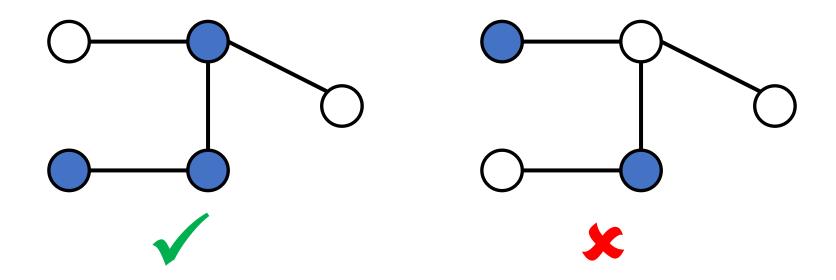
# Dynamic Programming CSCI 532

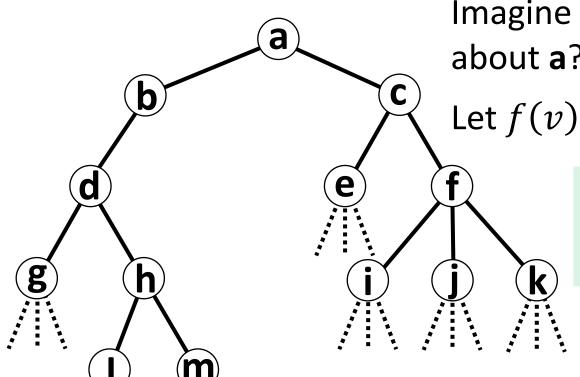
#### Vertex Cover

#### tree

Vertex Cover: Given graph, find the smallest subset of vertices such that every edge in the graph has at least one vertex in the subset.

tree





Imagine the minimum vertex cover. What can we say about **a**? **a** is in a minimum vertex cover, or it's not.

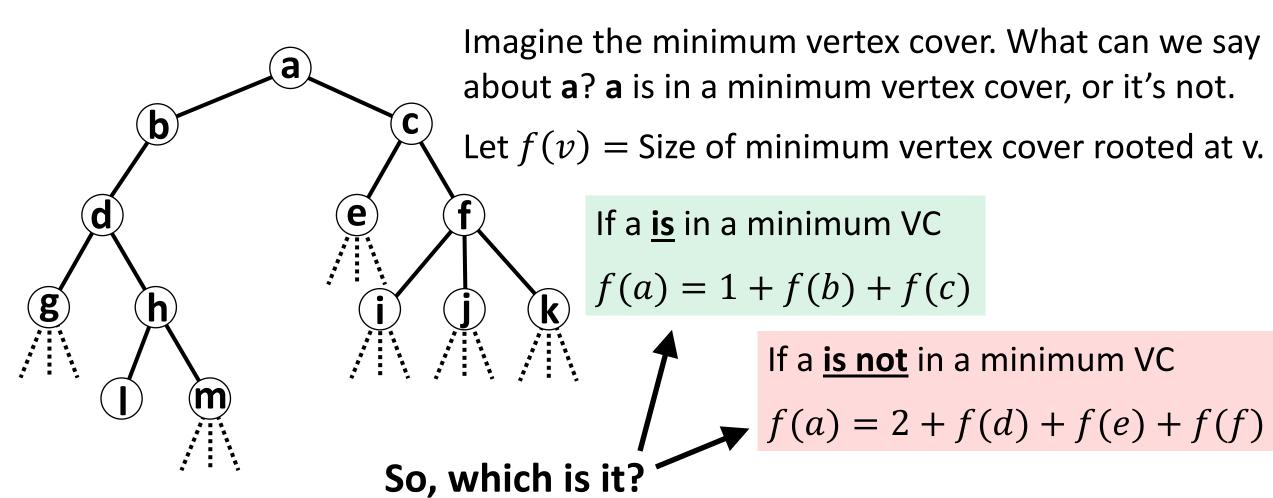
Let f(v) = Size of minimum vertex cover rooted at v.

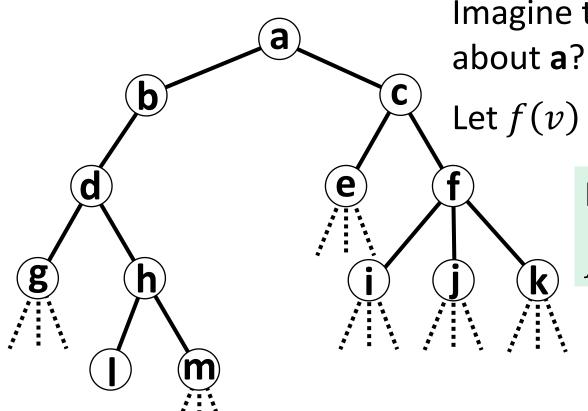
If a **is** in a minimum VC

$$f(a) = 1 + f(b) + f(c)$$

If a **is not** in a minimum VC

$$f(a) = 2 + f(d) + f(e) + f(f)$$





Imagine the minimum vertex cover. What can we say about **a**? **a** is in a minimum vertex cover, or it's not.

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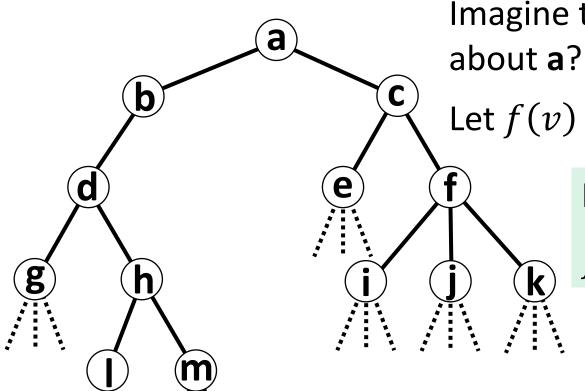
If a is in a minimum VC

$$f(a) = 1 + f(b) + f(c)$$

If a <u>is not</u> in a minimum VC

$$f(a) = 2 + f(d) + f(e) + f(f)$$

So, which is it? 1
The smallest!



Imagine the minimum vertex cover. What can we say about a? a is in a minimum vertex cover, or it's not.

Let f(v) = Size of minimum vertex cover rooted at v.

