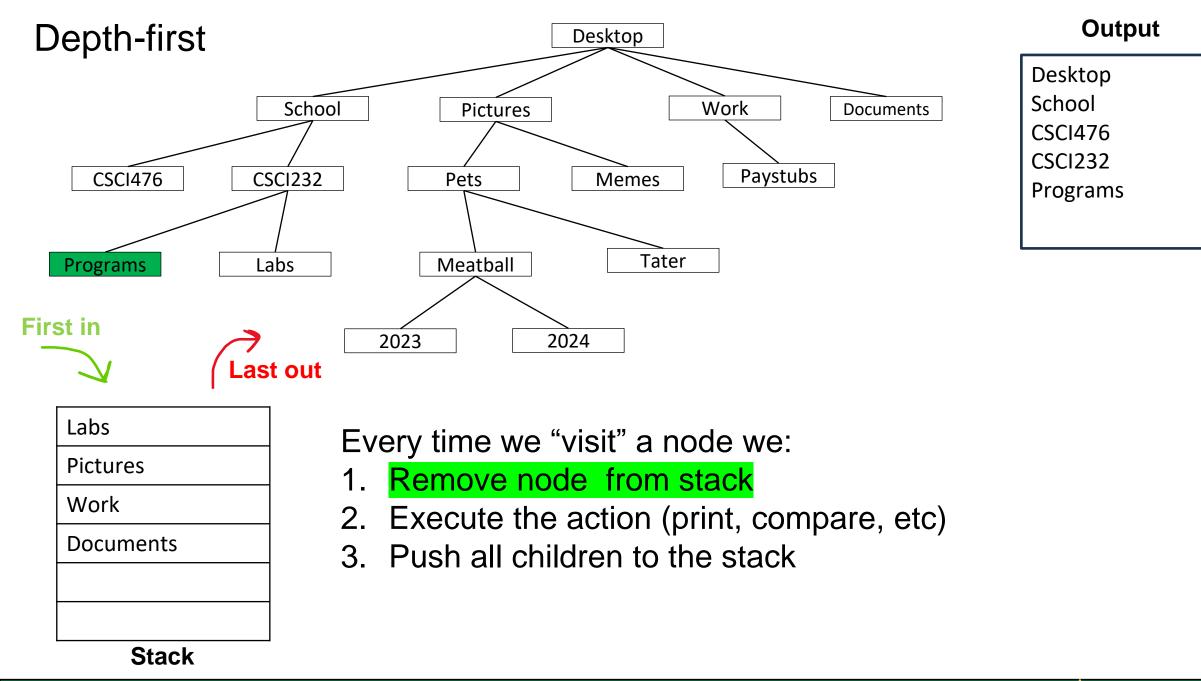




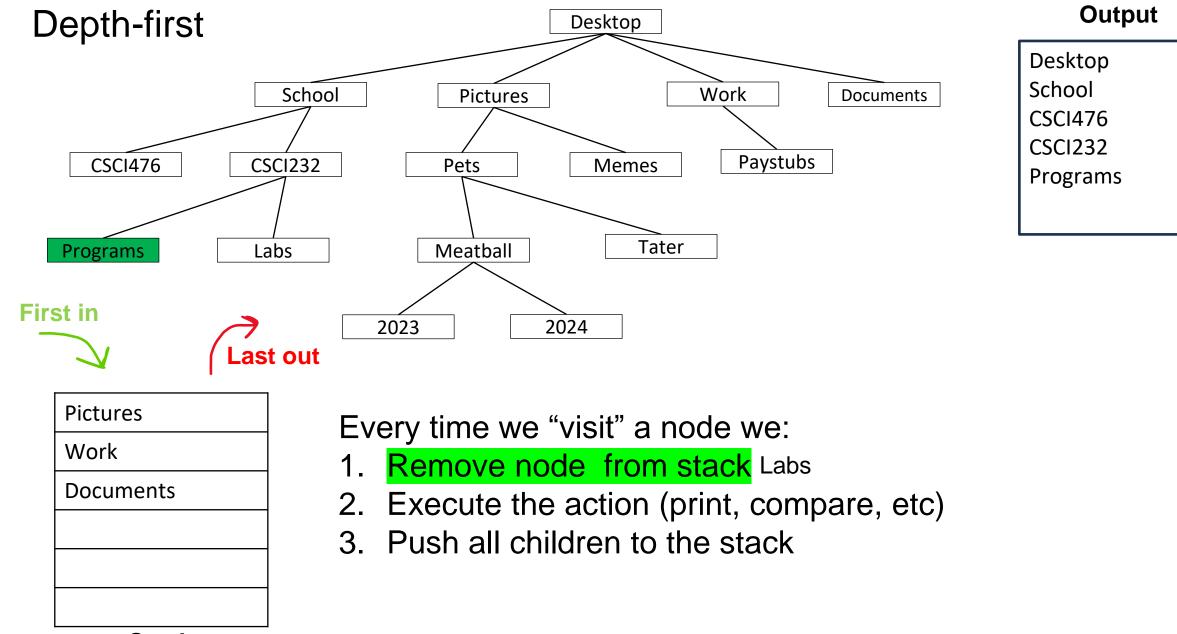




