Final Exam Study Guide

Logistics (10% of your final grade)

- Monday, May 5th @ 2:00 PM 3:50 PM in Norm Asbjornson Hall 166
- Time length: 110 minutes. This exam is designed to be completed in 60-75 minutes.
- Open notes. You are allowed to use your laptop, your IDE, any notes, slides, lecture examples, and java documentation.
- Final Exam will be in the form of a D2L/Brightspace Quiz.
- You are NOT allowed to use the internet to access external resources (Google, Stack Overflow, W3 Schools, etc)
- The midterm exam will consist of different types of question, such as:
 - Multiple choice questions
 - True/False
 - o Short answer

Content

The following topics are all fair game for the midterm exam.

- Arrays
- Linked Lists
- Big-O Notation, How to determine running time of an algorithm
- Stacks
- Queues
- Priority Queues
- Bubble Sort
- Selection Sort
- Merge Sort
- Quick Sort
- Other Sorting Algorithms
- Linear Search/Binary Search
- Recursion
- Java Generics
- Software Testing
- OOP Principles

Sample Exam Questions

- 1. What is the running time of adding a new element to a stack?
 - a. O(1)
 - b. O(N)
 - c. O(N²)
 - d. O(logn)
- 2. How does Merge Sort achieve O(nlogn) running time?
 - a. By using recursion.
 - b. By splitting our array in half in each recursive call, which requires half the amount of work
 - c. By checking each element only once
 - d. By only having no for loops
- 3. True/False: The Binary Search algorithm only works on a sorted dataset.
- 4. Consider the following code that uses a FIFIO queue:

```
Queue<String> queue = new LinkedList<String>();
```

```
queue.add("Blue");
```

```
queue.add("Red");
```

```
queue.add("Yellow");
```

```
System.out.println(queue.remove());
```

queue.add("Green");

```
queue.add("Purple");
```

```
System.out.println(queue.peek());
```

queue.remove();

queue.add("Orange");

```
System.out.println(queue.remove());
```

- 5. What is the output of the code above?
 - a. Yellow Purple Orange
 - b. Blue Red Green
 - c. Blue Red Yellow
 - d. Green Purple Orange
- 6. What is the running time of the code above?
 - a. O(1)
 - b. O(n)
 - c. O(n^2)
 - d. O(nlogn)

7. Given the following unsorted array:

10	6	21	14	1	3	5
10	0	21	± 1	-	5	5

Suppose you are running **selection sort** to sort this array of integers. Selection sort consists of several iterations across the array. Illustrate the steps of selection sort for each iteration until the array is sorted

Iteration 1

Iteration 2

Iteration 3

Iteration 4

Iteration 5

Iteration 6

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Iteration 7

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8. For each algorithm, provide the running time.

Linear Search	
Quick Sort	
Binary Search	
Popping an element from the Stack	
Printing out a linked list using	
recursion	

- 9. Suppose you want to create your own Stack data structure class, but you need to decide if you should use an Array or a Linked List. In general, when should you use an array vs a LinkedList as an underlying data structure for a stack?
 - a. You should use an array when you need fast insert time
 - b. If the amount of data is known ahead of time, one should use an array
 - c. An array cannot be used for a stack
 - d. If the Stack is holding objects, a Linked list is better
- 10. What is a stack overflow?
- 11. True/False: It doesn't matter what sorting algorithm I use; they all do the same thing in the end.
- 12. What is a unit test?