If a is in a minimum VC

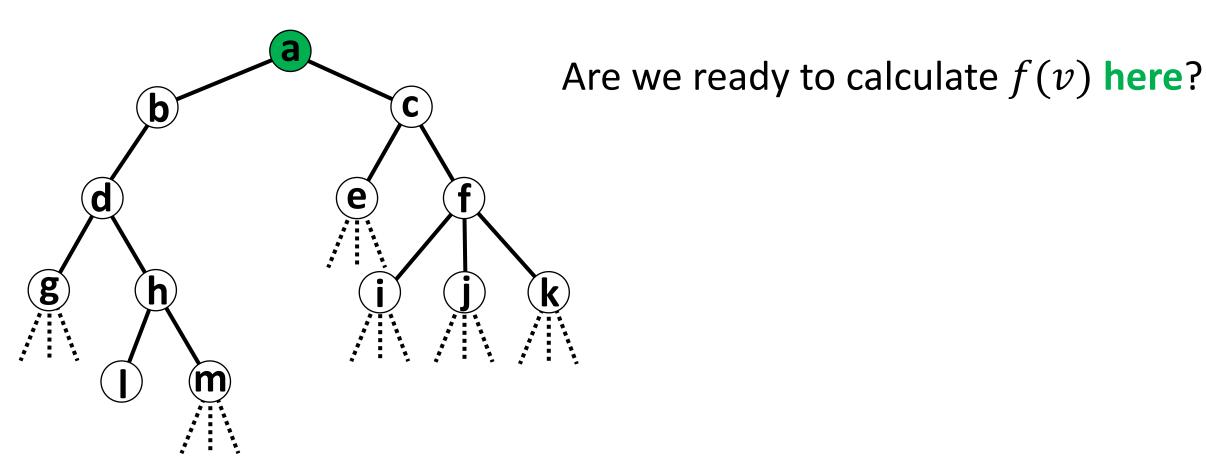
$$f(a) = 1 + f(b) + f(c)$$

If a **is not** in a minimum VC

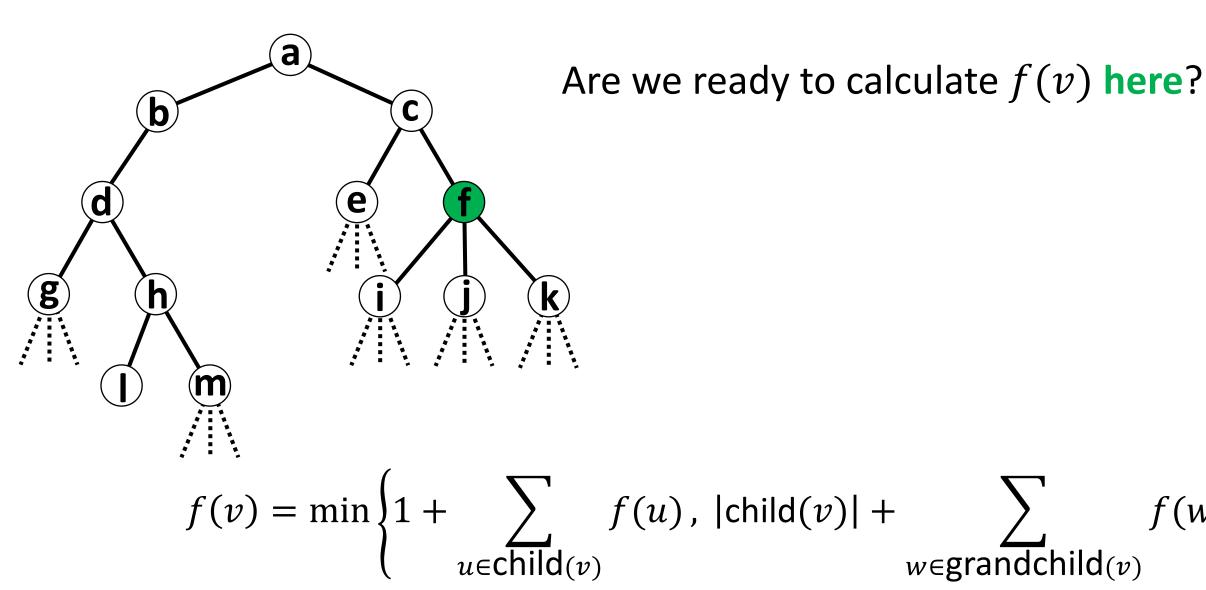
$$f(a) = 2 + f(d) + f(e) + f(f)$$

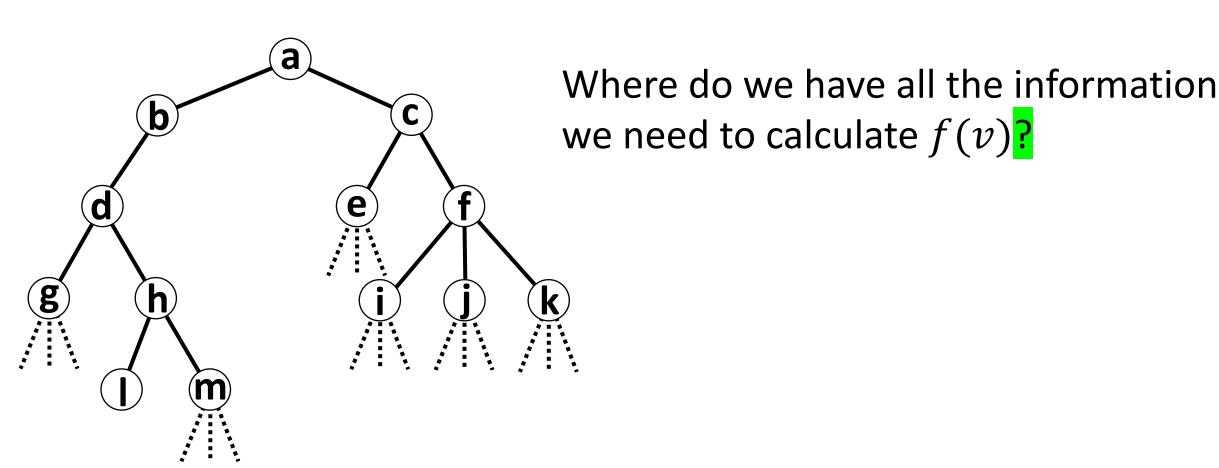
$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \text{child}(v)} f(u), |\text{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \text{grandchild}(v)} f(u) \right\}$$

$$|\operatorname{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \operatorname{grandchild}(v)} f(w)$$

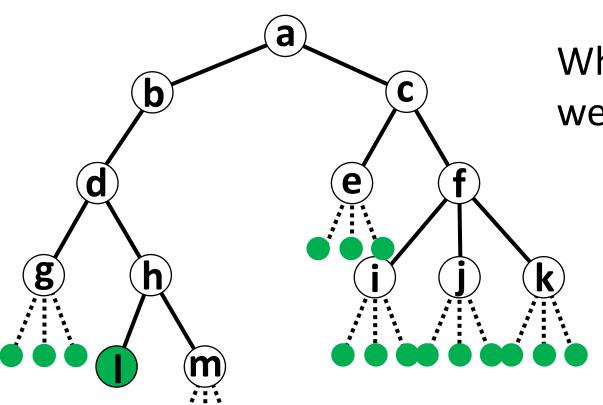


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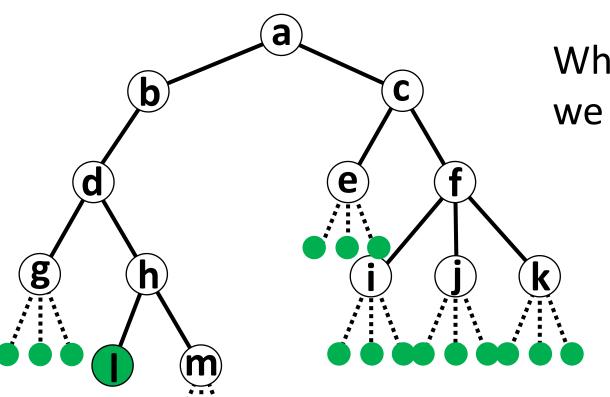


Where do we have all the information we need to calculate f(v)?