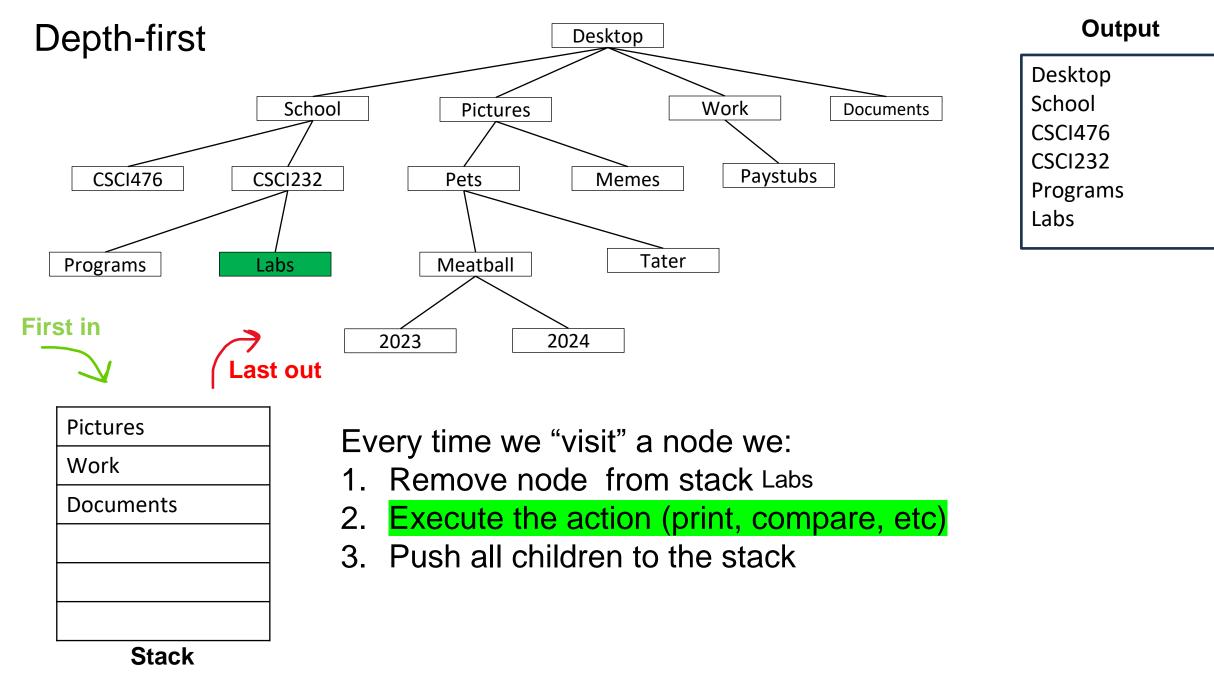
MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY 104