At the leaves!!

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

Let f(v) = Size of minimum vertex cover rooted at v.



Where do we have all the information we need to calculate f(v)?

At the leaves!!

If v is a leaf, f(v) = ??

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

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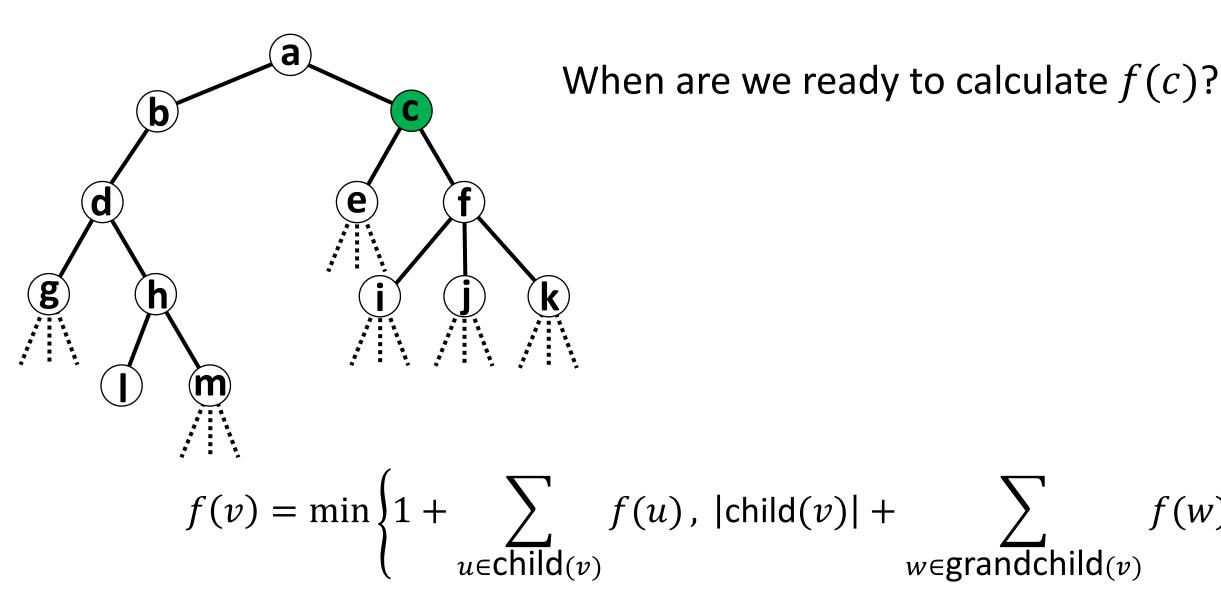
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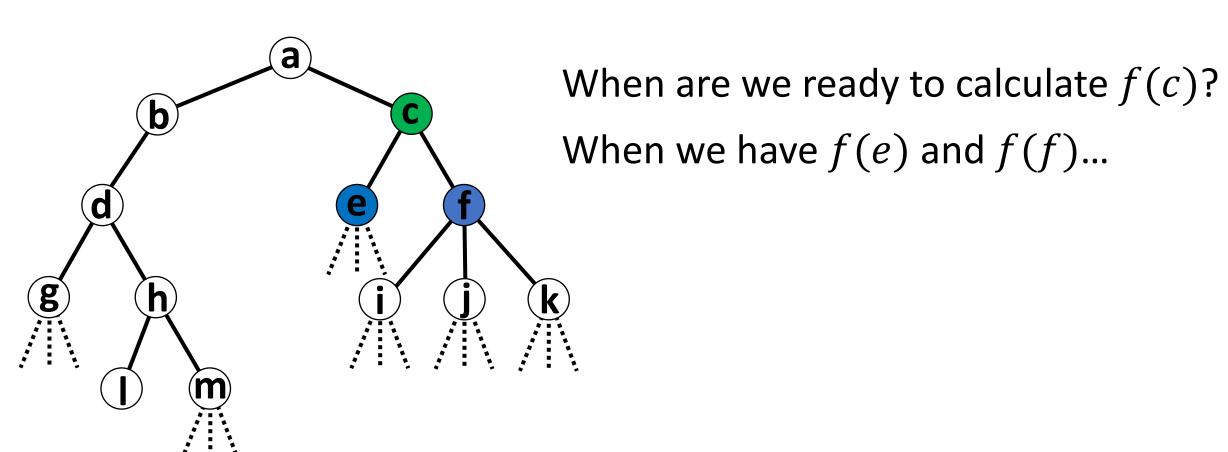
Where do we have all the information we need to calculate f(v)?

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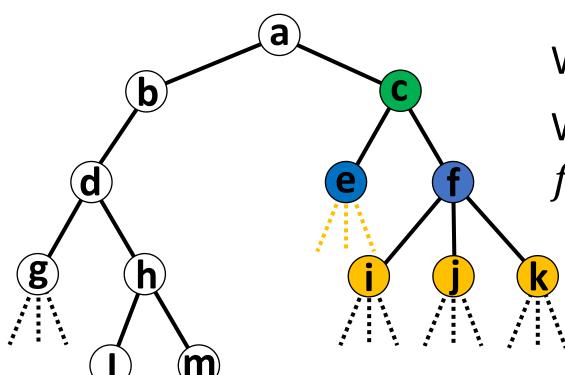
If v is a leaf, f(v) = 0

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$





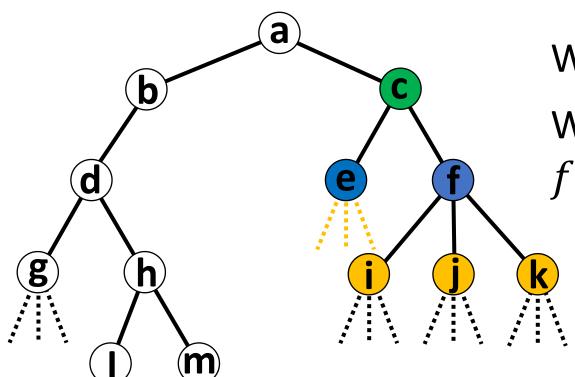
$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$



When are we ready to calculate f(c)?

When we have f(e) and f(f) and f(v) for all of c's grandchildren.

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \text{child}(v)} f(u), |\text{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \text{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

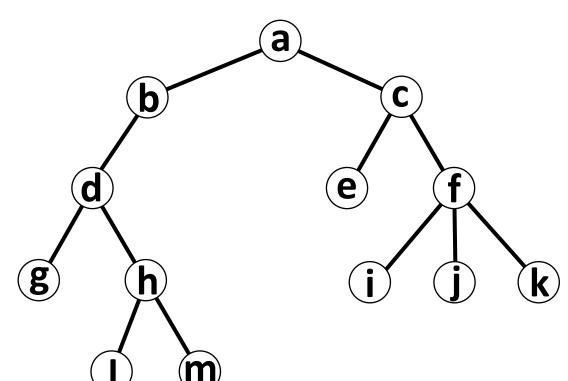


When are we ready to calculate f(c)?

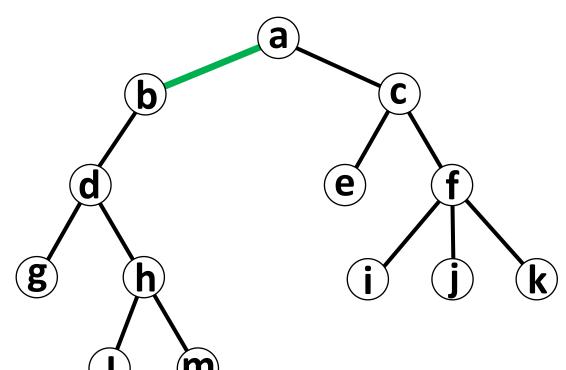
When we have f(e) and f(f) and f(v) for all of c's grandchildren.

How can we do this?

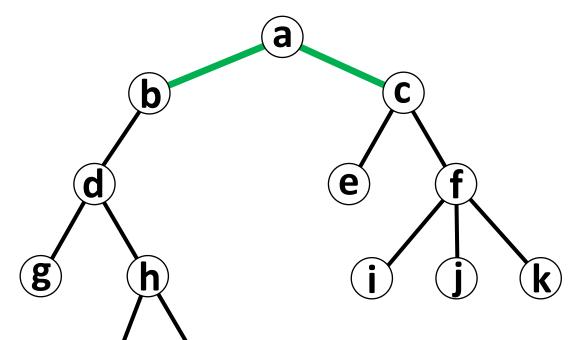
$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \text{child}(v)} f(u), |\text{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \text{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$



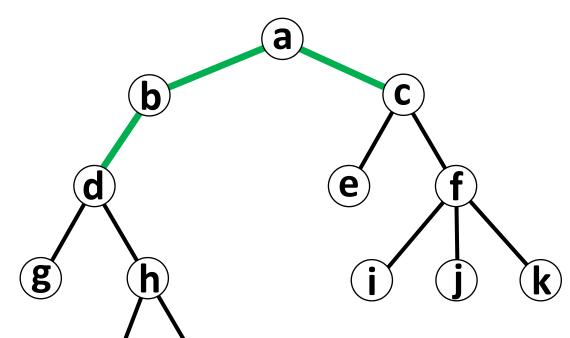
Breadth First: Start at a node. Visit all of its children, then all of its grandchildren, then great-grandchildren,...



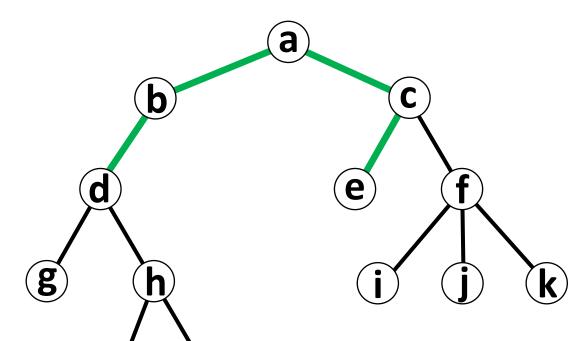
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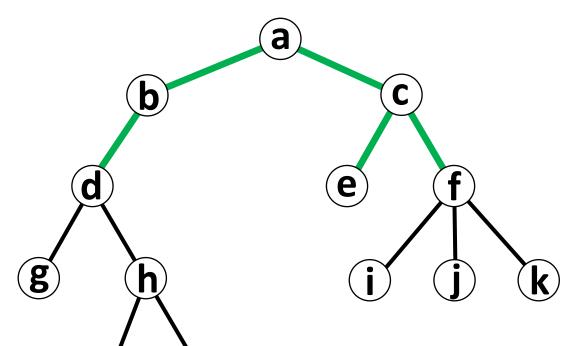
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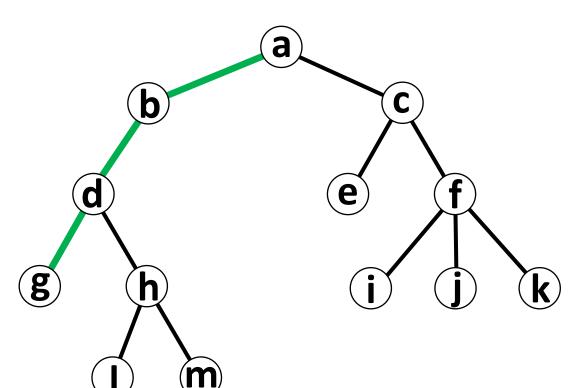
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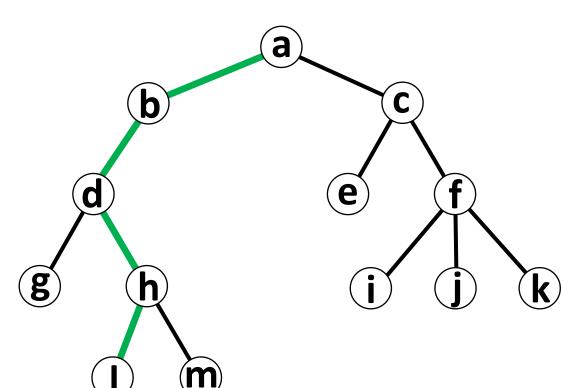


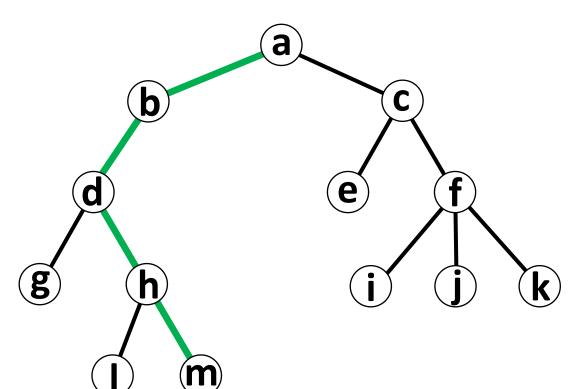
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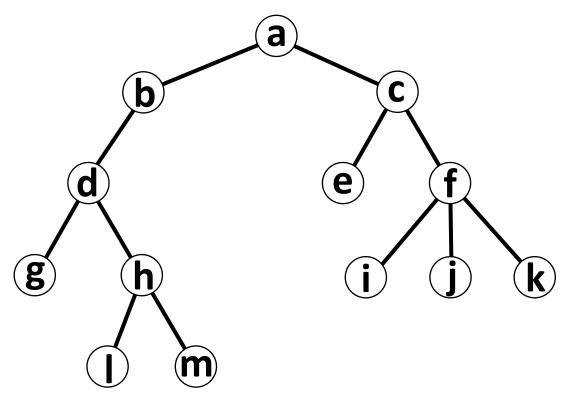