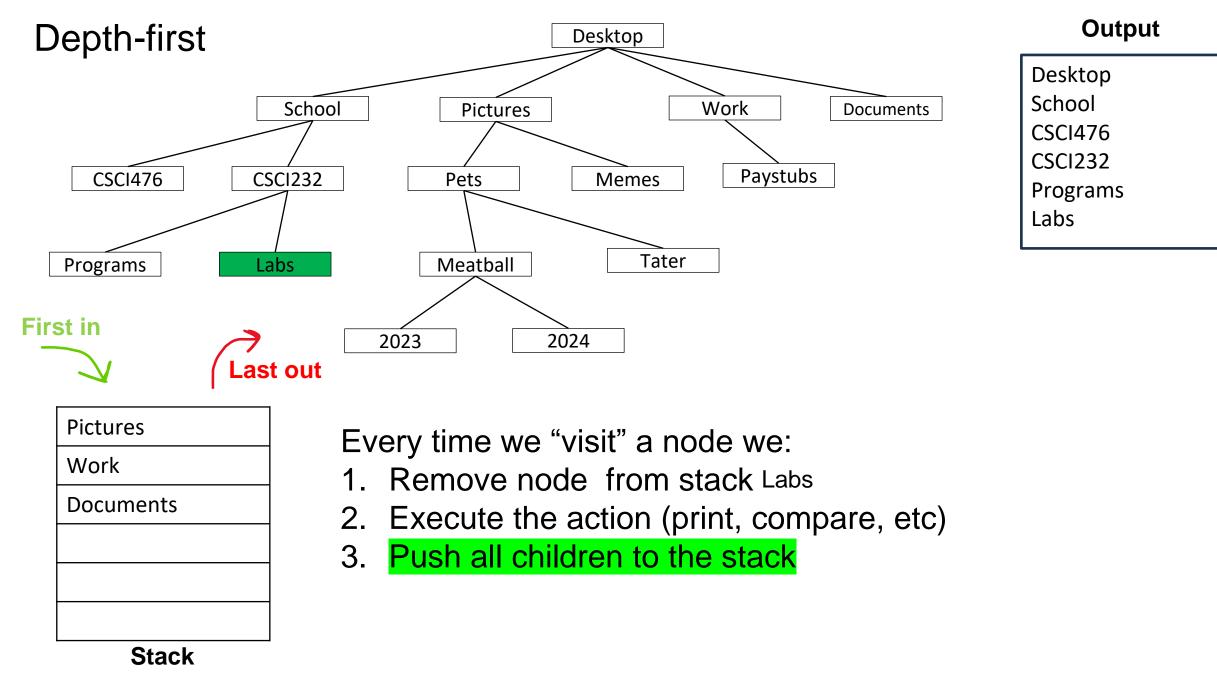




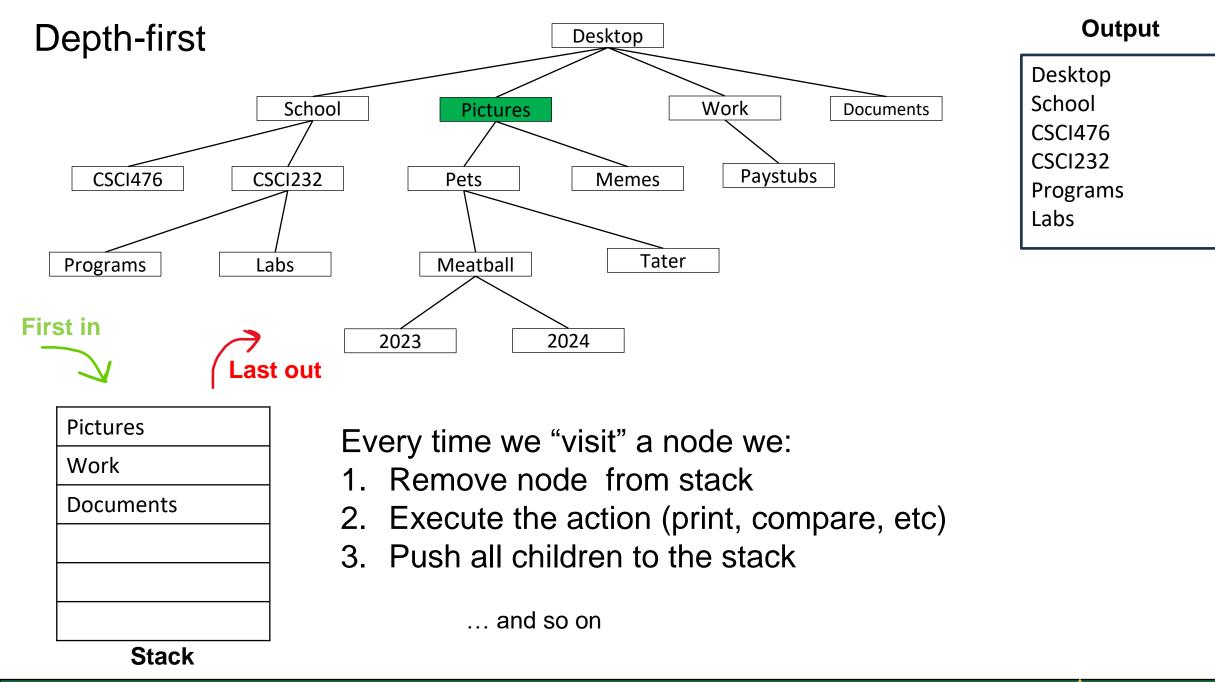














#### public void depthFirst(){

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack



```
public void depthFirst(){
```

```
Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
```

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack



```
public void depthFirst(){
```

```
Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
```

```
if ( root != null){
```

```
stack.add(root);
```

Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack

#### Start at the root node



```
public void depthFirst(){
```

```
Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
```

```
if ( root != null){
```

}

```
stack.add(root);
```

```
while (!stack.isEmpty()){
```

Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack

Keep looping as long as we have unvisited nodes in our stack



```
public void depthFirst(){
```

```
Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
```

```
if ( root != null){
```

}

```
stack.add(root);
```

```
while (!stack.isEmpty()){
    Node remove = stack.pop()
```

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack



```
public void depthFirst(){
```

```
Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
```

```
if ( root != null){
```

}

```
stack.add(root);
```

```
while (!stack.isEmpty()){
    Node remove = stack.pop();
    System.out.println(.....);
```

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack



```
public void depthFirst(){
```

```
Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
```

```
if ( root != null){
```

}

```
stack.add(root);
```

```
while (!stack.isEmpty()){
    Node remove = stack.pop();
    System.out.println(.....);
```

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack



```
public void depthFirst(){
       Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
       if ( root != null){
               stack.add(root);
               while (!stack.isEmpty()){
                       Node remove = stack.pop();
                       System.out.println(.....);
                       for(Node c: remove.getChildren()){
               }
```

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack



```
public void depthFirst(){
       Stack<Node> stack = new Stack<Node>();
       if ( root != null){
               stack.add(root);
               while (!stack.isEmpty()){
                      Node remove = stack.pop();
                       System.out.println(.....);
                       for(Node c: remove.getChildren()){
                              stack.push(c);
               }
```

Every time we "visit" a node we:

- 1. Remove node from stack
- 2. Execute the action (print, compare, etc)
- 3. Push all children to the stack

#### Let's code this!