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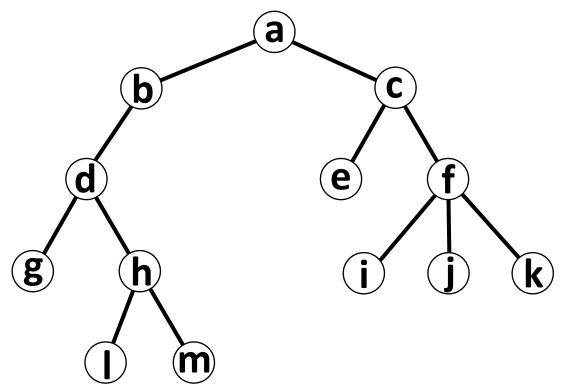






```
preorder(Vertex v):
   if v not null:
     print(v.value())
   for u in child(v):
        preorder(u)
```

```
postorder(Vertex v):
    if v not null:
        for u in child(v):
            postorder(u)
            print(v.value())
```



Depth First: Start at a node. Follow children until leaf is reached. Back track until unvisited child is available. Repeat...

```
preorder(Vertex v):
```

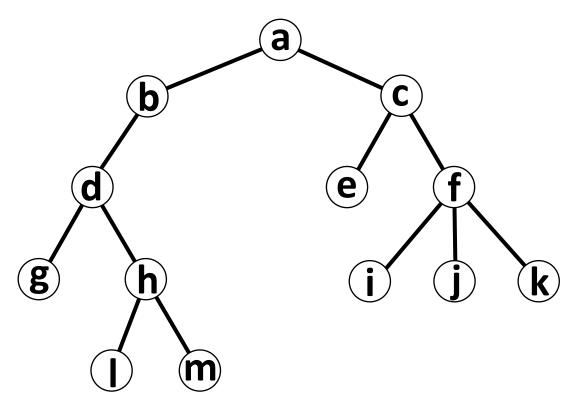
- 1. Process parent
- 2. Process children

```
if v not null:
    print(v.value())
    for u in child(v):
        preorder(u)
```

#### postorder(Vertex v):

- 1. Process children
- 2. Process parent

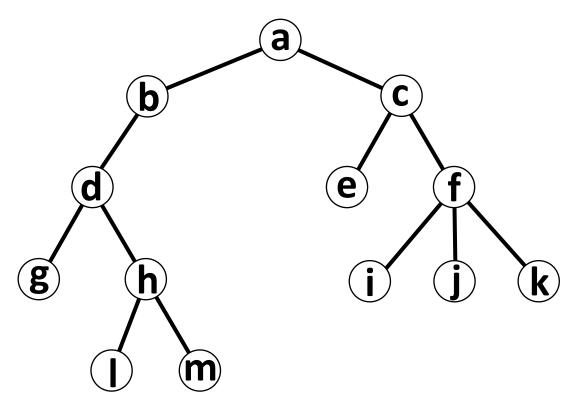
```
if v not null:
    for u in child(v):
        postorder(u)
    print(v.value())
```



Preorder visited: a, b, d, g, h, l, m, c, e, f, i, j, k

```
preorder(Vertex v):
   if v not null:
      print(v.value())
      for u in child(v):
          preorder(u)
```

```
postorder(Vertex v):
    if v not null:
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```



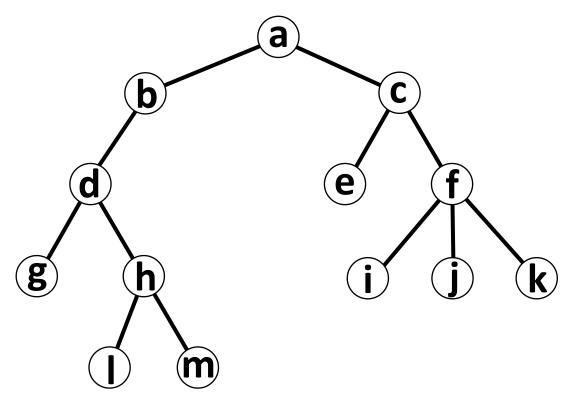
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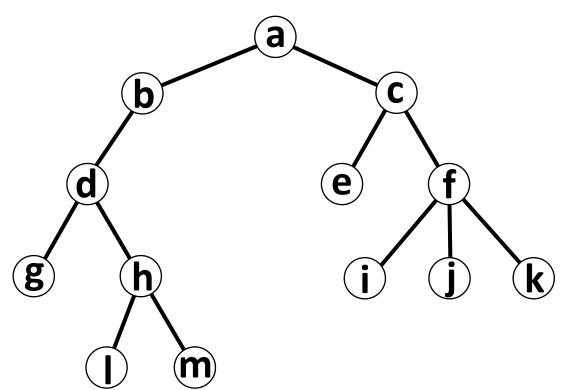
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postorder(Vertex v):
    if v not null:
        for u in child(v):
            postorder(u)
            print(v.value())
```

Preorder visited: a, b, d, g, h, l, m, c, e, f, i, j, k

Postorder visited: g, l, m, h, d, b, e, i, j, k, f, c, a



Depth First: Start at a node. Follow children until leaf is reached. Back track until unvisited child is available. Repeat...

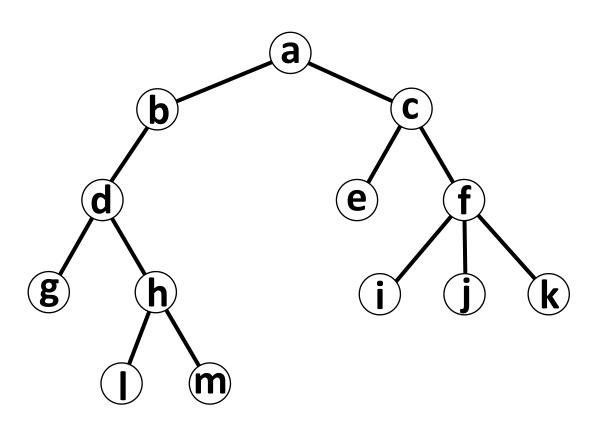


Depth First: Start at a node. Follow children until leaf is reached. Back track until unvisited child is available. Repeat...

Which one do we want?

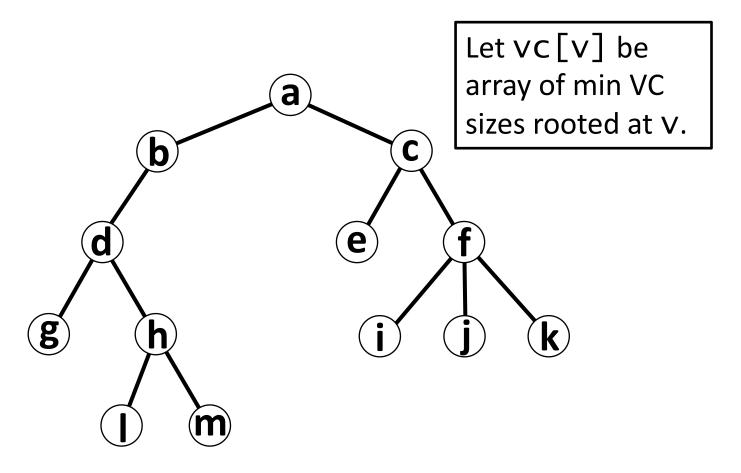
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Postorder visited: g, l, m, h, d, b, e, i, j, k, f, c, a



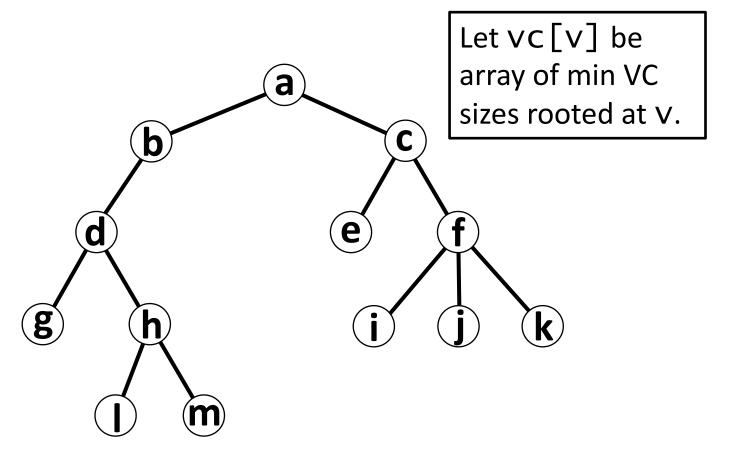
$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

#### min\_vc(Vertex v):



$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

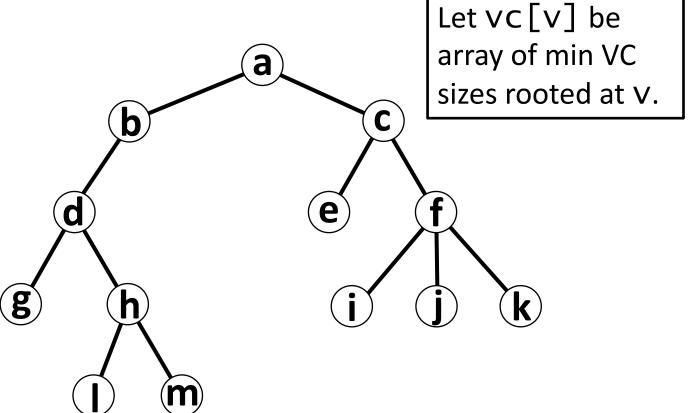
min\_vc(Vertex v):
 if v is leaf:



else:

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

min\_vc(Vertex v):
 if v is leaf:
 vc[v] = 0
 else:



$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

```
Vertex Cover in Trees

Let vc[v] be array of min VC sizes rooted at v.

min_vc(Vertex v):

if v is leaf:

vc[v] = 0

else:

// calculate descendants
```

postorder(Vertex v):

if v not null:

for u in child(v):

postorder(u)

print(v.value())

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

Let vc[v] be array of min VC sizes rooted at v.

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postorder(Vertex v):
   if v not null:
      for u in child(v):
         postorder(u)
      print(v.value())
```

```
min_vc(Vertex v):
   if v is leaf:
      vc[v] = 0
   else:
      // calculate descendants
      // min VC includes v
      // min VC excludes v
```

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

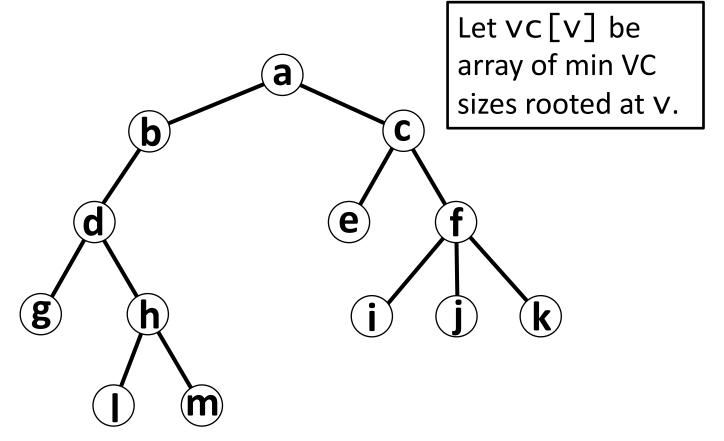
vc[v] = min(???, ???)

```
Let VC[V] be
                   array of min VC
                   sizes rooted at V.
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      print(v.value())
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   if v is leaf:
      vc[v] = 0
   else:
      // calculate descendants
      for u in child(v):
         min_vc(u)
      // min VC includes v
      // min VC excludes v
```

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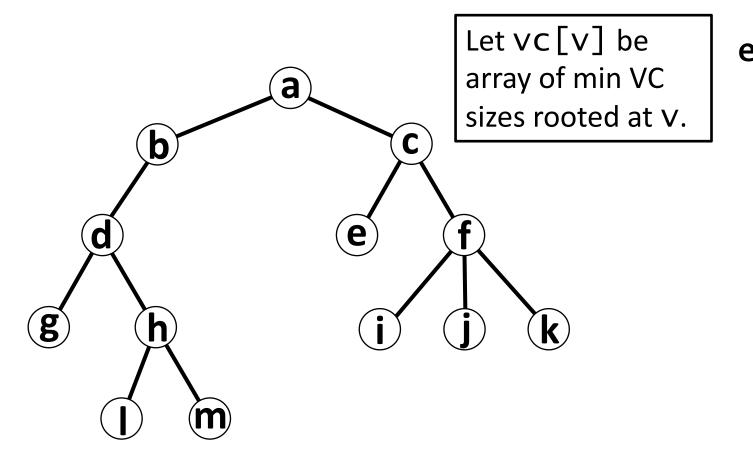
$$vc[v] = min(???, ???)$$



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min_vc(Vertex v):
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   else:
      // calculate descendants
      for u in child(v):
         min_vc(u)
      // min VC includes v
      inc = 1
      // min VC excludes v
```

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

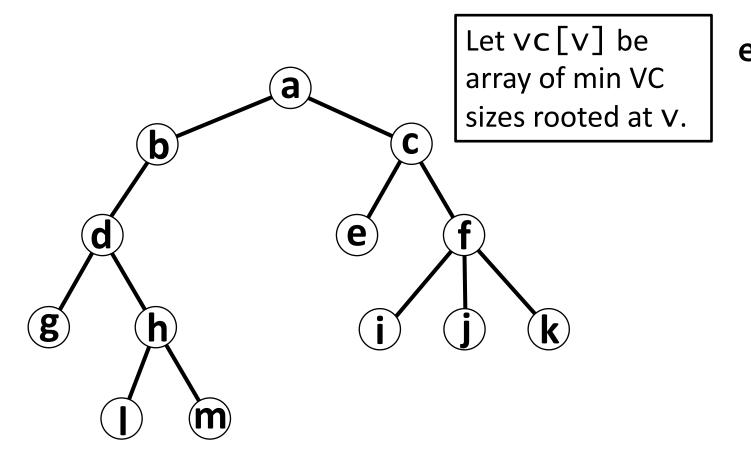
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      // min VC includes v
      inc = 1
      for u in child(v):
         inc += vc[u]
      // min VC excludes v
```

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

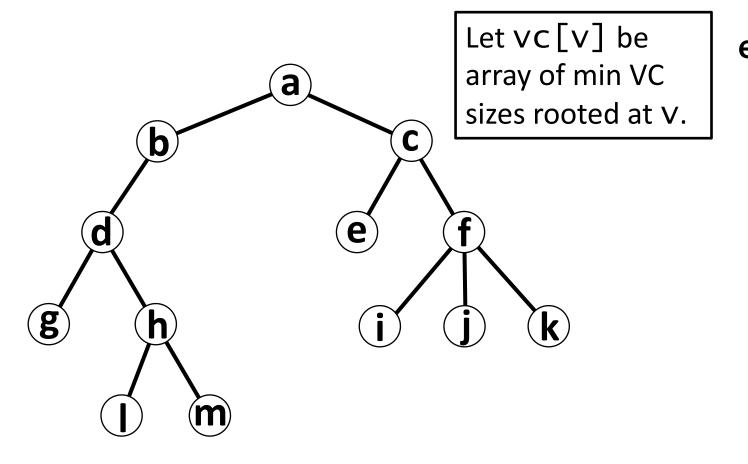
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      // min VC includes v
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      for u in child(v):
         inc += vc[u]
      // min VC excludes v
      exc = |child(v)|
```

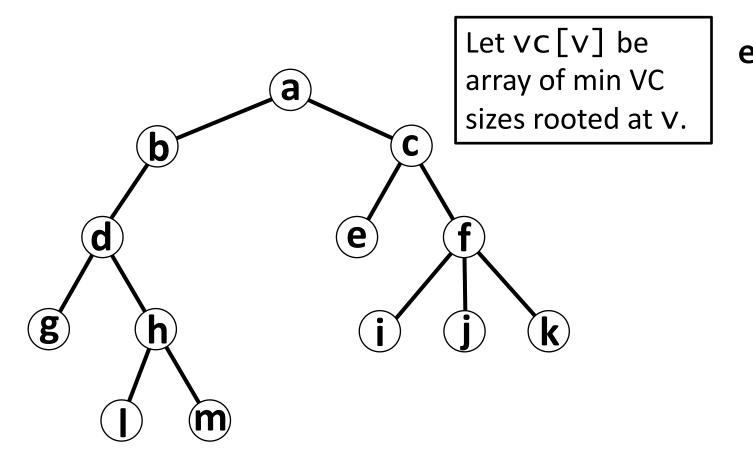
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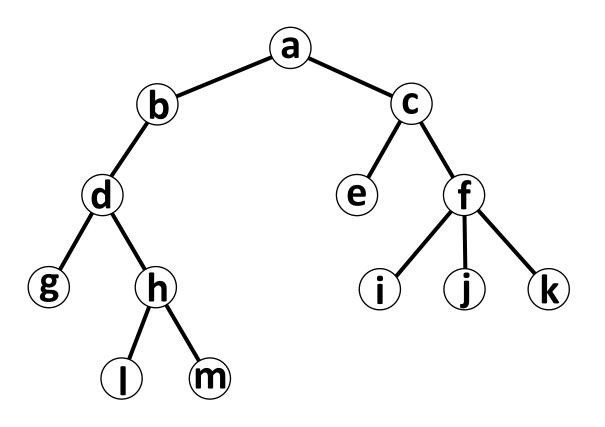
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      for u in child(v):
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```

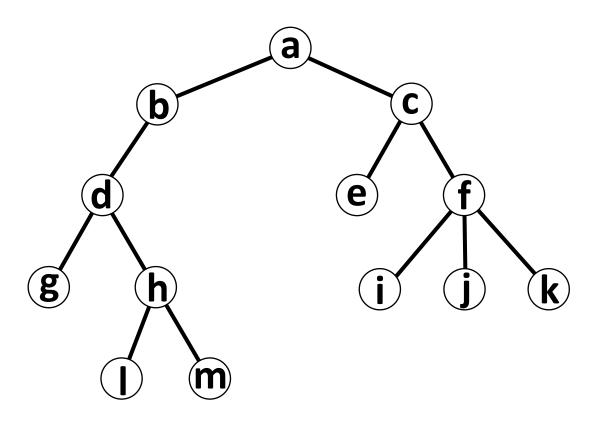
```
Let VC[V] be
                  array of min VC
                  sizes rooted at V.
find_min_vc(Tree T):
   vc = [0, ..., 0]
   min_vc(T.root)
   return vc[T.root]
```

$$f(v) = \min \left\{ 1 + \sum_{u \in \mathsf{child}(v)} f(u), \, |\mathsf{child}(v)| + \sum_{w \in \mathsf{grandchild}(v)} f(w) \right\}$$

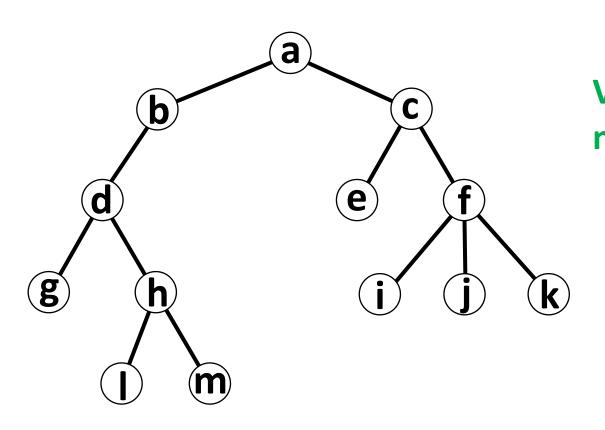
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   if v is leaf:
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   else:
      // calculate descendants
      for u in child(v):
         min_vc(u)
      // min VC includes v
      inc = 1
      for u in child(v):
         inc += vc[u]
      // min VC excludes v
      exc = |child(v)|
      for u in child(v):
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```



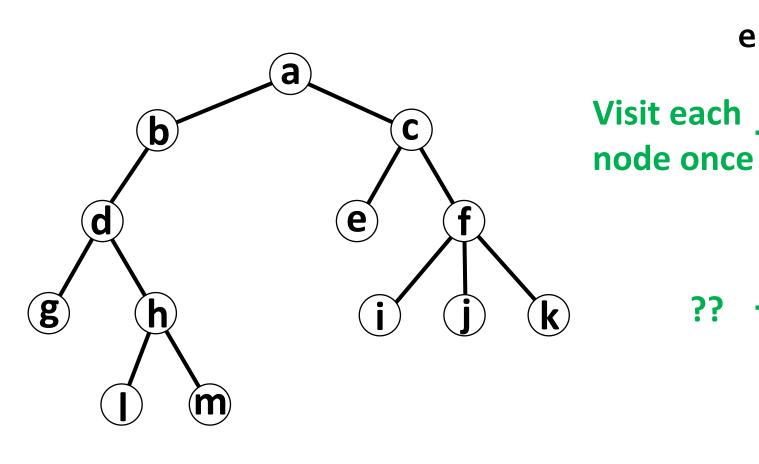
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```



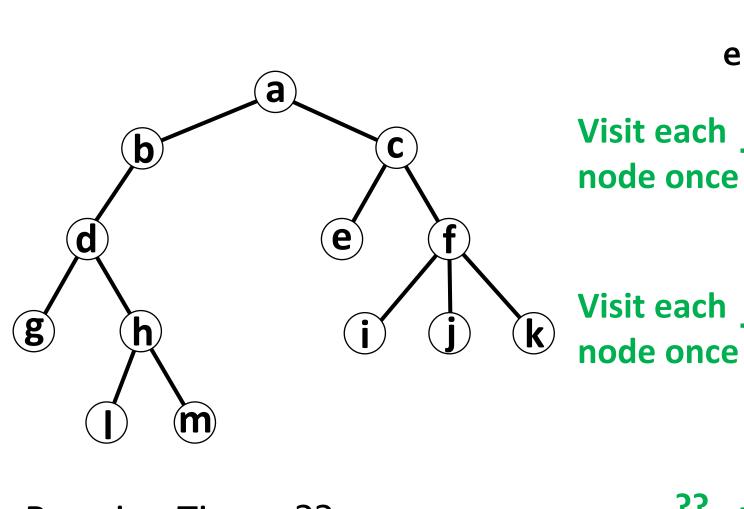
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      vc[v] = 0
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      for u in child(v):
         for w in child(u):
             exc += vc[w]
      vc[v] = min(inc, exc)
```



```
min_vc(Vertex v):
        if v is leaf:
           vc[v] = 0
        else:
           // calculate descendants
Visit each \int for u in child(v):
              min_vc(u)
node once
           // min VC includes v
           inc = 1
           for u in child(v):
              inc += vc[u]
           // min VC excludes v
           exc = |child(v)|
           for u in child(v):
              for w in child(u):
                 exc += vc[w]
           vc[v] = min(inc, exc)
```

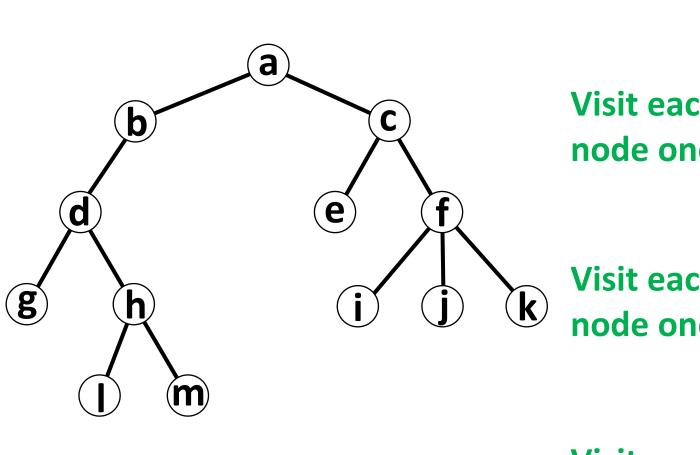


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           inc = 1
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           // min VC excludes v
           exc = |child(v)|
           for u in child(v):
              for w in child(u):
                  exc += vc[w]
           vc[v] = min(inc, exc)
```

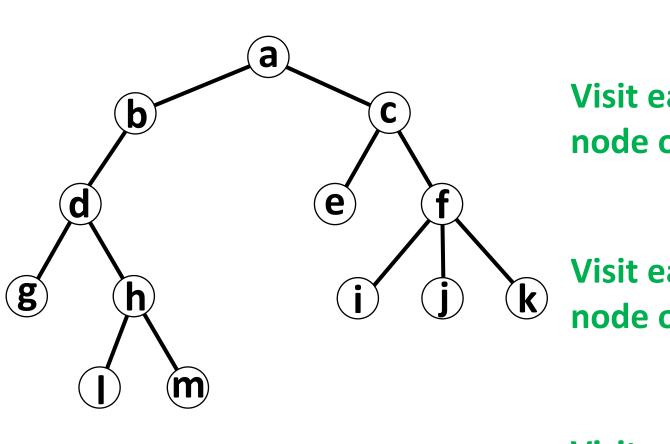


```
min_vc(Vertex v):
          if v is leaf:
              vc[v] = 0
          else:
              // calculate descendants
Visit each for u in child(v):
node once min_vc(u)
              // min VC includes v
              inc = 1
Visit each for u in child(v):

node once inc += vc[u]
              // min VC excludes v
              exc = |child(v)|
       for u in child(v):
    for w in child(u):
        exc += vc[w]
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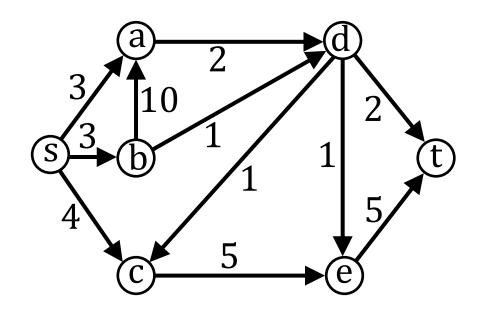
- 1. Backtrack. At root, determine if we did inc or exc then check children (inc) or grandchildren (exc).
- 2. Save Results. When the minimum of (inc, exc) is selected, save whether v or children of V are part of the cover.

Running Time: O(n)

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for u in child(v):
   min_vc(u)
// min VC includes v
inc = 1
for u in child(v):
   inc += vc[u]
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exc = |child(v)|
for u in child(v):
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